

# Modbus RTU (EIA-485) Interface for Daikin air conditioners

Compatible with VRV and SKY line air conditioners commercialized by Daikin

**USER MANUAL** 

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Modbus RTU (EIA-485) Interface for Daikin air conditioners Compatible with VRV and SKY line air conditioners commercialized by Daikin

ORDER CODE	LEGACY ORDER CODE	
INMBSDAI001R000	DK-RC-MBS-1	



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# 1. Presentation

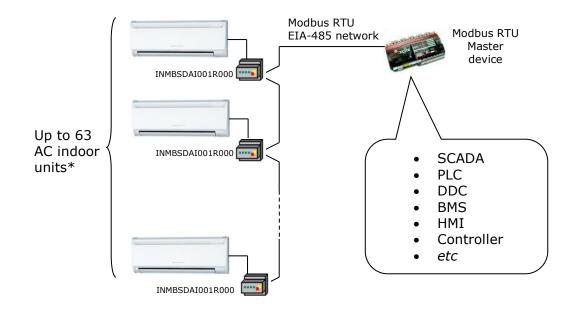


The INMBSDAI001R000 interfaces allow a complete and natural integration of **Daikin** air conditioners into Modbus RTU (EIA-485) networks.

Compatible with all SKY Air and VRV models commercialized by **Daikin**. Check the Section 6 to obtain more information.

Reduced dimensions. 93 x 53 x 58 mm 3.7" x 2.1" x 2.3"

- Quick and easy installation. Mountable on DIN rail, wall, or even inside the indoor unit on some models of AC.
- External power not required.
- Direct connection to Modbus RTU (EIA-485) networks. Up to 63 INMBSDAI001R000 devices can be connected in the same network. INMBSDAI001R000 is a Modbus slave device.
- Direct connection to the AC indoor unit. Up to 16 AC indoor units can be connected to INMBSDAI001R000, controlling them as one (not individually).
- Configuration from both on-board DIP-switches and Modbus RTU.
- Total Control and Supervision.
- Real states of the AC unit's internal variables.
- Allows simultaneous use of the AC's remote controls and Modbus RTU.



\* Up to 63 Intesis devices can be installed in the same Modbus RTU bus. However, depending on the configured speed, the installation of Modbus Repeaters may be required



# 2. Connection

The interface comes with a plug-in terminal block of 2 poles to establish direct connection with the AC indoor unit. It comes as well with a plug-in terminal block of 2 poles to establish direct connection with the Modbus RTU EIA-485 network.

# 2.1 Connect to the AC indoor unit

The INMBSDAI001R000 connects directly to the Daikin P1P2 Bus, which is not provided within the interface. Depending on which controllers are available, the recommended connection' methods are the following ones (details in **Figure 2.1**):

- **Wired remote control available**. Connect the gateway as Slave in parallel with the wired remote controllers (Controller acts as Master).
- **Infrared remote control available**. Connect the gateway as Master in parallel with the infrared remote controller (Infrared Remote Control as Slave).
- **No remote control available** Connect the gateway directly to the P1P2 bus of the indoor unit as Master when there is no Daikin Remote Controller.

Maximum P1 P2 bus length is 500 meters / 1,640.42 ft . The bus has no polarity sensitivity.

*Important:* If a wired remote controller of the AC manufacturer is connected in the same bus, communication may shut down.

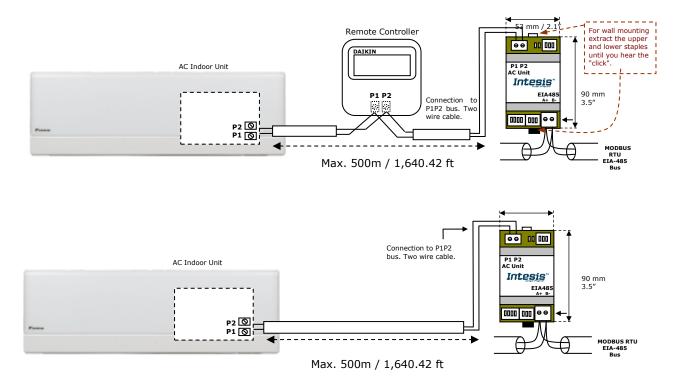


Figure 2. 1 INMBSDAI001R000 Connection diagrams



### 2.2 Connection to the EIA-485 bus

Connect the EIA-485 bus wires to the plug-in terminal block (the one of two poles) of INMBSDAI001R000 and keep the polarity on this connection (A+ and B-). Make sure that the maximum distance to the bus is 1,200 meters (3,937 ft). Loop or star typologies are not allowed in the case of the EIA-485 bus. A terminator resistor of  $120\Omega$  must be present at each end of the bus to avoid signal reflections. The bus needs a fail-safe biasing mechanism (see section 4.6 for more details).

# 3. Quick Start Guide

- 1. Disconnect the air conditioning from the Mains Power.
- 2. Attach the interface next to the AC indoor unit (wall mounting) following the instructions of the diagram below or install it inside the AC indoor unit (respect the safety instructions given).
- 3. Connect the P1P2 bus between the interface and the AC indoor unit following the instructions of the diagram. Screw each bare cable end in the corresponding P1P2 terminals of each device.
- 4. Connect the EIA-485 bus to the connector *EIA485* of the interface.
- 5. Close the AC indoor unit.
- 6. Check the DIP-Switch configuration of the Intesis interface and make sure it matches the current installation's parameters (see section 4.3).

By default, the interface is set to:

- Modbus Slave Address → 1
- Modbus baud rate → 9600 bps

These parameters can be modified from SW4 and SW3 DIP-Switches.

All other switch positions are set at low level (Off position  $\square$ ) by default.

**NOTE:** All changes on the DIP-Switch configuration require a system power cycle to be applied.

7. Connect the AC system to Mains Power.

**IMPORTANT:** The Intesis interface requires to be connected to the AC unit (powered) to start communicating.



SW4

SW3

# 4. Modbus Interface Specification

### 4.1 Modbus physical layer

INMBSDAI001R000 implements a Modbus RTU (Slave) interface, to be connected to an EIA-485 line. It performs 8N2 communication (8 data bits, no parity and 2 stop bit) with several available baud rates (2400 bps, 4800 bps, 9600 bps -default-, 19200 bps, 38400 bps, 57600 bps, 76800 bps and 115200 bps). It also supports 8N1 communication (8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit).

### 4.2 Modbus Registers

All registers are type "16-bit unsigned Holding Register" and they use the standard *Modbus big* endian notation.

#### 4.2.1 Control and status registers

Register Address (protocol address)	Register Address (PLC address)	R/W	Description
0	1	R/W	AC unit On/Off • 0: Off • 1: On
1	2	R/W	AC unit Mode <sup>1</sup> <ul> <li>0: Auto</li> <li>1: Heat</li> <li>2: Dry</li> <li>3: Fan</li> <li>4: Cool</li> </ul>
2	3	R/W	AC unit Fan Speed <sup>1</sup> <ul> <li>0: Auto</li> <li>1: Low</li> <li>2: Mid</li> <li>3: High</li> </ul>
3	4	R/W	AC unit Vane Position <sup>1</sup> <ul> <li>1: Position-1 (Horizontal)</li> <li>2: Position-2 (Horizontal)</li> <li>3: Position-3 (Medium)</li> <li>4: Position-4 (Vertical)</li> <li>5: Position-5 (Vertical)</li> <li>10: Swing</li> </ul>
4	5	R/W	AC unit Temperature Setpoint <sup>1,2,3</sup> <ul> <li>-32768 (Initialization value)</li> <li>1631°C (°C/x10°C)</li> <li>6192°F</li> </ul>
5	6 R		AC unit Temperature reference <sup>1,2,3</sup> <ul> <li>-32768 (Initialization value)</li> <li>1038°C (°C/x10°C)</li> <li>50100°F</li> </ul>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Available values will depend on the AC unit mode. Check the AC unit model functions in its user manual to know the possible values for this register.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Magnitude for this register can be adjusted to Celsius x 1°C, Celsius x 10°C (default) or Fahrenheit. See section 0 for more information.  $^3$  It is not possible turn to x10 the value shown in Fahrenheit.

Register Address (protocol address)	Register Address (PLC address)	R/W	Description
6	7	R/W	Window Contact <ul> <li>0: Closed (Default)</li> <li>1: Open</li> </ul>
7	8	R/W	INMBSDAI001R000 Disablement <sup>4</sup> <ul> <li>0: INMBSDAI001R000 enabled (Default value)</li> <li>1: INMBSDAI001R000 disabled</li> </ul>
8	9	R/W	AC Remote Control Disablement <sup>4</sup> <ul> <li>0: Remote Control enabled (Default value)</li> <li>1: Remote Control disabled</li> </ul>
9	10	R/W	<ul> <li>AC unit Operation Time <sup>4</sup></li> <li>065535 (hours). Counts the time the AC unit is in "On" state.</li> </ul>
10	11	R	AC unit Alarm Status <ul> <li>0: No alarm condition</li> <li>1: Alarm condition</li> </ul>
11	12	R	<ul> <li>Error Code <sup>5</sup></li> <li>0: No error present</li> <li>65535(-1 if it is read as signed value): Error in the communication of INMBSDAI001R000 with the AC unit.</li> <li>Any other error present, see the table at the end of this document.</li> </ul>
22	23	R/W	<ul> <li>Indoor unit's ambient temperature from external sensor (at Modbus side) <sup>1,2,3,6,7</sup></li> <li>-32768: (Initialization value). No temperature is being provided from an external sensor.</li> <li>Any other: (°C/x10°C/°F)</li> </ul>
23	24	R	<ul> <li>AC Real temperature setpoint <sup>1,2,3,6</sup></li> <li>When no external temperature is provided, this read-only register will have the same value as register 5 (PLC addressing). In all cases, it will show the current setpoint in the indoor unit.</li> <li>1631°C (°C/x10°C)</li> <li>6090°F</li> </ul>
26	27	R/W	AC unit Horizontal Vane Position <sup>1</sup> • 0: Auto (Default Value) • 10: Swing
55	56	R/W	Under voltage counter <sup>1</sup> • 0300
97	98	R/W	Block Periodic Sendings <sup>4,8,9</sup> • 0: Non-blocked (Default value) • 1: Blocked

<sup>7</sup> This register is available in firmware version 0.8 onwards
 <sup>8</sup> If the register is configured as "0: Non-blocked", all commands received from Modbus will be sent to the AC system. If "1: Blocked", commands from Modbus will only be sent to the AC system if they differ from the previous value.
 <sup>9</sup> This register applies to firmware version 1.6 onwards



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This value is stored in non-volatile memory

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See section 7 for possible error codes and their explanation
 <sup>6</sup> See section 0 for more information

# 4.2.2 Configuration Registers

Register Address (protocol address)	Register Address (PLC address)	R/W	Description	
13	14	R/W	<ul> <li>"Open Window" switch-off timeout <sup>10</sup></li> <li>030 (minutes)</li> <li>Factory setting: 30 (minutes)</li> </ul>	
14	15	R	Modbus RTU baud-rate 2400bps 4800bps 9600bps (Default) 19200bps 38400bps 57600bps 76800bps 115200bps	
15	16	R	Modbus Slave Address 163	
21	22	R	Max number of fan speeds	
48	49	R	Switch value	
49	50	R	Device ID: 0x0801	
50	51	R	Software version	
81	82	R	<ul> <li>Error address</li> <li>Provides the indoor unit's number which is showing the error</li> </ul>	

<sup>10</sup> Once window contact is open, a count-down to switch off the AC Unit will start from this configured value.



#### 4.2.3 Considerations on Temperature Registers

#### • AC unit temperature setpoint (R/W)

(register 4 – in Protocol address / register 5 – in PLC address):

This is the adjustable temperature setpoint value that must be required by the user. This register can be read (Modbus function 3 or 4) or written (Modbus functions 6 or 16). A remote controller connected to the Daikin indoor unit will report the same temperature setpoint value as this register, unless virtual temperature is applied.

#### • AC unit temperature reference (R)

(register 5 – in Protocol address / register 6 – in PLC address):

This register reports the temperature that is currently used by the Daikin indoor unit as the reference of its own control loop. Depending on the configuration of the indoor unit, this value can be the temperature reported by the sensor on the return path of the Daikin indoor unit or the sensor of its remote controller. It is a read-only register (Modbus functions 3 or 4).

#### • AC unit external temperature reference (Modbus) (R/W)

(register 22 – in Protocol address / register 23 – in PLC address):

This register allows us to provide an external temperature's sensor from the Modbus side. If an external temperature is provided through this register, indoor unit will use it as reference for its temperature control loop.

- For this temperature to take effect it is required that:
  - a) The Daikin AC indoor unit is <u>configured in such a way that it uses the</u> <u>"thermostat sensor in the remote controller"</u> (this is, INMBSDAI001R000 will act as thermostat sensor providing a temperature sensor reading). This configuration is done via a Daikin remote controller connected to the indoor unit (Config mode "10" – first code value "2" – second code value "1") and <u>must be done by Daikin authorized</u> installers at the time of the installation of the AC. Moreover, the DIP Switch SW1-P4 needs to be set as "Daikin Remote

Moreover, the DIP Switch SW1-P4 needs to be set as "Daikin Remote Controller ambient temperature reading" (On position).

- b) <u>INMBSDAI001R000 is set as "master" of P1P2 bus</u>, with respect to an additional remote controller in the bus (see section "2.1 Connection to the AC indoor unit" and "4.3 DIP-Switch Configuration Interface")
- Register value after INMBSDAI001R000 startup is -32768, which means that no temperature reference is provided to the AC indoor unit. In that case, AC indoor unit will use its own return path temperature sensor as reference for its control loop.

In case the INMBSDAI001R000 is **set as Master**, DIP-Switch SW1-P4 is set as "*Daikin Indoor Unit ambient temperature reading (Default value)"* (Off position) and consequently the Daikin AC indoor unit is set to use its own return path temperature, any value written in this register will not take effect.

In case the INMBSDAI001R000 is **set as Slave** and there is a write request from the Modbus master to register 22/23, "Virtual temperature" will apply:



$$S_{AC} = S_u - (T_u - T_{AC})$$

Where:

*S*<sub>AC</sub> - setpoint value currently applied to the indoor unit

 $S_u$  - setpoint value written at Modbus side (register 4/5)

 $T_u$  - external temperature reference written at Modbus side (register 22/23)  $T_{AC}$  - ambient temperature that the indoor unit is using as the reference of its own control loop (register 5/6)

When INMBSDAI001R000 detects a change in any of the values of  $\{S_u, T_u, T_{AC}\}$ , it will send the new setpoint  $(S_{AC})$  to the indoor unit.

- Once values have been entered in the "AC unit external temperature's reference" (register 22/23) and "AC unit temperature set point" (register 4/5), INMBSDAI001R000 is going to estimate the temperature chosen implied (e.g. if a "temperature setpoint (register 4/5)" of **22°C**, and an "external temperature reference (register 22/23)" of **20°C** are entered, INMBSDAI001R000 will assume that the user is demanding a **+2°C** increase in temperature).
- By knowing at any time, the ambient temperature currently used by the indoor unit to control its own operation (register 5/6), INMBSDAI001R000 can calculate the required temperature setpoint needed to apply the decrease/increase on the real temperature and reach the temperature chosen by the user (following the example above, if INMBSDAI001R000 reads an "ambient temperature" (register 5/6) of **24°C** in the indoor unit, it will apply a final setpoint of **24°C + 2°C = 26°C**).
- At this moment, each time that INMBSDAI001R000 detects a change on the ambient temperature reported by the indoor unit (register 5/6), it will also change the required setpoint, in order to keep the temperature required by the user at any time. If we follow the last example, if INMBSDAI001R000 receives a new temperature's value coming from the indoor unit of 25°C, INMBSDAI001R000 will automatically adjust the temperature setpoint required of the AC indoor unit to 25°C + 2°C = 27°C).
- After the startup, the value for "external temperature's reference" (register 22/23) has a value -32768 (0x8000). This value means that no external temperature reference is being provided through INMBSDAI001R000. In this scenario, the setpoint value shown in register 4/5 is always the same as the current setpoint value of the indoor unit. The AC indoor unit will use its own return path temperature sensor as reference for its control loop.
- When the mechanism of "*Virtual Temperature"* is applied, the temperature setpoint's value shown by the Remote Controller or other Control System from Daikin connected to the indoor unit may show a different value from the value shown in register 4/5.
- AC Real temperature setpoint (R)

(register 23 – In Protocol address / register 24 – in PLC address): As it has been detailed on the previous point, the real temperature setpoint in the indoor unit and the temperature setpoint requested from INMBSDAI001R000 might differ (when a value in register 22/23 – "external temperature reference" is entered and virtual temperature is applied).



This register always informs about the current temperature setpoint which is being used by the indoor unit and it is also includes the temperature setpoint that will be shown by an additional remote controller from Daikin connected to the indoor unit, if it is present on the system.

This register will show the same value as **AC unit temperature setpoint** register (register 23 – In Protocol address / register 24 – in PLC address) if no virtual temperature is applied.

Moreover, notice that temperature's values of all these four registers are expressed according to the temperature's format configured through its onboard DIP-Switches (See "4.3 DIP-switch Configuration Interface").

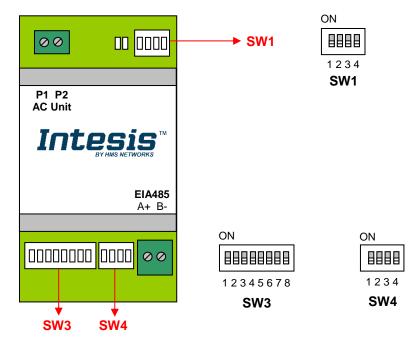
These following formats are possible:

- **Celsius value**: Value in Modbus register is the temperature value in Celsius (i.e. a value "22" in the Modbus register must be interpreted as 22°C)
- **Decicelsius value**: Value in Modbus register is the temperature value in decicelsius (i.e. a value "220" in the Modbus register must be interpreted as 22.0°C)
- **Fahrenheit value**: Value in Modbus register is the temperature value in Fahrenheit (i.e. a value "72" in the Modbus register must be interpreted as 72°F (~22°C).



# 4.3 DIP-switch Configuration Interface

All the configuration values on INMBSDAI001R000 can be written and read from Modbus interface. Otherwise, some of them can also be setup from its on-board DIP-switch interface. The device has DIP-switches SW1, SW3 and SW4 on the following locations:



The following tables apply to the interface's configuration through DIP-switches:

SW1	-	AC	indoor	unit's	features
-----	---	----	--------	--------	----------

SW1-P14	Description
	Slave - A Daikin BRC Controller must be present in P1P2 bus, configured as Master (Default value)
ON	Master – Daikin BRC Controller not needed in P1P2 bus. If it exists, it must be configured as Slave
ON	Master of Operation Mode (For VRV only) (Default value) $^{11}$
ON	Slave of Operation Mode (For VRV only)
ON	Reserved, not used (Default value)
	Reserved, not used
ON	Daikin Indoor Unit ambient temperature reading (Default value) <sup>12</sup>
ON	Daikin Remote Controller ambient temperature reading

#### Table 4.1 SW1: AC indoor unit's features

<sup>11</sup> Explanation in Section 8 of this document

<sup>12</sup> From firmware version 1.2 onwards



#### **SW3/SW4** – Baud rate configuration

SW3-P78	SW4-P3	Description	
ON	ON	2400bps	
	ON	4800bps	
	ON	9600bps (Default value)	
		19200bps	
	ON	38400bps	
ON	ON	57600bps	
ON	ON	76800bps	
	ON	115200bps	

#### Table 4.2 SW3-SW4: Modbus baud rate

**SW4** – Degrees/Decidegrees (x10), temperature magnitude ( $^{\circ}C/^{\circ}F$ ) and EIA-485 termination resistor.

SW4-P12-4	Description
	Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in degrees $(x1)$ (Default value)
on ∎	Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in decidegrees (x10)
	Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in Celsius degrees (Default value)
ON	Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in Fahrenheit degrees
	EIA-485 bus without termination resistor (Default value)
ON	Internal termination resistor of $120\Omega$ connected to EIA-485 bus

#### **Table 4.3** SW4: Temperature and termination resistor configuration



#### **SW3** – Modbus Slave address

Add	SW3-P16								
0		13		26		39		52	
1		14		27		40		53	
2		15		28		41		54	
3		16		29		42		55	
4		17		30		43		56	
5		18		31		44		57	
6		19		32		45		58	
7		20		33		46		59	
8		21		34		47		60	
9		22		35		48		61	
10		23		36		49		62	
11		24		37		50		63	
12		25		38		51			

Table 4.4 SW3: Modbus slave address



### 4.4 Implemented Functions

INMBSDAI001R000 implements the following standard Modbus functions:

- 3: Read Holding Registers
- *4: Read Input Registers*
- 6: Write Single Register
- *16: Write Multiple* Registers (Despite this function is allowed, the interface does not allow to write operations on more than 1 register with the same request, this means that length field should be always be 1 when this function is being used in case of writing)

### 4.5 Device LED indicator

The device includes two LED indicators to show all the possible operational states. In the following table there are written the indicators which can be performed and their meaning.

#### L1 (green LED)

Device status	LED indication	ON / OFF Period	Description	
During not normal operation	LED blinking	500ms ON / 500ms OFF	Communication error	
During normal operation LED flashing		100ms ON / 1900ms OFF	Normal operation (configured and working properly)	

#### L2 (red LED)

Device status	LED indication	ON / OFF Period	Description
During not normal operation	LED Pulse	3sec ON / OFF	Under voltage

#### L1 (green LED) & L2 (red LED)

Device status	LED indication	ON / OFF Period	Description
During normal operation	LED Pulse	5sec ON / OFF	Device Start-up
During not normal operation	LED alternatively blinking	500ms ON / 500ms OFF	Flash checksum not OK



### 4.6 EIA-485 bus. Termination resistors and Fail-Safe Biasing mechanism

EIA-485 bus requires a  $120\Omega$  terminator resistor at each end of the bus to avoid signal reflections.

In order to prevent fail status detected by the receivers, which are "*listening" the bus*, when all the transmitters' outputs are in three-state (high impedance), it is also required a fail-safe biasing mechanism. This mechanism provides a safe status (a correct voltage level) in the bus when all the transmitters' outputs are in three-state. This mechanism must be supplied by the Modbus Master.

The INMBSDAI001R000 device includes an on-board terminator resistor of  $120\Omega$  that can be connected to the EIA-485 bus by using DIP-switch SW4.

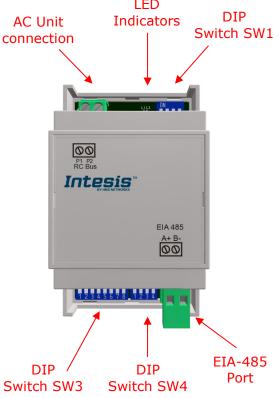
Some Modbus RTU EIA-485 Master devices can provide also internal  $120\Omega$  terminator resistor and/or fail-safe biasing mechanism (check the technical documentation of the Master device connected to the EIA-485 network in each case).



# 5. Electrical and Mechanical features

Enclosure	Plastic, type PC (UL 94 V-0) Net dimensions (dxwxh): 93 x 53 x 58 mm / 3.7" x 2.1" x 2.3" Color: Light Grey. RAL 7035	Operation Temperature	0°C to +60°C
Weight	85 g.	Stock Temperature	-20°C to +85°C
Mounting	Wall DIN rail EN60715 TH35.	Operational Humidity	<95% RH, non-condensing
Terminal Wiring (for low-voltage signals)	For terminal: solid wires or stranded wires (twisted or with ferrule) 1 core: 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> 2 cores: 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> 3 cores: not permitted	Stock Humidity	<95% RH, non-condensing
Modbus RTU port	1 x Serial EIA485 Plug-in screw terminal block (2 poles): A, B Compatible with Modbus RTU EIA-485 networks	Isolation voltage	1500 VDC
AC unit port	1 x P1P2 bus Plug-in screw terminal block (2 poles): P1, P2 Compatible with Daikin networks	Isolation resistance	1000 ΜΩ
Switch 1 (SW1)	1 x DIP-Switch for AC features	Protection	IP20 (IEC60529)
Switch 3 (SW3)	1 x DIP-Switch for Modbus RTU settings	LED indicators	2 x Onboard LED - Operational status
Switch 4 (SW4)	1 x DIP-Switch for extra functions	- AC Unit	LED Indicators DIP

58 mm





# 6. List of supported AC Unit Types.

A list of Daikin indoor unit model's references compatible with INMBSDAI001R000 and its available features can be found on this link:

https://www.intesis.com/docs/compatibilities/inxxxdai001rx00\_compatibility



# 7. Error Codes

Error Code Modbus	Error in Remote Controller	Error category	Error Description
0	N/A	INMBSDAI001R000	No active error
17	A0		External protection devices activated
18	A1		Indoor unit PCB assembly failure
19	A2		Interlock error for fan
20	A3		Drain level system error
21	A4		Temperature of heat exchanger (1) error
22	A5		Temperature of heat exchanger (2) error
23	A6		Fan motor locked, overload, over current
24	A7		Swing flap motor error
25	A8		Overcurrent of AC input
26	A9		Electronic expansion valve drive error
27	AA		Heater overheat
28	AH		Dust collector error / No-maintenance filter error
30	AJ	Indoor	Capacity setting error (indoor)
31	AE	Unit	Shortage of water supply
32	AF		Malfunctions of a humidifier system (water leaking)
33	C0		Malfunctions in a sensor system
36	C3		Sensor system of drain water error
37	C4		Heat exchanger (1) (Liquid pipe) thermistor system error
38	C5		Heat exchanger (1) (Gas pipe) thermistor system error
39	C6		Sensor system error of fan motor locked, overload
40	C7		Sensor system of swing flag motor error
40	C8		Sensor system of over-current of AC input
42	C9		Suction air thermistor error
43	CA		Discharge air thermistor system error
44	СН		Contamination sensor error
45	CC		Humidity sensor error
46	CJ		Remote control thermistor error
47	CE		Radiation sensor error
48	CF		High pressure switch sensor
49	E0		Protection devices activated
50	E1		Outdoor unit PCB assembly failure
52	E3		High pressure switch (HPS) activated
53	E4		Low pressure switch (LPS) activated
54	E5		Overload of inverter compressor motor
55	E6		Over current of STD compressor motor
56	E7		Overload of fan motor / Over current of fan motor
57	E8		Over current of AC input
58	E9		Electronic expansion valve drive error
59	EA		Four-way valve error
60	EH		Pump motor over current
61	EC	Outdoor	Water temperature abnormal
62	EJ	Unit	(Site installed) Protection device activated
63	EE	Offic	Malfunctions in a drain water
64	EF		Ice thermal storage unit error
65	H0		Malfunctions in a sensor system
66	H1		Air temperature thermistor error
67	H1 H2		Sensor system of power supply error
68	H3		High Pressure switch is faulty



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69	H4		Low pressure switch is faulty
70	H5		Compressor motor overload sensor is abnormal
71	H6		Compressor motor over current sensor is abnormal
72	Н7		Overload or over current sensor of fan motor is
			abnormal
73	H8		Sensor system of over-current of AC input
74	H9		Outdoor air thermistor system error
75	HA		Discharge air thermistor system error
76	нн		Pump motor sensor system of over current is
			abnormal
77	HC		Water temperature sensor system error
79	HE		Sensor system of drain water is abnormal
80	HF		Ice thermal storage unit error (alarm)
81	F0		No.1 and No.2 common protection device
			operates.
82	F1		No.1 protection device operates.
83	F2		No.2 protection device operates
84	F3		Discharge pipe temperature is abnormal
87	F6		Temperature of heat exchanger (1) abnormal
91	FA		Discharge pressure abnormal
92	FH		Oil temperature is abnormally high
93	FC		Suction pressure abnormal
95	FE		Oil pressure abnormal
96	FF		Oil level abnormal
97	JO		Sensor system error of refrigerant temperature
98	J1		Pressure sensor error
99	J2		Current sensor error
100	J3		Discharge pipe thermistor system error
101	J4		Low pressure equivalent saturated temperature
			sensor system error
102	J5	Outdoor	Suction pipe thermistor system error
103	J6	Unit	Heat exchanger (1) thermistor system error
104	J7		Heat exchanger (2) thermistor system error
105	J8		Oil equalizer pipe or liquid pipe thermistor system
105	50		error
106	J9		Double tube heat exchanger outlet or gas pipe
			thermistor system error
107	JA		Discharge pipe pressure sensor error
108	JH		Oil temperature sensor error
109	JC		Suction pipe pressure sensor error
111	JE		Oil pressure sensor error
112	JF		Oil level sensor error
113	LO		Inverter system error
116	L3		Temperature rise in a switch box
117	L4		Radiation fin (power transistor) temperature is too high
118	L5		Compressor motor grounded or short circuit, inverter PCB fault
119	L6		Compressor motor grounded or short circuit
120	L0 L7		Over current of all inputs
			Compressor over current, compressor motor wire
121	L8		cut
122	L9		Stall prevention error (start-up error) Compressor locked, etc.
123	LA		Power transistor error
			Communication error between inverter and
125	LC		outdoor control unit



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129	P0		Shortage of refrigerant (thermal storage unit)
130	P1		Power voltage imbalance, open phase
132	P3		Sensor error of temperature rise in a switch box
133	P4		Radiation fin temperature sensor error
134	P5		DC current sensor system error
135	P6		AC or DC output current sensor system error
136	P7		Total input current sensor error
142	PJ		Capacity setting error (outdoor)
142	ГJ		
145	U0		Low pressure drop due to insufficient refrigerant or electronic expansion valve error, etc.
140	114		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
146	U1		Reverse phase, Open phase
147	U2		Power voltage failure / Instantaneous power
			failure
148	U3	System	Failure to carry out check operation, transmission
110	05	System	error
			Communication error between indoor unit and
149	U4		outdoor unit, communication error between
			outdoor unit and BS unit
			Communication error between remote control and
150	U5		indoor unit / Remote control board failure or
			setting error for remote control
151	U6		Communication error between indoor units
			Communication error between outdoor units /
152	U7		Communication error between outdoor unit and ice
152	07		thermal storage unit
			Communication error between main and sub
			remote controllers (sub remote control error) /
153	U8		Combination error of other indoor unit / remote
			control in the same system (model)
			Communication error between other indoor unit
154	U9		and outdoor unit in the same system /
			Communication error between other BS unit and
			indoor/outdoor unit
			Combination error of indoor/BS/outdoor unit
155	UA	System	(model, quantity, etc.), setting error of spare parts
			PCB when replaced
			Improper connection of transmission wiring
156	UH		between outdoor and outdoor unit outside control
			adaptor
157	UC		Centralized address duplicated
158	UJ		Attached equipment transmission error
150	UE		Communication error between indoor unit and
159	UE		centralized control device
			Failure to carry out check operation Indoor-
160	UF		outdoor, outdoor-outdoor communication error,
	•		etc.
209	60		All system error
210	61		PC board error
211	62		Ozone density abnormal
211	63		Contamination sensor error
213	64		Indoor air thermistor system error
214	65		Outdoor air thermistor system error
217	68		HVU error (Venti-air dust-collecting unit)
219	6A		Dumper system error
220	6H		Door switch error
221	6C		Replace the humidity element
222	6J		Replace the high efficiency filter
		I	



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223	6E		Replace the deodorization catalyst
224	6F		Simplified remote controller error
226	51		Fan motor of supply air over current or overload
227	52		Fan motor of return air over current / Fan motor of
227	JZ		return air overload
228	53	Others	Inverter system error (supply air side)
229	54		Inverter system error (return air side)
241	40		Humidifying valve error
242	41		Chilled water valve error
243	42		Hot water valve error
244	43		Heat exchanger of chilled water error
245	44		Heat exchanger of hot water error
258	31		The humidity sensor of return air sensor
259	32		Outdoor air humidity sensor error
260	33		Supply air temperature sensor error
261	34		Return air temperature sensor error
262	35		Outdoor air temperature sensor error
263	36		Remote controller temperature sensor error
267	3A		Water leakage sensor 1 error
268	3H		Water leakage sensor 2 error
269	3C		Dew condensation error
339	M2		Centralized remote controller PCB error
345	M8		Communication error between centralized remote
545	I™IO		control devices
347	МА		Centralized remote control devices inappropriate
347	MA		combination
349	MC		Centralized remote controller address setting error
65535			Error in the communication of INMBSDAI001R000
(-1)	(-1) N/A	INMBSDAI001R000	with the AC unit

In case to detect an error code not listed, contact your closest Daikin technical support service.



# 8. Annex 1: Master/Slave of Operation Mode

The Master/Slave of Operation mode only applies under the following conditions:

- 1. The AC system is VRV
- 2. The VRV system uses a Heat pump as outdoor unit
- 3. There more than one indoor unit in a unique system working at different modes (Table 8.1)

If they are not matched the parameter is going to be ignored.

The Heat pump outdoor unit of a VRV system can only work in one mode (either Heat, Cool or fan). The Master of mode is the indoor unit that defines which is the working mode of the outdoor unit. If no unit has been chosen as the one that defines the working mode of outdoor unit, the first indoor unit to be turned On is the one which is going to define and control the mode.

In a VRV system, there is only one device acting as Master of Mode. If more than one is configured in this way, the system is not going to work properly. The configuration will be determined by the Remote Controller of Daikin. The unit which controls the Operation mode must have installed a Remote Controller.

When an INMBSDAI001R000 is configured as Master of Mode via the Remote Controller of its indoor unit, it can control all the modes of the system. The Mode selection of the gateways remaining and remote controllers installed in the indoor units remaining is going to be affected by the one chosen as Master of Mode. These ones are going to acquire the Slave of mode configuration, not being able to change to any mode selection out of the Table 8.1.

Master of Mode	Mode of operation (as Slave of mode of Operation)
Heat	Heat, Fan
Dry	Cool, Fan, Dry
Fan	Fan
Cool	Cool, Fan, Dry

**Table 8.1** Master and Slave of Mode configuration

