

# ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 Product Manual



Power and productivity for a better world™

## ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Contents

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### ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX General

### 1 General

With the intelligent power grids of tomorrow – the Smart Grids – electrical building installations will be facing new challenges. In order to increase the energy efficiency of buildings, it is necessary to record the electrical parameters of consumers in buildings. The ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX provides the optimum prerequisites for intelligent buildings.

By combining energy management with illumination and shutter control, heating, ventilation and surveillance, the use of the ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX enhances the living quality, comfort and safety and can be easily combined with cost-effectiveness and environmental awareness with minimal planning and installation effort. Furthermore, the flexible usage of rooms and the continuous adaptation to changing requirements are simple to realise.

The ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 records the energy consumption of the connected electrical loads in watt hours (Wh).

The active energy consumption per output is determined. Furthermore, the total consumption of all three outputs is also available. All meter values can be sent cyclically, on request or when a start or stop event has occurred such as a time, operating period or when a defined consumption threshold is reached.

For each output, the active power, current and voltage as well as further electrical variables (apparent power, crest factor, power factor and frequency) can be measured. The measured values are made available via the ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX. They can be monitored with threshold values. Should an overshoot or undershoot of a defined threshold occur, a warning can be sent.

The ETS application also enables simple load management (load control), where up to ten Energy Actuators can be interconnected.

### 1.1 Using the product manual

This manual provides you with detailed technical information relating to the function, installation and programming of the ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1. The application of the device is described using examples.

The manual is divided into the following sections:

Chapter 1	General
Chapter 2	Device technology
Chapter 3	Commissioning
Chapter 4	Planning and application
Chapter A	Appendix

## ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX General

#### 1.1.1 Structure of the product manual

All parameters are described in chapter 3.

#### Note

The Energy Module has 3 outputs. However, as the functions for all outputs are identical, only the functions of output A will be described.

#### 1.1.2 Notes

Notes and safety instructions are represented as follows in this manual:

#### Note

Tips for usage and operation

#### Examples

Application examples, installation examples, programming examples

#### Important

These safety instructions are used as soon as there is danger of a malfunction without risk of damage or injury.

### Caution

<u>/</u>

These safety instructions are used if there is a danger of damage with inappropriate use.

### Danger

These safety instructions are used if there is a danger for life and limb with inappropriate use.



These safety instructions are used if there is a danger to life with inappropriate use.

## ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX General

### 1.2 Product and functional overview

The ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 is a modular installation device with module widths of 4 space units in Pro M design for installation in a distribution board.

The connection to the ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX is established using the front side bus connection terminal. The assignment of the physical addresses as well as the parameterization is carried out with the Engineering Tool Software from version ETS 3.0f or higher.

The following functions can be set:

- Recording of the active consumption in watt hours (Wh) with a main meter and a flexibly programmable intermediate meter for each output. The intermediate meter can be started and stopped in dependence on defined events (1 bit telegrams, time, and consumption). Warnings can be sent on the KNX depending on these events.
- Current, voltage, active power and frequency can be recorded and monitored with the aid of threshold values. Warnings can be sent on the KNX depending on these events. Recording of apparent power, power factor and crest factor are also available.
- A simple load control can be implemented. Every Energy Module can be configured as a master, and the total power of a system by up to ten further Energy Actuators can be recorded. Load shedding stages are sent on the bus, and the devices are shutdown according to their own programmable load shedding stage.

Individual outputs can be copied or exchanged to reduce the programming effort.

2.1

### 2 Device technology

### Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1, MDRC



The Energy Module is a modular installation device in Pro M design for installation in the distribution board. The load current per output is 20 A.

The connection of the outputs is implemented using universal head screw terminals. Each output is controlled separately via the KNX.

Individual outputs can be copied or exchanged to reduce the programming effort.

The parameterization is undertaken via the ETS. The connection to the KNX is implemented using the bus connection terminal on the front.

#### 2.1.1 Technical data

Supply	Bus voltage	2130 V DC
	Current consumption via bus	< 12 mA
	Power consumption via bus	Maximum 250 mW
	Power consumption on mains	≤ 0.7 W
Mains inputs (terminals 1, 3, 5)	Floating	3 x
	Un rated voltage	250/440 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Load outputs (terminals 2, 4, 6)		3 x
	In rated current	16/20 A
	Device leakage loss at 3 x 16 A	3.0 W
	Device leakage loss at 3 x 20 A	4.2 W
Measuring range	Active consumption/active power	5.7 W4,600 W (U <sub>n</sub> = 230 V) 2.8 W2,300 W (U <sub>n</sub> = 115 V)
	Current (AC)	0.02520 A
	Voltage (AC)	95265 V
	Frequency	4565 Hz
Accuracy <sup>1)</sup>	Active consumption/active power (250500 mA)	± 6 % of actual value
	Active consumption/active power (500 mA5 A)	± 3 % of actual value
	Active consumption/active power (520 A)	± 2 % of actual value
	Current (0.02520 A)	$\pm$ 1 % of actual value and $\pm$ 10 mA
	Voltage (95265 V)	±1% of actual value
	Frequency (4565 Hz)	± 1 % of actual value
Starting current	< 25 mA	

Connections	KNX	Via bus connection terminals,
		0.8 mm Ø, solid
	Load current circuits (1 terminal per contact)	Universal head screw terminal (PZ 1)
		$0.24 \text{ mm}^2$ solid $2 \times 0.22.5 \text{ mm}^2$
	Forrulas without/with plastic class/co	$0.25 - 2.5/4 \text{ mm}^2$
		0.252.5/4 mm
	Twin terrules	0.52.5 MM Contact pin length min, 10 mm
	Tightoping torque	
Operating and display elements		
Enclosure		TO EN 60 529
Safety class	II, in the installed state	I 0 EN 61 140
Insulation category	Overvoltage category	III to EN 60 664-1
	Pollution degree	2 to EN 60 664-1
KNX safety extra low voltage	SELV 24 V DC	
Temperature range	Operation	-5 °C…+45 °C
	Storage	-25 °C…+55 °C
	Transport	-25 °C+70 °C
Ambient conditions	Maximum air humidity	93 %, no condensation allowed
Design	Modular installation device (MDRC)	Modular installation device, Pro M
	Dimensions	90 x 72 x 64.5 mm (H x W x D)
	Mounting width in space units (modules at 18 mm)	4
	Mounting depth in mm	64.5
Weight	in kg	0.16
Installation	On 35 mm mounting rail	To EN 60 715
Mounting position	As required	
Housing/colour	Plastic housing, grey	
Approvals	KNX to EN 50 090-1, -2	Certification
CE mark	In accordance with the EMC guideline and low voltage guideline	

<sup>1)</sup> The stated values apply only if no DC components are present. A DC component causes additional distortion of the measurement result.

Device type	Application program	Maximum number of Communication objects	Maximum number of group addresses	Maximum number of associations
EM/S 3.16.1	Measure 3f/*	140	254	254

\* ... = current version number of the application program.

#### Note

The ETS and the current version of the device application program are required for programming.

The current application program can be found with the respective software information for download on the Internet at *www.abb.com/knx*. After import it is available in the ETS under *ABB/Energy management/Energy module*.

The device does not support the locking function of a KNX device in the ETS. If you inhibit access to all devices of the project with a *BCU code*, it has no effect on this device. Data can still be read and programmed.

#### Notes

Current values less than 25 mA are indicated as a 0 mA value on the KNX (starting current). For small load currents that are just above the minimum detection threshold of 25 mA, it is possible that a value of 0 mA is displayed due to the inaccuracies, even though a current is flowing.

The Energy Module is only suitable for recording measured values of *Loads*, i.e. the meters only record positive energy. Negative power values are discarded with load control, and negative instrument and power values (feedback) cannot be monitored with thresholds.

#### Important

With communication objects that can be written via the bus (e.g. threshold value limits), the range of values is not limited, i.e. even if the values that can be entered in the ETS for a threshold value or load limit can only be entered within defined limits, any value can be written to the communication object over the bus. It is therefore necessary to ensure that only permitted and useful values can be written to the communication object.

If the threshold value monitoring is to be used for equipment fault detection that only causes a slight change of less than 30 mA (7 W), mains voltage and current fluctuations due to ambient influences (e.g. temperature) and natural ageing of the load play a significant role. Even when these current changes are detected by the Energy Module, the detected current changes do not necessarily mean that a device has failed.

The outputs are electrically isolated from each other, i.e. they can be connected to different phase conductors within the voltage ranges permitted in the technical data. There may not be potential differences between the neutral conductor connection of the load and the neutral conductor connection on the Energy Module to ensure that useful measured values are delivered.

(Also refer to the note under Circuit diagram, page 10.)

## Danger

In order to avoid dangerous touch voltages, which originate through feedback from differing phase conductors, all-pole disconnection must be observed when extending or modifying the electrical connections.

2.1.2

Circuit diagram



- 1 Label carrier
- 2 Button Programming
- 3 LED Programming (red)
- 4 Bus connection terminal
- 5 Load circuits (A...C) each with 2 screw terminals, neutral conductor (N)

#### Important

Mains voltage must be present on at least one output, and the neutral conductor must be connected for supplying power to the measurement section.

No load currents may be conducted via the N terminal on the device.

Terminals 7 or 8 should be connected directly to the N busbar.

The second N terminal can be used to loop to further Energy Modules.

#### 2.1.2.1 Connection example

If the outputs of the Energy Module are to be individually protected against residual currents, the RCD (earth-leakage circuit breaker) must be connected as follows.



2.1.3 D

**Dimension drawing** 





### 2.2 Measurement methods

The Energy Module has its own evaluation electronics for detection and measurement of the various measured variables for each output, which can be programmed separately.

Current and voltage are measured directly; all other variables (meter values, active power, apparent power, power factor, crest factor, frequency) are derived from these values.

The measurement method, other than with the Switch Actuators SA/S, is a real RMS value measurement. The signal is scanned 100 times per period (at 50 Hz), and the RMS value is determined from these scanned values. The measuring accuracy is also assured with non-sinusoidal signals.

The measured values are evaluated every 200 ms. An overshoot of a threshold is therefore detected after 200 ms at the latest.

Current values less than 25 mA are displayed as value 0 (starting current). For this reason, even values derived from the current are indicated as a value of 0 even when a current less than 25 mA is flowing. Voltages less than 5 V as shown as 0 for technical reasons.

#### Note

The progression of the current and voltage curves is not analyzed, i.e., analysis of the signal waveform (e.g. FFT) is not undertaken. All values are determined by sampling the signal. Therefore, the power factor always results as the sum of the distortion power (e.g. dimmer currents) and displacement power (e.g. inductive or capacitive loads). This power factor does **not** (or only in special cases) comply with the cos  $\varphi$  (Cosine Phi) with a phase displacement current! It can also **not** be used for reactive power compensation!

### 2.3 Requesting status values and setting the cycle times

The 1 bit communication objects for requesting status values are enabled for the Energy Module at a central point. There is a 1 bit communication object each for requesting all status values, all meter values, all power values and all instrument values.

Furthermore, the cycle times for cyclic sending of telegrams are set at a central point with the Energy Module. There is a common cycle time for cyclic sending of all power values, all instrument values and all meter values.

On the individual communication objects, you can then set whether the value of the respective communication object should or should not be sent *cyclically* or *on request*.

### 2.4 Assembly and installation

The ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 is a modular installation device for installation in the distribution board on 35 mm mounting rails to EN 60 715.

The mounting position can be selected as required.

The electrical connection is implemented using screw terminals. The connection to the bus is implemented using the supplied bus connection terminal. The terminal assignment is located on the housing.

The device is ready for operation after connection to the bus voltage. Mains voltage must be present on at least one output, and the respective neutral conductor must be connected for supplying power to the measurement section.

Accessibility to the device for the purpose of operation, testing, visual inspection, maintenance and repair must be provided compliant to VDE 0100-520.

#### **Commissioning requirements**

In order to commission the device, a PC with ETS and a KNX interface, e.g. USB or IP, are required. The device is ready for operation after connection to the bus voltage supply.

The installation and commissioning may only be carried out by electrical specialists. The appropriate norms, guidelines, regulations and specifications should be observed when planning and setting up electrical installations.

Protect the device from damp, dirt and damage during transport, storage and operation.

Only operate the device within the specified technical data limits!

The device should only be operated in an enclosed housing (distribution board)!

#### Supplied state

The device is supplied with the physical address 15.15.255. The application program is preloaded. It is therefore only necessary to load group addresses and parameters during commissioning.

However, the complete application program can be reloaded if required. The entire application program is loaded after a change of the application program, after a discontinued download or after discharge of the device. The process takes significantly longer than loading parameters and group addresses.

#### Assignment of the physical address

The assignment and programming of the physical address is carried out in the ETS.

The device features a *Programming* button for assignment of the physical device address. The red LED *Programming* lights up after the button has been pushed. It switches off as soon as the ETS has assigned the physical address or the *Programming* button is pressed again.

#### Cleaning

If devices become dirty, they can be cleaned using a dry cloth or a cloth dampened with a soapy solution. Corrosive agents or solutions should never be used.

#### Maintenance

The device is maintenance-free. No repairs should be carried out by unauthorised personnel if damage occurs, e.g. during transport and/or storage.

### 3 Commissioning

The ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 records the energy consumption of the connected loads. Its three outputs feature the same functions. It is thus possible, depending on the application, to freely define every output and to parameterize it accordingly.

A short overview of all functions of the Energy Module can be found in the next chapter.

### 3.1 Overview

The following table provides an overview of the functions used by the Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 and those possible with the application program *Measure 3f*.

Energy Module properties	EM/S 3.16.1
Type of installation	MDRC
Number of outputs	3
Module width (space units)	4
In rated current (A)	20 A

Parameterization options General	EM/S 3.16.1
Cyclic monitoring telegram (In operation)	
Limit number of telegrams	
Request status values via 1 bit communication object	
Request instrument values via 1 bit communication object	
Request power values via 1 bit communication object	
Instrument values send cycle time	
Power values send cycle time	

Parameterization options Metering (Wh)	EM/S 3.16.1
Request meter readings via 1 bit communication object	
Transmission delay meter readings	
Meter readings send cycle time	
Reset all meters via communication object	
Enable meter reading total	

Parameterization options Meter reading total (Wh)	EM/S 3.16.1
Meter total	
Intermediate meter total	
Trigger 1	
- via communication object	
– via time	
Trigger 2	
- via communication object	
– via time	
– via limit	
- via duration	
Reset intermediate meter via communication object	
Reaction after download and ETS reset	

Parameterization options Functions	EM/S 3.16.1
Monitor "Active power total"	
Send "Active power"	
Threshold 1	
– upper limit	
– lower limit	
– warning	
Threshold 2	•
– upper limit	
– lower limit	
– warning	
Reaction after download and ETS reset	
Monitor "Frequency"	
Send frequency	
Threshold 1	
– upper limit	•
– lower limit	
– warning	
Threshold 2	
– upper limit	
– lower limit	
- warning	
Reaction after download and ETS reset	

Parameterization options Functions	EM/S 3.16.1
Device is load control master	
Number of load shedding stages	
Load limit can be changed	
Reaction after download and ETS reset	
Source for power values 14	
Enable of additional power values [06]	•
Monitor power values cyclically	•
Reaction time when exceeding load limit	•
Reaction time when falling below load limit	•
Hysteresis for increasing load shedding	
Deactivate load control" (master) at recovery of bus voltage	

Parameterization options per output	EM/S 3.16.1
Function Metering (Wh)	
Send "Meter reading"	
Send "Intermediate meter reading"	
Trigger 1 (Start)	
- via communication object	
– via time	
Reset "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 1 (Start)	
Send "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 1 (Start)	
Trigger 2	
- via communication object	
– via time	
– via limit	
- via duration	
Stop "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 2	
Reset intermediate meter via communication object	
Reaction after download and ETS reset	
Function Instruments and power values	
Monitor active power	•
Monitor current	
Monitor voltage	
Enable apparent power	
Enable power factor	•
Enable crest factor	

#### 3.1.1 Conversion

For ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX devices from ETS3 or higher, it is possible to assume the parameter settings and group addresses from earlier application program versions.

Furthermore, conversion can be applied to transfer the existing parameterization of a device to another device.

#### Note

When the term channels is used in the ETS, inputs and/or outputs are meant. In order to ensure that the ETS language generally applies for as many ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> devices as possible, the word channels is used here.

#### 3.1.1.1 Conversion procedure

- Import the current application program into the ETS.
- Insert the required device into the project.
- Right click on the product and select *Plug-in > Convert* in the context menu.
- Thereafter undertake the required settings in the Convert dialog.

	Edit Parameters			
	Dur Parameters			
	Download		•	
	Unload		۲	
	Info		٠	
	Reset Device			
	Compare Device			
	Transfer Parameters and Flags			
	Plug-In		•	Convert
	Unlink			Copy/Exchange channels
*	Add to Favorites		٠	Write config to logfile
	Add to My Products		Þ	
÷	Add		Þ	
х	Delete			
*	Cut	Ctrl + X		
Þ	Сору	Ctrl + C		
	Paste			
Ē	Paste Special	Ctrl + V		
	Paste Extended			
	Properties	Alt + Ente	r	

- Finally, exchange the physical address and delete the old device.
- Should you wish to only copy individual channels within a device, use the function <u>Copying and</u> <u>exchanging</u>, page 20.

#### 3.1.2 Copying and exchanging parameter settings

Parameterization of devices can take a lot of time depending on the complexity of the application and the number of device outputs. To keep the commissioning work to the minimum possible, using the function *Copy/exchange channels*, parameter settings of an output can be copied or exchanged with freely selectable outputs. Optionally, the group addresses can be retained, copied or deleted in the target output.

#### Note

When the term channels is used in the ETS, inputs and/or outputs are meant. In order to ensure that the ETS language generally applies for as many ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> devices as possible, the word channels is used here.

The copy function for inputs/outputs is particularly useful with devices having the same parameter settings for several outputs, inputs or groups. For example, lighting in a room is frequently controlled in an identical manner. In this case, the parameter settings from input/output X can be copied to all other inputs/outputs or to a special input/output of the device. Thus the parameters for this input/output must not be set separately, which significantly shortens the commissioning time.

The exchange of parameter settings is useful, e.g. should the outputs be swapped when wiring the terminals. The parameter settings of the incorrectly wired outputs can be simply exchanged saving the requirement for time-consuming rewiring.

#### 3.1.2.1 Procedure for copy and exchange

• Click with the right mouse button on the product, whose outputs you wish to copy or exchange, and select the context menu *Plug-in* > *Copy/exchange channels*.



Thereafter, undertake the required settings in the Copy/exchange channels dialog.

#### 3.1.2.2 Dialog Copy/exchange channel

Source channel	Destination chann	Destination channels		
Output A Output B Output C	Output A Output B Output C			
	All	None		
<ul> <li>Reep group addresses</li> <li>Copy group addresses</li> <li>Delete group adresses</li> </ul>	n the destination channel unchannel	Copy		
C Exchange without group	p addresses			
<ul> <li>Exchange with group and Delete group addresses</li> </ul>	ddresses	Exchange		

At the top left, you will see the Source channel selection window for marking the source channel. Beside it is located the selection window for the target channel or channels for marking the target channel or channels.

#### Source channel

With the selection of the source channel, you define which parameter settings should be copied or exchanged. Only one source channel can be selected at a time.

#### **Target channels**

With the selection of the target channel/channels, you define which channel/channels are to assume the parameter settings of the source channel.

- For the function *Exchange*, only one target output can be selected at a time.
- For the function *Copy*, different target channels can be selected simultaneously. For this purpose, press the Ctrl key and mark the required channels with the mouse cursor, e.g. channels B and C.



With this button, you select all available target channels, e.g. A...C.

None

Reset the selection of the target channel with this button.

#### Сору

The following options can be selected before copying the parameter settings:

- Leave the group addresses unchanged (if possible) in the target channel
- Copy group addresses
- Delete group addresses in the target channel

Сору

With this button, copy the settings of the source channel into the target channel or channels.

#### Exchange

The following options can be selected before exchanging the parameter settings:

- Retain group addresses
- Exchange group addresses
- Delete group addresses

Exchange With this button, exchange the settings of the source channel with the target channel.

Confirm your selection with this button, and the window closes.

Cancel

0K

Using this button, the window closes without accepting the changes.

### 3.2 Parameters

The parameterization of the Energy Module is implemented using the Engineering Tool Software ETS.

The application program is available in the ETS under ABB/Energy management/Energy module.

The following chapter describes the parameters of the device using the parameter window. The parameter window features a dynamic structure so that further parameters may be enabled depending on the parameterization and the function.

The default values of the parameters are underlined, e.g.:

Options:	yes
	no

Note

However, as the functions for all outputs are identical, only the functions of output A will be described.

#### 3.2.1 Parameter window General

Higher level parameters can be set in the parameter window General.

General Metering (Wh) Function	Sending delay after bus voltage recovery in s [2255]	2
A: Function B: Function	Send communication object "In operation"	no
C: Function	Limit number of telegrams	no 🔹
	Enable communication object "Request status values" 1 bit	no •
	Enable communication object "Request instrument values" 1 bit	no
	Enable communication object "Request power values" 1 bit	no
	Cycle time for instrument values in s [065,535, 0 = do not send cycl.]	900
	Cycle time for power values in s [065,535, 0 = do not send cycl.]	900

#### Sending delay after bus voltage recovery in s [2...255]

Options: <u>2</u>...255

The device receives telegrams during the sending delay time. However, the telegrams are not processed and no telegrams are sent on the bus.

If communication objects are read during the sending delay, e.g. by a visualisation system, these read requests are stored, and a response is sent, after the sending delay has been completed.

An initialization time of about two seconds is included in the delay time. The initialisation time is the time that the processor requires to be ready to function.

#### How does the device behave with bus voltage recovery?

After bus voltage recovery, the device always waits for the send delay time to elapse before sending telegrams on the bus.

#### Send communication object "In operation"

Options: <u>no</u> send value 0 cyclically send value 1 cyclically

The communication object *In operation* indicates the presence of the device on the bus. This cyclic telegram can be monitored by an external device. If a telegram is not received, the device may be defective or the bus cable to the transmitting device may be interrupted.

- no: The communication object In operation is not enabled.
- send value 0/1 cyclically: The communication object In operation is sent cyclically on the KNX. The following parameter appears:

Sending cycle time in s [1...65,535]

Options: 1...<u>60</u>...65,535

Here the time interval, at which the communication object *In operation* cyclically sends a telegram, is set.

#### Note

After bus voltage recovery, the communication object sends its value after the set sending and switching delay time.

#### Limit number of telegrams

Options: <u>no</u> yes

This parameters limits the device generated KNX load. This limit relates to all telegrams sent by the device.

yes: The following parameters appear:

Max. number of sent telegrams [1...255]

Options: 1...<u>20</u>...255

#### in period

Options: 50 ms/100 ms...<u>1 s</u>...30 s/1 min

This parameter defines the number of telegrams sent by the device within a period. The telegrams are sent as quickly as possible at the start of a period.

#### Enable communication object "Request status values" 1 bit

Options: no

yes

• yes: A 1 bit communication object *Request status values* is enabled.

Using this communication object, the following status messages are requested in every case:

- Measurement circuit active
- Frequency error
- Diagnostics Active power negative for outputs A...C

The following status messages are sent depending on the parameterization:

- Status intermediate meter total (if Intermediate meter total is enabled)
- Status intermediate meter output A...C (if the intermediate meter total output A...C is enabled)
- Load limit exceeded (if function Load control master enabled)
- Status load control (if function Load control master enabled and Monitor power values cyclically is parameterized).

With the option yes, the following parameters appear:

#### Request with object value

Options: 0 <u>1</u> 0 or 1

- 0: Sending status messages is requested with the value 0.
- 1: Sending status messages is requested with the value 1.
- 0 or 1: Sending status messages is requested with the values 0 or 1.

```
Enable communication object
"Request instrument values" 1 bit
```

```
Options: <u>no</u>
yes
```

• yes: A 1 bit communication object *Request instrument values* is enabled.

Via this communication object, all instrument values can be requested, provided that they have been parameterized with the option *on request*.

- Current
- Voltage
- Frequency
- Power factor
- Crest factor.

With the option yes, the following parameters appear:

#### Request with object value

```
Options: 0

<u>1</u>

0 or 1
```

- 0: Sending status messages is requested with the value 0.
- 1: Sending status messages is requested with the value 1.
- 0 or 1: Sending status messages is requested with the values 0 or 1.

#### Enable communication object "Request power values" 1 bit

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: A 1 bit communication object Request power values is enabled.

Via this communication object, all power values can be requested, provided that they have been parameterized with the option *on request*. These power values include:

- Active power (Output A...C)
- Active power total
- Apparent power (Output A...C)
- Send sum power values

With the option yes, the following parameters appear:

#### Request with object value

Options: 0 <u>1</u> 0 or 1

- 0: Sending status messages is requested with the value 0.
- 1: Sending status messages is requested with the value 1.
- 0 or 1: Sending status messages is requested with the values 0 or 1.

#### Cycle time for instrument values in s [0...65,535, 0 = do not send cycl.]

Options: 0...900...65,535

A common cycle time for all instrument values is set with this parameter, provided that this has been parameterized with the option *Send cyclically*.

#### Cycle time for power values in s

[0...65,535, 0 = do not send cycl.]

Options: 0...<u>900</u>...65,535

A common cycle time for all power values is set with this parameter, provided that this has been parameterized with the option *Send cyclically*.

#### 3.2.2 Parameter window *Metering (Wh)*

In parameter window *Metering (Wh)*, the higher-level settings that apply for all meters are undertaken, and the *Meter reading total* can be enabled here with the respective parameter window.

General Metering (Wh)	Enable communication object "Request meter readings" 1 bit	no
Function		
A: Function	Transmission delay meter readings	0
B: Function	in s [005,555]	
C: Function	Cycle time for meter readings in s	900
	[0172,800, 0 = do not send cycl.]	
	All meters resettable via object	no 🔹
	Enable "Meter reading total"	no

#### Enable communication object "Request meter readings" 1 bit

Options:

<u>no</u> yes

- yes: A 1 bit communication object Request meter readings is enabled. Using this communication
  object, all meter readings can be requested, provided that the meters have been enabled and they
  have been parameterized with the option on request.
- Meter total Meter reading
- Intermediate meter total Meter reading
- Meter Meter reading Output A...C
- Intermediate meter Meter reading Output A...C

With the option yes, the following parameters appear:

#### Request with object value

Options: 0 <u>1</u> 0 or 1

- 0: Sending status messages is requested with the value 0.
- 1: Sending status messages is requested with the value 1.
- 0 or 1: Sending status messages is requested with the values 0 or 1.

#### Transmission delay meter readings in s [0...65,535]

Options: <u>0</u>...65,535

The transmission delay time is used to minimize the bus load should the meter readings of several Energy Meters be requested simultaneously. When meter readings are requested, they will only be sent after the delay time has timed out.

#### Note

Should a send delay be set and a meter reading is sent cyclically and on request, the send delay is taken into consideration with the first cyclic sending and with every request.

#### Important

During the time where the sending delay of the meter readings is active, cyclic sending is interrupted for all meter readings, including those where do not send on request is parameterized. The cycle time continues to run in the background, and cyclic sending continues only after the send delay time has timed out.

#### Cycle time for meter readings in s [0...172,800, 0 = do not send cycl.]

Options: 0...<u>900</u>...172,800 (2 days)

This parameter determines the cycle time for cyclic sending of all meter values, provided that they are parameterized with the option cyclically.

#### All meters resettable via object

Options: no yes

ves: The 1 bit communication object Enable reset meters and Reset meter readings are enabled.

Using these communication objects, all meter readings (main and intermediate meters) are set to zero, and all intermediate meters are stopped.

For further information see: Communication objects, S. 58

#### Important

The meters can only be reset when the measurement electronics are active, i.e. rated voltage is present on at least one output.

#### Enable "Meter reading total" no

Options:

yes

yes: The parameter window Meter reading total as well as the communication objects for the Meter total and the Intermediate meter total are enabled.

#### 3.2.3 Parameter window Function

In the parameter window *Function*, the functions and the corresponding communication objects for the entire device are enabled.

General Metering (Wh)	Monitor "Active power total"	no
Function	Monitor "Frequency"	no
A: Function		
B: Function	Device is load control master	no 🔹
C: Function		

#### Monitor "Active power total"

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameter window Active power total and the communication object Active power (Active power total) are enabled.

#### Monitor "Frequency"

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameter window *Frequency* and the communication object *Frequency* (Frequency) are enabled.

#### Device is load control master

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameter window Load control master as well as the respective communication objects are enabled.

#### 3.2.3.1 Parameter window Meter reading total (Wh)

In parameter window *Meter reading total*, the settings for the *Meter total* and the *Intermediate meter total* are undertaken.

General Metering (Wh)	Send "Meter reading total"	no, update only
Function Meter reading total (Wh)	Cycle time and request objects are set on "Metering (Wh)"	< NOTE
A: Function B: Function	Send "Intermediate meter reading total"	no, update only
C: Function	Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by	1 bit object 🔹
	Reset "Intermediate meter reading total" on trigger 1 (Start)	yes 🔹
	Send "Intermediate meter reading total" on trigger 1 (Start)	yes 🔹
	Trigger 2 is activated by	1 bit object
	"Intermediate meter reading total" is sent on trigger 2	< NOTE
	Stop "Intermediate meter reading total" on trigger 2	yes 🔹
	"Intermediate meter reading total" additionally resettable via object	no
	Overwrite start, stop time, duration and limit with download or ETS reset	yes 🔹

#### Send "Meter reading total"

#### Send "Intermediate meter reading total"

Options: <u>no. update only</u> cyclically on request cyclically and on request

The meter readings *Meter total* and *Intermediate meter total* are sent to suit parameterization. Setting of the cycle time and enabling of the request object occurs in the parameter window <u>Metering (Wh)</u>, page 29.

Furthermore, the readings of the Intermediate meter total are sent on the bus at starting and/or stopping.

#### Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by

Options:	1 bit object
	Time

- 1 bit object: The 1 bit communication object Receive trigger 1 (Intermediate meter total) is enabled. The intermediate meter starts if a telegram with the value 1 is received on this communication object.
- *Time:* The 3 byte communication object *Trigger 1 change time* (Intermediate meter total) is enabled. The start time can be modified using this communication object. The following parameters appear:

Hour [0...23] Options: <u>0</u>...23

Minute [0...59]

Options: <u>0</u>...59

#### Weekday

Options: Monday...Sunday every day

The *Intermediate meter* (meter reading) starts if the parameterized time is received on the communication object *Receive time* (General).

Note

The time is only required once per device for all meters.

#### Reset "Intermediate meter reading total" on trigger 1 (Start)

Options: <u>yes</u> no

This parameter determines whether the *Intermediate meter total* (Meter reading) is reset when a telegram is received on the communication object *Trigger 1...* Alternatively, an additional 1 bit communication object can be enabled, see parameter window <u>"Intermediate meter reading total" additionally resettable via object</u>, page 35.

• yes: The meter reading of the Intermediate meter total is sent when a telegram is received and subsequently the Intermediate meter total is reset to zero.

#### Send "Intermediate meter reading total" on trigger 1 (Start)

Options: <u>yes</u> no

This parameter determines whether the *Intermediate meter total* (Meter reading) is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object *Trigger 1....* 

#### Trigger 2 is activated by

Options: <u>1 bit object</u> Time Limit Duration

- 1 bit object: The 1 bit communication object Receive trigger 2 (Intermediate meter total) is enabled. The meter reading is sent if a telegram with the value 1 is received on this communication object. It is possible to parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or does not stop.
- *Time:* The 3 byte communication object *Trigger 2 change time* (Intermediate meter total) is enabled. Using this communication object, the time for trigger 2 can be modified. The following parameters appear:

Hour [0...23]

Options: 0...23

#### Minute [0...59]

Options: <u>0</u>...59

#### Weekday

Options:	MondaySunday
	every day

The intermediate meter is sent if the parameterized time is received on the communication object *Receive time* (General). It is possible to parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or does not stop.

#### Note

The time is only required once per device for all meters.

• Limit: The 3 byte communication object *Trigger 2 change limit* (Intermediate meter total) is enabled. Using this communication object, the limit for trigger 2 can be modified.

#### Note

When *Limit* is selected, the intermediate meter total must be reset before a renewed start. This is adjustable via the parameter Reset *"Intermediate meter reading total" on trigger 1* (Start)" or via the separate 1 bit communication object *Reset*.

If the parameterized limit is achieved, the meter reading is sent on the bus, and the intermediate meter stops.

The following parameter also appears with the selection Limit.

#### Limit in Wh [1...120,888,000]

Options: 1...<u>5000</u>...120,888,000

If the parameterized limit is achieved, the meter reading is sent on the bus, and the intermediate meter stops.

 Duration: The 2 byte communication object *Trigger 2 change duration* (Intermediate meter total) is enabled. Using this communication object, the duration until trigger 2 achieved is set. The following parameter appears:

Duration in min [1...65,535]

Options: 1...<u>5</u>...65,535

The meter reading is sent if the parameterized duration has elapsed. It is possible to parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or does not stop.

"Intermediate meter reading" is sent on trigger 2 <--- NOTE
### Stop "Intermediate meter reading total"

on trigger 2

Options: <u>yes</u> no

### Note

This parameter is not available should *Limit* be selected beforehand.

- *no:* The intermediate meter sends its meter reading at trigger 2 and continues to count further (without reset).
- yes: The intermediate meter sends its meter reading at trigger 2 and stops. If the intermediate meter
  has stopped, the intermediate meter reading is not resent then Trigger 2 activates. The intermediate
  meter total can be restarted via the 1 bit communication object Receive trigger 1 or via the
  parameterzied time Trigger 1 change time.

### "Intermediate meter reading total" additionally resettable via object

Options: no

yes

• yes: The communication object Reset (Intermediate meter total) is enabled. When a telegram is received with the value 1 on the communication object, the meter reading is sent and subsequently reset to zero. The status of the meter is not changed, i.e. if the meter is metering, it will continue to take readings; if it is stopped, it will remain stopped.

### Overwrite start, stop time, duration and limit with download or ETS reset

Options: no

yes

- yes: After a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are overwritten again with the parameter values.
- no: After a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are retained.

#### 3.2.3.2 Parameter window Active power total

In parameter window *Active power total*, the parameters and communication objects for recording and monitoring of the *Active power total* (sum of outputs A, B and C) are enabled. The parameter window is enabled when in parameter window <u>Function</u>, page 31, the parameter *Monitor "Active power total"* has been selected with option *yes*.

General Metering (Wh)	Send "Active power" after a change	no
Function	Send "Active power" on request	no
Active power total		
A: Function	Send "Active power" cyclically	no 👻
B: Function		
C: Function	Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"	< NOTE
	Enable thresholds	no 💌

#### Send "Active power" after a change

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Active power* (Active power total) is sent on a change. The following parameter appears:

Send "Active power" when +/- W [1 ...13,800] Options: 1...20...13,800

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object Active power are sent.

#### Send "Active power" on request

Options: <u>no</u>

yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Active power* (Active power total) is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object *Request power values*. This communication object is enabled in the parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25.

### Send "Active power" cyclically

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The communication object Active power (Active power total) is sent cyclically. The setting of the cycle time is undertaken in parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25 (parameter Cycle time for power values in s).

#### Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"

<--- NOTE

### **Enable thresholds**

Options: <u>no</u> yes

 yes: The parameters and communication objects for threshold 1 for monitoring the Active power total are enabled. The following parameters appear:

### Overwrite thresholds with download or ETS reset

<u>no</u> yes

Options:

• yes: The threshold values can be modified via the bus. With this setting, after a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are again overwritten with the parameterized values. This setting applies for threshold value 1 and threshold value 2.

### Threshold 1 lower limit

in W [0...13,800]

Options: 0...<u>90</u>...13,800

This is the lower hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the lower threshold is undershot, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 2 upper limit**

in W [0...13,800]

Options: 0...<u>100</u>...13,800

This is the upper hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the upper threshold is exceeded, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 1 warning**

Options:

do not send send 0 when exceeding send 1 when exceeding send 0 when falling below send 1 when falling below exceeding 0, falling below 1 exceeding 1, falling below 0

If threshold value 1 is exceeded or undershot, the parameterized value of the communication object *Threshold 1 warning* (Active power total) is sent.

### Note

Exceeding the threshold means that the upper limit is exceeded, falling below the threshold means that the lower limit is undershot.

### Enable threshold 2

Options: <u>no</u> yes

Parameterization of threshold value 2 is identical to threshold value 1.

### 3.2.3.3 Parameter window *Frequency*

In parameter window *Frequency*, parameter and communication objects for the detection and monitoring of the frequency are enabled. The parameter window is enabled when in parameter window <u>Function</u>, page 31, the parameter *Monitor "Frequency"* has been selected with option *yes*.

General Metering (Wh)	Send "Frequency" after a change	no
Function	Send "Frequency" on request	no 🔹
Frequency		
A: Function	Send "Frequency" cyclically	no
B: Function		
C: Function	Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"	< NOTE
	Enable thresholds	no

### Send "Frequency" after a change

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Frequency* is sent after a change. The following parameter appears:

```
Send "Frequency" when
+/- 0.1 Hz x value [1 ... 650]
```

Options: 1... <u>5</u>...650

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object *Frequency* are sent.

### Send "Frequency" on request

Options:

<u>no</u> yes

 yes: The value of the communication object Frequency is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object Request instrument values. This communication object is enabled in the parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25 (parameter Cycle time for instrument values in s).

### Send "Frequency" cyclically

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The communication object *Frequency* is sent cyclically. The setting of the cycle time is undertaken in parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25 (parameter *Cycle time for instrument values in s*).

### Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"

<--- NOTE

### **Enable thresholds**

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameters and communication objects for *Threshold 1* for monitoring the *Frequency* are enabled. The following parameters appear:

### Overwrite thresholds with download or ETS reset

<u>no</u> yes

Options:

• *yes:* The threshold values can be modified via the bus. With this setting, after a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are again overwritten with the parameterized values. This setting applies for threshold value 1 and threshold value 2.

### Threshold 1 lower limit

in 0.1 Hz x value [1...650]

Options: 0...450...650

This is the lower hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the lower threshold is undershot, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 1 upper limit**

in 0.1 Hz x value [1...650]

Options: 0...<u>500</u>...650

This is the upper hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the upper threshold is exceeded, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 1 warning**

Options:

do not send send 0 when exceeding send 1 when exceeding send 0 when falling below send 1 when falling below exceeding 0, falling below 1 exceeding 1, falling below 0

If threshold value 1 is exceeded or undershot, the parameterized value of the communication object *Warning threshold 1 (Frequency)* is sent.

#### Note

Exceeding the threshold means that the upper limit is exceeded, falling below the threshold means that the lower limit is undershot.

#### Enable threshold 2

Options:	<u>no</u>
	yes

Parameterization of threshold value 2 is identical to threshold value 1.

#### 3.2.3.4 Parameter window Load control master

In the parameter window *Load control master*, the settings for the load control are undertaken, provided that the Energy Module is used as a master for load control. The parameter window is enabled when in parameter window <u>Function</u>, page 31, the parameter *Device is load control master* has been selected with option *yes*.

General Metering (Wh)	Number of load shedding stages [18]	2	•
Function Load control master	Load limit can be changed	yes, object writable	•
A: Function B: Function	Load limit in W [0200,000]	5000	
C: Function	Overwrite load limit with download or ETS reset	yes	•
	Source for power value 1	none	•
	Source for power value 2	none	•
	Source for power value 3	none	•
	Source for power value 4	none	•
	Number of additional power values [06]	0	-
	Monitor power values cyclically	no	•
	Reaction time when exceeding load limit in s [260]	2	<ul> <li>T</li> </ul>
	Reaction time when falling below load limit in s [260]	300	<ul> <li></li> <li></li> </ul>
	Hysteresis for increasing load shedding stage in % of load limit [0100]	0	<ul> <li></li> <li></li> </ul>
	Object "Deactivate load control" (master) at recovery of bus voltage	unchanged	•

### Number of load shedding stages [1...8]

Options: 1...<u>2</u>...8

The slaves assigned to the master are assigned depending on the priority of the load shedding stage. If the parameterized load limit is exceeded, the master sends load shedding stages on the bus. The load shedding stage is increased, commencing at load shedding stage 1, until the load limit is no longer exceeded. If the load limit is exceeded, the load shedding limit is reduced again.

#### Load limit can be changed

Options: yes, 4 values selectable yes, object writable

• *yes, 4 values selectable:* The communication objects *Choose load limit* and *Send load limit* are enabled. Using communication object *Choose load limit*, you can choose between four parameterized load limits. The following parameters appear:

Load limit 1 in W [0...200,000]

Load limit 2 in W [0...200,000]

Load limit 3 in W [0...200,000]

Load limit 4 in W [0...200,000] Options 0...5000...200,000

Active load limit after download or ETS reset

Options: Load limit 1...4

The load limit parameterized here is active after a download or ETS reset.

 yes, object writable: The communication object Receive load limit is enabled. The parameterized load limit can be modified via the bus. The following parameters appear:

Load limit 1 in W [0...200,000] Options: 0...<u>5000</u>...200,000

### Overwrite load limit with download or ETS reset

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The load limit can be modified via the bus. With this selection, the parameterized value is accepted again after a download or ETS reset.

#### Note

The following parameters determine, which of the up to 10 values are included for the calculation of the *Send sum power values*. The power values of the master can be used (outputs A, B, C and/or the total power) or the power values are received externally from a communication object, generally the active power total from other Energy Actuators. The power values 1...4 may receive their value internally or externally; power values 5...10 may only receive their value externally.

The sum of these power values is compared to the parameterized load limit for load control purposes.

If negative power values are received (power feed), they are not considered for load control.

### Source for power value 1

Options:

none Active power Output A external via communication object

- none: Power value 1 is not used, the communication object Receive power value 1 is not enabled.
- Active power Output A: The active power of output A is used as power value 1. The communication object *Receive power value 1* is not enabled; it is linked internally.
- external via communication object:: The communication object Receive power value 1 is enabled and can receive an external power value via the bus.

#### Source for power value 2

Options: <u>none</u> Active power Output B external via communication object

The settings and functions are identical to those of the parameter Source for power value 1.

#### Source for power value 3

Options: <u>none</u> Active power Output C external via communication object

The settings and functions are identical to those of the parameter Source for power value 1.

#### Source for power value 4

Options: <u>none</u> active power total external via communication object

The settings and functions are identical to those of the parameter Source for power value 1.

### Number of additional power values

[0...6]

Options: <u>0</u>...6

Depending on the selection, the communication objects *Receive power value 5* to *Receive power value 10* are enabled.

#### Monitor power values cyclically

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The 4 byte communication object *Status load control* is enabled. Using this communication object, you monitor whether all enabled power values are received via the bus. The following parameter appears:

#### Control period in s [20...65,535]

Options: <u>20</u>...65,535

If the master does not receive all the external power values from the slaves within the parameterized control period, the missing values are requested via *Value Read* and an internal timer starts (10 s). After the timer has timed out, the corresponding error bit in the communication object *Status load control* is set and the value of the communication object is sent.

### Reaction time when exceeding load limit in s [2...60]

Options: 2...60

If the sum of the power values exceeds the parameterized load limit, the master commences to send shedding stages on the bus after the parameterized time. The shedding stage is increased until the load falls below the load limit. The reaction time restarts before every further increase of the shedding stage.

# Reaction time when falling below load limit in s [30...65,565]

Options: 30...<u>300</u>...65,565

If the load is again below the load limit (sufficient slaves have been shed), the master waits for the parameterized time and then commences in inverse sequence to reduce the shedding stages until shedding stage 0 is reached (i.e. all slaves are enabled) or the load limit is exceeded again.

#### Note

It is necessary to consider the reaction speed of the system. Depending on the number of shedding stages and parameterized reaction times, it may take a long time before all slaves are re-enabled. If the reaction times are too short and the system is frequently in an overload state (load limit exceeded), the maximum number of relay switching operations (service life) can be reached prematurely.

### Hysteresis for increasing load shedding stage in % of load limit [0...100]

Options: <u>0</u>...100

If the system is frequently at overload during operation, the hysteresis can prevent that a shedding stage is continuously switched on and off. The hysteresis is subtracted from the load limit. Only when the limit value is less than the load limit minus the hysteresis will the shedding stage be reduced.

## Object "Deactivate load control" (master) at recovery of bus voltage

Options:

<u>unchanged</u> 0 = load control activated 1 = load control deactivated

This parameter defines how the function Load control master should behave after bus voltage recovery.

- unchanged: The status of the function Load control master is saved at bus voltage failure and restored after bus voltage recovery.
- 0 = load control activated: The function Load control master is active after bus voltage recovery.
- 1 = load control deactivated: The function Load control master is not active after bus voltage recovery.

### 3.2.4 Parameter window A: Function

In this parameter window, the reaction of the output is determined and different functions can be enabled, whereby further parameter windows become available.

General Metering (Wh)	Enable function metering	no
Function	Enable function instrument	no
A: Function	and power values	
B: Function		
C: Function		

### Enable function metering

Options: <u>no</u> yes

- no: The parameter window A: Metering (Wh) is not enabled for output A.
- yes: The parameter window A: Metering (Wh) for output A and the corresponding communication objects are enabled.

### Enable function instrument and power values

Options: <u>no</u> yes

- no: The parameter window A: Instrument and power values is not enabled for output A.
- yes: The parameter window A: Instrument and power values for output A and the corresponding communication objects are enabled.

### 3.2.4.1 Parameter window A: Metering (Wh)

In parameter window A: Metering (Wh), the settings for the main meter and the intermediate meter of output A are undertaken.

General Metering (Wh) Function A: Function	Send "Meter reading" Cycle time and request objects are set on "Metering (Wh)"	no, update only
A: Metering (Wh)	- 	[
B: Function	Send Intermediate meter reading	no, update only
C: Function	Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by	1 bit object 🔹
	Reset "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 1 (Start)	yes 🔹
	Send "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 1 (Start)	yes 🔹
	Trigger 2 is activated by	1 bit object 🔹
	"Intermediate meter reading" is sent on trigger 2	< NOTE
	Stop "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 2	yes 🔹
	"Intermediate meter reading" additionally resettable by object	no
	Overwrite start, stop time, duration and limit with download or ETS reset	yes 🔹

### Send "Meter reading"

### Send "Intermediate meter reading"

Options: <u>no, update only</u> cyclically on request cyclically and on request

The meter readings *Meter* and *Intermediate meter* are sent according to the parameterization options selected. Setting of the cycle time and enabling of the request object occurs in the parameter window <u>Metering (Wh)</u>, page 29.

Furthermore, the readings of the Intermediate meter are sent on the bus at start and/or stop.

#### Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by

Options:	<u>1 bit object</u>
	Time

- 1 bit object: The 1 bit communication object Receive trigger 1 (A: Intermediate meter) is enabled. The intermediate meter starts if a telegram with the value 1 is received on this communication object.
- *Time:* The 3 byte communication object *Trigger 1 change time* (A: Intermediate meter) is enabled. The start time can be modified using this communication object. The following parameters appear:

Hour [0...23]

Options: 0...23

### Minute [0...59]

Options: <u>0</u>...59

### Weekday

Options: Monday...Sunday every day

The intermediate meter reading is sent if the parameterized time is received on the communication object *Receive time* (General).

#### Note

The time is only required once per device for all meters.

### Reset "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 1 (Start)

Options: <u>yes</u> no

This parameter determines whether the *Intermediate meter total* (Meter reading) is reset when a telegram is received on the communication object *Trigger 1...* Alternatively, an additional 1 bit communication object can be enabled, see parameter <u>"Intermediate meter reading" additionally resettable by object</u>, page 48.

• yes: The meter reading of the *Intermediate meter* is sent when a telegram is received and subsequently the *Intermediate meter* is reset to zero.

### Send "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 1 (Start)

Options: <u>yes</u> no

This parameter determines whether the *Intermediate meter* (Meter reading) is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object *Trigger 1....* 

### Trigger 2 is activated by

1 bit object
Time
Limit
Duration

- 1 bit object: The 1 bit communication object Receive trigger 2 (A: Intermediate meter) is enabled. The meter reading is sent if a telegram with the value 1 is received on this communication object. It is possible to parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or does not stop.
- *Time:* The 3 byte communication object *Trigger 2 change time* (A: Intermediate meter) is enabled. Using this communication object, the time for trigger 2 can be modified. The following parameters appear:

Hour [0...23] Options: <u>0</u>...23

Minute [0...59]

Options: <u>0</u>...59

### Weekday

Options: Monday...Sunday every day

The meter reading is sent if the parameterized time is received on the communication object *Receive time* (general). It is possible to parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or does not stop.

#### Note

The time is only required once per device for all meters.

Limit: The 4 byte communication object Trigger 2 change limit (A: Intermediate meter) is enabled.
 Using this communication object, the limit for trigger 2 can be modified.

#### Note

When *Limit* is selected, the intermediate meter must be reset before a renewed start. This is adjustable via the parameter *Reset "Intermediate meter reading" on trigger 1 (Start)* or via the separate 1 bit communication object *Reset*.

If the parameterized limit is achieved, the meter reading is sent on the bus, and the intermediate meter stops.

The following parameter also appears with the selection Limit:

#### Limit in Wh [1...120,888,000]

Options: 1...<u>5000</u>...120,888,000

If the parameterized limit is reached, the meter reading is sent, and the intermediate meter stops.

 Duration: The 2 byte communication object Trigger 2 change duration (A: Intermediate meter) is enabled. Using this communication object, the duration until trigger 2 achieved is set. The following parameter appears:

#### Duration in min [1...65,535]

Options: 1...<u>5</u>...65,535

The meter reading is sent if the parameterized duration has elapsed. It is possible to parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or does not stop.

### "Intermediate meter reading" is sent on trigger 2

<--- NOTE

### Stop "Intermediate meter reading"

on trigger 2 Options: <u>yes</u>

no

### Note

This parameter is not available should *Limit* be selected beforehand. Instead of the parameter *Reaction* to stop, the parameter *Contact position when limit is reached* appears with the same options as in parameter *Reaction to stop*.

- *no:* The intermediate meter sends its meter reading at trigger 2 and continues to count further (without reset).
- yes: The intermediate meter sends its meter reading at trigger 2 and stops. If the intermediate meter
  has stopped, the intermediate meter reading is not resent then Trigger 2 activates. The intermediate
  meter can be restarted via the 1 bit communication object Receive trigger 1 or via the parameterzied
  time Trigger 1 change time.

#### "Intermediate meter reading" additionally resettable by object

Options:

<u>no</u> yes

• yes: The communication object Reset (A: Intermediate meter) is enabled. When a telegram is received with the value 1 on the communication object, the meter reading is sent and subsequently reset to zero. The status of the meter is not changed, i.e. if the meter is metering, it will continue to take readings; if it is stopped, it will remain stopped.

### Overwrite start, stop time, duration

and limit with download or ETS reset

Options: no

yes

- *yes:* After a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are overwritten again with the parameter values.
- no: After a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are retained.

### 3.2.4.2 Parameter window *A: Instrument and power values*

In this parameter window, further parameter values for monitoring of the instrument and power values and the respective communication objects are enabled.

General	Monitor active power	no
Metering (Wh) Function		
A: Function	Monitor current	no
A: Instrument and power values	Monitor voltage	no
B: Function C: Function	Enable object "Apparent power"	no
	Enable object "Power factor"	no
	Enable object "Crest factor"	no
	Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"	< NOTE

### Monitor active power

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameter window Monitor active power is enabled.

### **Monitor current**

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameter window A: Monitor current is enabled.

#### Monitor voltage

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameter window A: Monitor voltage is enabled.

### Enable object "Apparent power"

Options:	<u>no</u>
	ves

• yes: The communication object Apparent power (A: Apparent power) is enabled. The following parameters appear:

### Send "Apparent power" after a change

Options:	<u>no</u>
	yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Apparent power* (A: Apparent power) is sent after a change. The following parameter appears:

### Send "Apparent power" when +/- VA [1...4,600]

Options: 1...<u>5</u>...4,600

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object *Apparent power* are sent.

#### Send "Apparent power" on request

Options: <u>no</u> yes

yes: The value of the communication object Apparent power is sent when a telegram is
received on the communication object Request power values. This communication object is
enabled in the parameter window General, page 25.

### Send "Apparent power" cyclically

Options: no

yes

 yes: The value of the communication object Apparent power is sent cyclically. The setting of the cycle time is undertaken in parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25 (parameter Cycle time for power values in s).

#### Enable object "Power factor"

Options: <u>no</u>

yes

yes: The value of the communication object Power factor (A: Power factor) is enabled. The following
parameters appear:

### Send "Power factor" after a change

Options: <u>no</u> ves

• yes: The value of the communication object *Power factor* (A: Power factor) is sent after a change. The following parameter appears:

Send "Power factor" when +/- 0.01 x value [1...100] Options: 1...5...100

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object *Power* factor are sent.

#### Send "Power factor" on request

Options: <u>no</u> yes

 yes: The value of the communication object Power factor is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object Request instrument values. This communication object is enabled in the parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25.

### Send "Power factor" cyclically

Options: no yes

yes: The value of the communication object Power factor is sent cyclically. The setting of the . cycle time is undertaken in parameter window General, page 25 (parameter Cycle time for instrument values in s).

### Enable object "Crest factor" <u>no</u>

Options:

yes

yes: The communication object Crest factor current (A: Crest factor current) is enabled. The following parameters appear:

Send "Crest factor" after a change

Options: no yes

yes: The value of the communication object Crest factor current (A: Crest factor current) is sent • after a change. The following parameter appears:

Send "Crest factor" when +/- 0.1 x value [1...100]

Options: 1... <u>5</u>...100

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object Crest factor current are sent.

### Send "Crest factor" on request

Options: <u>no</u> yes

yes: The value of the communication object Crest factor current is sent when a telegram is • received on the communication object Request instrument values. This communication object is enabled in the parameter window General, page 25.

### Send "Crest factor" cyclically no

yes

Options:

yes: The value of the communication object Crest factor current is sent cyclically. The setting of • the cycle time is undertaken in parameter window General, page 25 (parameter Cycle time for instrument values in s).

Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"

<--- NOTE

### 3.2.4.2.1 Parameter window A: Monitor active power

In the parameter window A: Monitor active power, the parameters and the communication objects for the detection and monitoring of the active power of output A are enabled.

General Metering (Wh)	Send "Active power" after a change	no
Function	Send "Active power" on request	no
A: Function		
A: Instrument and power values	Send "Active power" cyclically	no 🔻
A: Monitor active power		
B: Function	Cycle time and request objects are set	< NOTE
C: Function	on "General"	
	Enable thresholds	no 🔹

### Send "Active power" after a change

<u>no</u> yes

Options:

Options:

Options:

• yes: The value of the communication object *Active power* is sent on a change. The following parameter appears:

Send "Active power" when +/- W [1 ...4,600] Options: 1...5...4,600

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object *Active power* are sent.

### Send "Active power" on request

<u>no</u> yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Active power* is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object *Request power values*. This communication object is enabled in the parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25.

### Send "Active power" cyclically

<u>no</u> yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Active power* is sent cyclically. The setting of the cycle time is undertaken in parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25 (parameter *Cycle time for power values in s*).

Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"

<--- NOTE

#### **Enable thresholds**

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameters and communication objects for threshold 1 for monitoring the Active power of output A are enabled. The following parameters appear:

### Overwrite thresholds with download or ETS reset

<u>no</u> yes

Options:

• yes: The threshold values can be modified via the bus. With this setting, after a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are again overwritten with the parameterized values. This setting applies for threshold value 1 and threshold value 2.

### Threshold 1 lower limit in W [0...4,600]

Options: 0...5...4,600

This is the lower hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the lower threshold is undershot, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### Threshold 1 upper limit

in W [0...4,600]

Options: 0...<u>100</u>...4,600

This is the upper hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the upper threshold is exceeded, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 1 warning**

Options:

do not send send 0 when exceeding send 1 when exceeding send 0 when falling below send 1 when falling below exceeding 0, falling below 1 exceeding 1, falling below 0

If threshold value 1 is exceeded or undershot, the parameterized value of the communication object *Threshold 1 warning* (Active power) is sent.

#### Note

Exceeding the threshold means that the upper limit is exceeded, falling below the threshold means that the lower limit is undershot.

#### Enable threshold 2

Options:	<u>no</u>
	yes

Parameterization of threshold value 2 is identical to threshold value 1.

### 3.2.4.2.2 Parameter window A: Monitor current

In the parameter window A: Current value, the parameters and the communication objects for the detection and monitoring of the current value of output A are enabled.

General	Cond "Compatible from a share of	
Metering (Wh)	Send Current after a change	•
Function	Send "Current" on request	no
A: Function		
A: Instrument and power values	Send "Current" cyclically	no 🔹
A: Monitor current		
B: Function	Cycle time and request objects are set	< NOTE
C: Function	on "General"	
	Enable thresholds	no 🔹

### Send "Current" after a change

Options: <u>no</u> ves

• yes: The value of the communication object *Current value* is sent on a change. The following parameter appears:

Send "Current" when +/- mA [1...20,000]

Options: 1...<u>50</u>...20,000

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object *Current value* are sent.

#### Send "Current" on request

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Current value* is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object *Request instrument values*. This communication object is enabled in the parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25.

### Send "Current" cyclically

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Current value* is sent cyclically. The setting of the cycle time is undertaken in parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25 (parameter *Cycle time for power values in s*).

### Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"

<--- NOTE

### **Enable thresholds**

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The parameters and communication objects for threshold 1 for monitoring the *Current value* of output A are enabled. The following parameters appear:

### Overwrite thresholds with download or ETS reset

<u>no</u> yes

Options:

• *yes:* The threshold values can be modified via the bus. With this setting, after a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are again overwritten with the parameterized values. This setting applies for threshold value 1 and threshold value 2.

### Threshold 1 lower limit

in 100 mA x value [0...200]

Options: 0...<u>1</u>...200

This is the lower hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the lower threshold is undershot, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 1 upper limit**

in 100 mA x value [0...200]

Options: 0...<u>3</u>...200

This is the upper hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the upper threshold is exceeded, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 1 warning**

Options:

do not send send 0 when exceeding send 1 when exceeding send 0 when falling below send 1 when falling below exceeding 0, falling below 1 exceeding 1, falling below 0

If threshold value 1 is exceeded or undershot, the parameterized value of the communication object *Threshold 1 warning* (Current value) is sent.

#### Note

Exceeding the threshold means that the upper limit is exceeded, falling below the threshold means that the lower limit is undershot.

#### Enable threshold 2

Options:	<u>no</u>
	yes

Parameterization of threshold value 2 is identical to threshold value 1.

### 3.2.4.2.3 Parameter window A: Monitor voltage

In the parameter window A: Monitor voltage, the parameters and the communication objects for the detection and monitoring of the voltage of output A are enabled.

General Metering (Wh)	Send "Voltage" after a change	no
Function A: Function	Send "Voltage" on request	no
A: Instrument and power values	Send "Voltage" cyclically	no 🔻
A: Monitor voltage		
B: Function	Cycle time and request objects are set	< NOTE
C: Function	on "General"	
	Enable thresholds	no 🗸

### Send "Voltage" after a change

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• *yes:* The value of the communication object *Voltage* is sent on a change. The following parameter appears:

Send "Voltage" when +/- V [1...265]

Options: 1...<u>5</u>...265

This parameter determines which changes of the value of the communication object *Voltage* are sent.

#### Send "Voltage" on request

Options:

<u>no</u> yes

 yes: The value of the communication object Voltage is sent when a telegram is received on the communication object Request instrument values. This communication object is enabled in the parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25.

### Send "Voltage" cyclically

Options: <u>no</u> yes

• yes: The value of the communication object *Voltage* is sent cyclically. The setting of the cycle time is undertaken in parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25 (parameter *Cycle time for power values in s*).

### Cycle time and request objects are set on "General"

<--- NOTE

#### **Enable thresholds**

Options: <u>no</u>

- yes
- yes: The parameters and communication objects for threshold 1 for monitoring the Voltage of output A
  are enabled. The following parameters appear:

## Overwrite thresholds with download or ETS reset

<u>no</u> yes

Options:

• yes: The threshold values can be modified via the bus. With this setting, after a download or ETS reset, the values changed on the bus are again overwritten with the parameterized values. This setting applies for threshold value 1 and threshold value 2.

#### Threshold 1 lower limit

in V [95...265]

Options: 95...<u>95</u>...265

This is the lower hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the lower threshold is undershot, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### Threshold 1 upper limit

in V [95...265]

Options: 95...<u>100</u>...265

This is the upper hysteresis limit of threshold value 1. If the upper threshold is exceeded, there is a warning if it has been parameterized.

For further information see: Instrument and power values, page 81

### **Threshold 1 warning**

Options:

do not send send 0 when exceeding send 1 when exceeding send 0 when falling below send 1 when falling below exceeding 0, falling below 1 exceeding 1, falling below 0

If threshold value 1 is exceeded or undershot, the parameterized value of the communication object *Threshold 1 warning* (Voltage) is sent.

#### Note

Exceeding the threshold means that the upper limit is exceeded, falling below the threshold means that the lower limit is undershot.

#### Enable threshold 2

Options:	no
	yes

Parameterization of threshold value 2 is identical to threshold value 1.

### 3.3 Communication objects

In this chapter, the communication objects of the Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 are described. The description is divided into blocks, which relate to the name of the communication object.

- General Communication objects, valid for the entire Energy Module
- Output A...C Communication objects that relate to the corresponding output.

In order to obtain a quick overview of the function possibilities of the Energy Module, all communication objects are listed in an overview table. The detailed function can be examined in more detail in the subsequent description of the individual communication objects.

### Note

Some communication objects are dynamic and are only visible if the corresponding parameters are activated in the application program.

3.3.1

### Short overview of the communication objects

CO*	Francisco	Nama	Data Point	Lawreth	Flag	s			
No.	Function	Name	Type (DPT)	Length	С	R	w	Т	Α
0	In operation	General	DPT 1.002	1 bit	x			x	
13	Not assigned								
4	Request status values	General	DPT 1.017	1 bit	x		x		
5	Request meter readings	General	DPT 1.017	1 bit	x		x		
6	Request instrument values	General	DPT 1.017	1 bit	х		x		
7	Request power values	General	DPT 1.017	1 bit	x		x		
8	Receive time	General	DPT 10.001	3 byte	х		x		
9	Measurement circuit active	Diagnostics	DPT 1.011	1 bit	х	x		х	
11	Enable reset meter readings	Meter reading	DPT 1.003	1 bit	х	x	x		
12	Reset meter readings	Meter reading	DPT 1.015	1 bit	x		x		
13	Deactivate load control	Load control master	DPT 1.003	1 bit	x	x	x		-
15	Status load control	Load control master	DPT 27.001	4 byte	х	x		х	
16	Load limit exceeded	Load control master	DPT 1.005	1 bit	x	x		x	
17	Receive power value 1	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	х	х
18	Receive power value 2	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	х	х
19	Receive power value 3	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	х	x
20	Receive power value 4	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	х	x
21	Receive power value 5	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		х	х	x
22	Receive power value 6	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		х	х	x
23	Receive power value 7	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	x	х
24	Receive power value 8	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	x	х
25	Receive power value 9	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	x	х
26	Receive power value 10	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х		x	x	х
27	Send sum power values	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х	х		х	
28	Send load shedding stage	Load control master	DPT 236.001	1 byte	х	х		х	
29	Choose load limit	Load control master	DPT 5.010	1 byte	х		x		
20	Send load limit	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х	x		х	
	Receive/send load limit	Load control master	DPT 14.056	4 byte	x	x	x	x	
31	Meter reading	Meter total	DPT 13.010	4 byte	x	х		х	
32	Meter reading	Intermediate meter total	DPT 13.010	4 byte	x	x		x	-
33	Status	Intermediate meter total	non DPT	1 byte	х	x		х	
	Receive trigger 1	Intermediate meter total	DPT 1.017	1 bit	х		x		
34	Trigger 1 change time	Intermediate meter total	DPT 10.001	3 byte	х	x	x	х	
	Receive trigger 2	Intermediate meter total	DPT 1.017	1 bit	х		x		
25	Trigger 2 change time	Intermediate meter total	DPT 10.001	3 byte	х	x	x	х	1
35	Trigger 2 change limit	Intermediate meter total	DPT 13.010	4 byte	х	x	x	х	
	Trigger 2 change duration	Intermediate meter total	DPT 7.006	2 byte	х	x	x	х	
36	Reset	Intermediate meter total	DPT 1.015	1 bit	х		x		
									1

\* CO = communication object

CO*	Function	Namo	Data Point	Longth	Flag	5			
No.	Function	Name	Type (DPT)	Length	С	R	w	Т	Α
37	Active power	Active power total	DPT 14.056	4 byte	x	x		х	
38	Threshold 1 lower limit	Active power total	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
39	Threshold 1 upper limit	Active power total	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
40	Threshold 1 warning	Active power total	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		х	
41	Threshold 2 lower limit	Active power total	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
42	Threshold 2 upper limit	Active power total	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
43	Threshold 2 warning	Active power total	DPT 1.005	1 bit	x	x		х	
44	Frequency	Frequency	DPT 14.033	4 byte	x	x		х	
45	Threshold 1 lower limit	Frequency	DPT 14.033	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
46	Threshold 1 upper limit	Frequency	DPT 14.033	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
47	Threshold 1 warning	Frequency	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		х	
48	Threshold 2 lower limit	Frequency	DPT 14.033	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
49	Threshold 2 upper limit	Frequency	DPT 14.033	4 byte	х	х	х	х	
50	Threshold 2 warning	Frequency	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		х	
51	Frequency error	Diagnostics	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		х	
62	Active power negative	A: Diagnostics	DTP 1.011	1 bit	x	x		x	
74	Meter reading	A: Meter	DPT 13.010	4 byte	x	x		x	
75	Meter reading	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 13.010	4 byte	x	x		х	
76	Status	A: Intermediate meter	non DPT	1 byte	х	х		х	
77	Receive trigger 1	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 1.017	1 bit	x		х		
11	Trigger 1 change time	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 10.001	3 byte	х	х	х	х	
	Receive trigger 2	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 1.017	1 bit	х		х		
79	Trigger 2 change time	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 10.001	3 byte	x	x	х	x	
10	Trigger 2 change limit	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 13.010	4 byte	х	x	x	х	
	Trigger 2 change duration	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 7.006	2 byte	х	x	x	х	
79	Reset	A: Intermediate meter	DPT 1.015	1 bit	x		x		
82	Active power	A: Active power	DPT 14.056	4 byte	х	x		х	
83	Threshold 1 lower limit	A: Active power	DPT 14.056	4 byte	x	x	х	х	
84	Threshold 1 upper limit	A: Active power	DPT 14.056	4 byte	x	х	х	х	
85	Threshold 1 warning	A: Active power	DPT 1.005	1 bit	x	x		x	
86	Threshold 2 lower limit	A: Active power	DPT 14.056	4 byte	x	x	x	х	
87	Threshold 2 upper limit	A: Active power	DPT 14.056	4 byte	x	x	x	х	
88	Threshold 2 warning	A: Active power	DPT 1.005	1 bit	x	x		x	

\* CO = communication object

CO*	Function	Name Data Point Length		Longth	Flag	s			
No.		Name	Type (DPT)	Length	С	R	W	Т	Α
89	Current value	A: Current	DPT 14.019	4 byte	x	x		x	
90	Threshold 1 lower limit	A: Current	DPT 14.019	4 byte	х	x	x	х	
91	Threshold 1 upper limit	A: Current	DPT 14.019	4 byte	х	х	x	х	
92	Threshold 1 warning	A: Current	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		х	
93	Threshold 2 lower limit	A: Current	DPT 14.019	4 byte	х	х	x	х	
94	Threshold 2 upper limit	A: Current	DPT 14.019	4 byte	х	х	x	х	
95	Threshold 2 warning	A: Current	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		x	
96	Voltage	A: Voltage	DPT 14.027	4 byte	x	x		x	
97	Threshold 1 lower limit	A: Voltage	DPT 14.027	4 byte	x	x	x	x	
98	Threshold 1 upper limit	A: Voltage	DPT 14.027	4 byte	х	x	x	х	
99	Threshold 1 warning	A: Voltage	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		х	
100	Threshold 2 lower limit	A: Voltage	DPT 14.027	4 byte	х	х	x	х	
101	Threshold 2 upper limit	A: Voltage	DPT 14.027	4 byte	х	х	x	x	
102	Threshold 2 warning	A: Voltage	DPT 1.005	1 bit	х	х		х	
103	Apparent power	A: Apparent power	DPT 14.056	4 byte	x	x		x	
105	Power factor	A: Power factor	DPT 14.057	4 byte	x	x		x	
106	Crest factor current	A: Crest factor current	DPT 14.057	4 byte	x	x		x	
120 166	Output B, the same CO as output A	B: see output A							
180 226	Output C, the same CO as output A	C: see output A							

\* CO = communication object

### 3.3.2 Communication objects General

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags				
0	In operation	System	1 bit DPT 1.002	С, Т				
This comm object "In o	This communication object is enabled when in the parameter window <u>General</u> , page 25, the parameter <i>Send communication</i> object "In operation" is selected with the option send value 0 cyclically or send value 1 cyclically.							
can be sent cyclically on the bus As long as the communication object is activated, it sends an <i>In operation</i> telegram.								
Telegram v	Telegram value       1 = system in operation with option send value 1 cyclically         0 = system in operation with option send value 0 cyclically							
13								
Not assigne	ed							
4	Request status values	General	1 bit DPT 1.017	C, W				
This comm "Request s	unication object is enabled if in parameter win tatus values" 1 bit has been selected with the	dow <u>General</u> , page 25, the pa option <i>ye</i> s.	arameter Enable commun	ication object				
If a telegrar as long as sent in eve	n with the value $x (x = 0; 1; 0 \text{ or } 1)$ is received these have been programmed with the option ry case; see the description of the parameter i	on this communication object on request or after a change n chapter 3.2.1.	t, all status objects are set or <i>on request</i> . Some statu	nt on the bus, is objects are				
The following	ng function results for the value $x = 1$ :							
Telegram v	alue: 1 = All status messages are sent. 0 = no reaction.							
5	Request meter readings	General	1 bit	C, W				
			DPT 1.017					
This comm object "Rec	unication object is enabled if in parameter win quest meter readings" 1 bit has been selected	dow <u>Metering (Wh)</u> , page 29, with the option yes.	the parameter Enable col	mmunication				
If a telegrar as long as parameter	m with the value x (x = 0; 1; 0 or 1) is received these have been programmed with the option in chapter 3.2.2.	on the communication object on request or cyclically and c	t, all meter readings are se <i>in request</i> , refer to the des	ent on the bus, cription of the				
The following	ng function results for the value $x = 1$ :							
Telegram v	alue: 1 = all meter readings are sent. 0 = no reaction.							
6	Request instrument values	General	1 bit	C, W				
			DPT 1.017					
This comm "Request in	unication object is enabled if in parameter win nstrument values" 1 bit has been selected with	dow <u>General</u> , page 25, the pa the option <i>yes</i> .	arameter Enable commun	ication object				
If a telegrar bus, as long send in eve	n with the value $x (x = 0; 1; 0 \text{ or } 1)$ is received g as these have been programmed with the opery case, see the description of the parameter	in the communication object, otion on request or after a cha in chapter 3.2.1.	all instrument values are ange or on request. Some	sent on the status objects				
The following	ng function results for the value $x = 1$ :							
Telegram v	ralue: 1 = all instrument values are sent. 0 = no reaction.							

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
7	Request power values	General	1 bit DPT 1.017	C, W
This co <i>"Reque</i> If a tele as long in even	mmunication object is enabled if in par- est power values" 1 bit has been selected gram with the value $x (x = 0; 1; 0 \text{ or } 1)$ as these have been programmed with y case, see the description of the parameters of the paramet	ameter window <u>General</u> , page 25, ed with the option <i>yes</i> . is received on this communicatior the option <i>on request</i> or <i>after a c</i> i- neter in chapter 3 2 1.	the parameter <i>Enable</i> co object, all power values hange or on request. Som	ommunication object are sent on the bus, ne status objects send
The foll	lowing function results for the value $x =$	1:		
Telegra	am value: 1 = All power values are 0 = no reaction.	sent.		
8	Receive time	General	3 byte DPT 10.001	C, W
This co commu	mmunication object is always enabled.	The time (day/hour/minute/secon	d) is received via the bus	with this
If the tir parame the san reaction In order bus (ex	me has been selected with an intermed eterized time is received on the bus. Th ne time is received several times, i.e., t n. r to ensure that the parameterized time tternal timer).	iate counter as trigger 1 or trigger e evaluation is on a minute basis, he time is sent more than once a i for trigger 1 or trigger 2 is receive	2, trigger 1 or trigger 2 ar i.e. the seconds are not t minute, a renewed recept ed, the time must be sent	re activated when the aken into account. If ion does not cause a once a minute on the
9	Measurement circuit active	Diagnostics	1 bit DPT 1.011	C, R, T
recorde Telegra	ed and are available on the KNX side. am value: 1 = On at least one (ar measurement valu 0 = No rated voltage is	ny) output of the Energy Module rates are recorded. Present on any of the outputs, mo	ated voltage is present, easurement values are no	ot recorded.
11	Enable reset meters	Meter reading	1 bit	C, R, W
This co	mmunication object is enabled if in par	ameter window Metering (Wh), pa	DPT 1.003	meters resettable per
object I The inte 1 is rec no. 12)	has been selected with the option yes. ernal timer starts when a telegram with eeived within 10 s after the start of the ti , all main and intermediate meters are	the value 1 is received on this communication object reset and stopped.	nmunication object. If a te Reset meter readings (cc	elegram with the value
	Note			
	All meter readings are lost and cann	ot be restored.		
	Important			
	The meters can only be reset when at least one output.	he measurement electronics are	active, i.e. rated voltage is	s present on
12	Reset meter readings	Meter reading	1 bit	C, W
See co	mmunication object 11.			

### 3.3.3 Communication objects *Load control master*

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
13	Deactivate load control	Load control master	1 bit DPT 1.003	C, R, W
This com master ha	munication object is enabled when in para	ameter window <u>Function</u> , page 31, th	ne parameter Device is lo	oad control
Using this telegram.	communication object, the function Load	control master can be deactivated	via the receipt of a corres	sponding
Telegram	value: 0 = The function Load control 1 = The function Load control stage is sent with the value "S no. 28 Send load shedding st not active).	master is active. master is deactivated. The commun Shedding stage 0", all slaves are thu age is written with the value 128 and	nication object <i>Send load</i> s enabled. The commun d sent (shedding stage 0	d shedding ication object , load control
The value master, p	e of the communication object after bus vo age 40.	ltage recovery can be parameterize	d in the parameter windo	ow Load control
14				
Not assig	ned		1	1
15	Status load control	Load control master	4 byte DPT 27.001	C, R, T
This com values cy telegram	munication object is enabled when in para clically have been selected with the option is received on the communication object	meter window <u>Load control master</u> , by yes. The value of the communicati Request status values.	page 40, the parameter on object is sent on a ch	Monitor power ange or when a
The com	nunication object consists of a mask that	defines the valid bits and their data.	The data indicates the n	nonitoring faults
of the pov	ver values. ster does not receive all the external powe	r values from the slaves within the r	parameterized control pe	riod, the
missing v correspor	alues are requested via <i>Value Read</i> and a	an internal timer starts (10 s). After t ommunication obiect is sent.	he timer has timed out, t	he
·	0	,		
	m15           m13           m14           m15           m15           m16	m3 m2 m1 m1 m0 m0 s15 s15 s12 s13 s12 s12 s12 s12 s13 s13 s13 s13 s13 s13 s13 s13 s13 s13	s7 s6 s5 s4 s3 s3 s2 s2 s0 s0	
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 m 0 -		
	value value value value	value value value		
		ower ower ower ower lue 1	lue 8 lue 7 lue 5 lue 4 lue 4 lue 2 lue 2 lue 1	
	idity po idity po idity po idity po	idity po idity po idity po idity po wer va	wer va wer va wer va wer va wer va wer va wer va	
	V Cal V Cal V Cal			
Bit value	mask:			
	1 = The respective status bit $0 =$ The respective status bit	s valid and is evaluated. s invalid and will not be evaluated.		
Bit value	status:			
	<ul><li>1 = Monitoring error, the mon</li><li>0 = The monitored value has</li></ul>	itored value has not been received not been received within the monito	ring period	
	Note			
	Monitoring of power values 14 is only a value 14 has been parameterized with	ctive provided that the correspondin he option external via communication	g parameter Source for J on object and a power va	power alue
	has been received.			

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
16	Load limit exceeded	Load control master	1 bit	C, R, T
			DPT 1.005	
This com master ha received The mast than the p the allowe	munication object is enabled when in parar as been selected with option yes. The value on the communication object <i>Request statu</i> er adds the received power values to <i>Senc</i> parameterized permitted load limit, the value ad load limit (minus hysteresis), the value of	neter window <u>Function</u> , page e of the communication object us values. If sum power values (commun e of the communication object of the communication object is	31, the parameter <i>Device</i> t is sent on a change and ication object no. 27). If th t is set to 1 and sent. If the s reset to 0.	<i>is load control</i> when a telegram is e sum is greater e sum is less than
17 26	Receive power value 1 10	Load control master	4 byte	CRTU
			DPT 14.056	0,11,1,0
paramete communi have bee The exter alternative	r Source for power value 14 (communica cation object as well as the parameter Num n selected with a number > 0. nal power values are received via these co ely linked internally with power values outp	ation objects no. 1720) has <i>aber of additional power value</i> communication objects (up to 1 ut 13 or the total power of t	been selected with the op es [16] (communication of 0). Power values 14 car he device.	tion <i>external via</i> objects no. 21…27 n also be
27	Send sum power values	Load control master	4 byte	C, R, T
			DPT 14.056	
28	Send load shedding stage	Load control master	1 byte DPT 236.001	C, R, T
This com	munication object is enabled provided that	in parameter window Functio	n, page 31, the parameter	Device is load
The mast	er sends the shedding stage on the bus as	soon as the Sum power valu	es (communication object	no. 27) has
exceedec Format:	the parameterized load limit.			
8 bit:	DPPPSSSS			
D (Bit 7):	1 = Load control is not active 0 = Load control is active, rece	e, received shedding stages a ived shedding stages are eva	re not evaluated and slave aluated.	es are enabled.
P (Bit 6 S (Bit 3 Telegram	<ul> <li>4) [000b111b]: If more than one master masters among themselves. T</li> <li>0) [0000b-1111b]: This is the value: S = 0000b: Shedding stage 0,</li> </ul>	is available in the system, the he Energy Module always ser actual shedding stage. the slaves are enabled	ese bits can determine the nds P = 0.	e priorities of the
0	S = 0001b: Shedding stage 1			
	S = 1000b: Shedding stage 8			
Shedding	stages 9 to 16 are not used with the Energy	gy Module.		
If the load power va until the le exceeding	I limit is exceeded, load shedding stage 1 i lues is then recalculated and compared wit bad limit is below the limit (before every inc g load limit is completed beforehand).	s sent. All slaves with load sh h the load limit. If this is still e rease in the shedding stage,	edding stage 1 then switc xceeded, load shedding s the parameterized <i>Reactiv</i>	h off The Sum tage n + 1 is sent on time when
Should th Reaction	e value be below the load limit minus the h time when falling below load limit into cons	ysteresis again, the shedding sideration).	stage is reduced in steps	(taking the

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags	
29	Choose load limit	Load control master	1 byte	C, W	
			DPT 5.010		
This communication object is enabled when in parameter window <u>Load control master</u> , page 40, the parameter <i>Load limit can be changed</i> has been selected with the option yes, 4 values selectable.					
With this	communication object, one of the 4 param	eterized load limits can be selected	as the active load limit.		
Value ran	ge [0255]				
Telegram value: 0 = Load limit 1 active 1 = Load limit 2 active					
	3 = Load limit 3 active				
	4 = Load limit 4 active				
	5255: not allowed.				
The activ	e load limit after download or ETS reset is	parameterized.			
30	Send load limit	Load control master	4 byte	C, R, T	
			DPT 14.056		
This communication object is enabled when in parameter window Load control master, page 40, the parameter Load limit can be changed has been selected with the option ves. A values selectable					
Four para	meterized load limits are available. The ad	tive load limit can be viewed using	this communication obje	ect.	
30	Receive/send load limit	Load control master	4 byte	C, R, T	
			DPT 14.056		
This communication object is enabled when in parameter window <u>Load control master</u> , page 40, the parameter <i>Load limit can be changed</i> has been selected with the option <i>yes, object writable</i> .					
Only 1 load limit is available. It can be displayed and modified using this communication object.					

### 3.3.4 Communication objects Meter total

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
31	Meter reading	Meter total	4 byte	C, R, T
			DPT 13.010	
This comr	munication object is enabled if in parameter	r window <u>Metering (Wh),</u> page 29, t	he parameter Enable "M	leter reading

total" has been selected with the option yes.

The value of the communication object is calculated from the sum of the meter outputs A...C. The *Meter total* can only be reset via communication objects no. 11 and 12.

### 3.3.5 Communication objects Intermediate meter total

### Note

The functions of communication objects no. 34 and 35 change depending on the parameterization.

	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
32	Meter reading	Intermediate meter total	4 byte	C, R, T
			DPT 13.010	
This com <i>total"</i> has	munication object is enabled if in parame been selected with the option yes.	ter window <u>Metering (Wh),</u> page 2	29, the parameter Enal	ble "Meter reading
The Inter	mediate meter total is derived from the <i>N</i>	leter total. It is controlled via comr	nunication objects no.	3336.
33	Status	Intermediate meter total	1 byte	C, R, T
			non DPT	
This com <i>total"</i> has	munication object is enabled if in parame been selected with the option yes.	eter window <u>Metering (Wh),</u> page 2	29, the parameter Enal	ble "Meter reading
The value <i>values</i> .	e of the communication object is sent who	en a telegram is received on the c	ommunication object F	Request status
This com	munication object indicates whether the	ounter is ourreptly started or star	سمط محمله مايير اممرم الممر	
be errone thus not r	eous. This can be the case, for example, recorded.	during a start or stop event if bus	voltage is not available	neter reading could and this event is
be errone thus not r Telegram	eous. This can be the case, for example, recorded. n value:	during a start or stop event if bus	voltage is not available	neter reading could and this event is
be errone thus not r Telegram Bit 0:	eous. This can be the case, for example, recorded. n value: 1 = Meter reading is started 0 = meter reading is stopped	during a start or stop event if bus	voltage is not available	neter reading could and this event is
be errone thus not r Telegram Bit 0: Bit 1:	eous. This can be the case, for example, recorded. 1 = Meter reading is started 0 = meter reading is stopped 1 = Since the last reset of the meter reading may not be co 0 = Since the last reset of the	during a start or stop event if bus e intermediate meter a bus voltage e intermediate meter no bus voltage	ped and whether the n voltage is not available e failure or download h ge failure or download	neter reading could and this event is as occurred. The has occurred.
be errone thus not r Telegram Bit 0: Bit 1: Bit 27:	eous. This can be the case, for example, recorded. 1 = Meter reading is started 0 = meter reading is stopped 1 = Since the last reset of the meter reading may not be co 0 = Since the last reset of the Not used, 0.	during a start or stop event if bus l e intermediate meter a bus voltage rrrect. e intermediate meter no bus voltag	ped and whether the n voltage is not available e failure or download h ge failure or download	neter reading could and this event is as occurred. The has occurred.
be errone thus not r Telegram Bit 0: Bit 1: Bit 27: 34	eous. This can be the case, for example, recorded. 1 = Meter reading is started 0 = meter reading is stopped 1 = Since the last reset of the meter reading may not be co 0 = Since the last reset of the Not used, 0. Receive trigger 1	during a start or stop event if bus e intermediate meter a bus voltage prrect. e intermediate meter no bus voltage Intermediate meter total	e failure or download h ge failure or download h ge failure or download	neter reading could and this event is has occurred. The has occurred.

whether the intermediate readings are reset and/or sent.

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags		
34	Trigger 1 change time	Intermediate meter total	3 byte DPT 10.001	C, R, W, T		
This communication object is enabled if in parameter window <u>Meter reading total (Wh)</u> , page 32, the parameter <i>Trigger 1</i> ( <i>Start</i> ) <i>is activated by</i> has been selected with the option <i>Time</i> .						
The parameterized start time can be modified using this communication object.						
If the parameterized start time is received via the communication object <i>Receive time</i> (communication object no. 8), the intermediate meter starts. You can parameterize whether the intermediate readings are reset and/or sent.						
35	Receive trigger 2	Intermediate meter total	1 bit	C, W		
			DPT 1.017			
This comi	munication object is enabled if in paramete ad by has been selected with the option 1 b	r window <u>Meter reading total (Wh)</u> r <i>it object</i> .	age 32, the parameter	Trigger 2 (Start)		
The interr paramete has stopp	nediate meter reading is sent if a telegram rize whether the intermediate meter stops of red, the intermediate meter reading is not re	with the value 1 is received via this or continues to count when trigger 2 esent if a telegram with the value 1	communication object. 2 is received. If the inter is received.	You can mediate meter		
35	Trigger 2 change time	Intermediate meter total	3 byte	C, R, W, T		
			DPT 10.001			
This comi (Start) is a	munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the op	r window <u>Meter reading total (Wh)</u> , ion <i>Tim</i> e.	page 32, the parameter	Trigger 2		
The parar	meterized start time can be modified using	this communication object.				
If the parameterized start time is received via the communication object <i>Receive time</i> (communication object no. 8), the intermediate meter reading is sent. You can parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or continues to count when trigger 2 is received. If the intermediate meter has stopped, the intermediate meter reading is not resent if a telegram with the value 1 is received.						
	Trigger 2 change limit					
35	Trigger 2 change limit	Intermediate meter total	4 byte	C, R, W, T		
35	Trigger 2 change limit	Intermediate meter total	4 byte DPT 13.010	C, R, W, T		
35 This com (Start) is a	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opi	Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Limit.	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter	C, R, W, T		
<b>35</b> This comi <i>(Start) is a</i> The parar	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the op meterized limit can be modified using this c	Intermediate meter total r window <u>Meter reading total (Wh)</u> , ion <i>Limit</i> . ommunication object.	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter	C, R, W, T		
<b>35</b> This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a The parar If the para	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the op meterized limit can be modified using this c ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat	Intermediate meter total r window <u>Meter reading total (Wh)</u> , ion <i>Limit</i> . ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inte	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops.	C, R, W, T		
35 This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a The parar If the para 35	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete <i>activated by</i> has been selected with the op meterized limit can be modified using this c ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat Trigger 2 change duration	Intermediate meter total r window <u>Meter reading total (Wh)</u> , ion <i>Limit.</i> ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inter Intermediate meter total	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops. 2 byte DPT 7.006	C, R, W, T Trigger 2		
35 This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a The parar If the para 35 This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opi meterized limit can be modified using this c ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat Trigger 2 change duration munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opi	Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Limit. ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inte Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Duration.	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops. 2 byte DPT 7.006 page 32, the parameter	C, R, W, T Trigger 2 C, R, W, T Trigger 2		
35 This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a The parar If the parar 35 This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a The parar	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized limit can be modified using this c ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat Trigger 2 change duration munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized duration can be modified using the	Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Limit. ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inte Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Duration. his communication object.	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops. 2 byte DPT 7.006 page 32, the parameter	C, R, W, T Trigger 2 C, R, W, T		
35 This comi (Start) is a The parar If the parar 35 This comi (Start) is a The parar The interr intermedia	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized limit can be modified using this c ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat Trigger 2 change duration munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized duration can be modified using the mediate meter reading is sent when the parameter ate meter stops or continues to count wher ate meter reading is not resent if a telegram	Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Limit. ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inte Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Duration. nis communication object. rameterized duration is reached. Ye trigger 2 is received. If the intermed n with the value 1 is received.	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops. 2 byte DPT 7.006 page 32, the parameter page 32, the parameter page acceleration of the page acceleration o	C, R, W, T Trigger 2 C, R, W, T Trigger 2 ether the d, the		
35 This comm (Start) is a The parar If the parar 35 This comm (Start) is a The parar The interr intermedia intermedia 36	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized limit can be modified using this can ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat Trigger 2 change duration munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized duration can be modified using the mediate meter reading is sent when the para ate meter stops or continues to count wher ate meter reading is not resent if a telegram Reset	Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Limit. ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inter Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Duration. nis communication object. rameterized duration is reached. Ye trigger 2 is received. If the intermen with the value 1 is received. Intermediate meter total	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops. 2 byte DPT 7.006 page 32, the parameter page 32, the parameter ou can parameterize who ediate meter has stopped	C, R, W, T Trigger 2 C, R, W, T Trigger 2 ether the d, the C, W		
35 This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a The parar If the parar <b>35</b> This comm ( <i>Start</i> ) is a The parar The interr intermedia intermedia <b>36</b>	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized limit can be modified using this c ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat Trigger 2 change duration munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized duration can be modified using the meterized reading is sent when the para ate meter reading is not resent if a telegram Reset	Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Limit. ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inte Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Duration. his communication object. rameterized duration is reached. Yo trigger 2 is received. If the intermen n with the value 1 is received. Intermediate meter total Intermediate meter total	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops. 2 byte DPT 7.006 page 32, the parameter page 32, the parameter but can parameterize whi ediate meter has stopped 1 bit DPT 1.015	C, R, W, T Trigger 2 C, R, W, T Trigger 2 ether the d, the C, W		
35 This comm (Start) is a The parar If the parar 35 This comm (Start) is a The parar The interr intermedia intermedia <b>36</b> This comm <i>meter tota</i> The interr	Trigger 2 change limit munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized limit can be modified using this c ameterized limit is reached, the intermediat Trigger 2 change duration munication object is enabled if in paramete activated by has been selected with the opin meterized duration can be modified using the meterized duration	Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Limit. ommunication object. e meter reading is sent and the inte Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), ion Duration. nis communication object. rameterized duration is reached. Ye trigger 2 is received. If the intermen n with the value 1 is received. Intermediate meter total r window Meter reading total (Wh), or window Meter reading total (Wh), window Meter reading total (Wh), a value 1 is received via this comm	4 byte DPT 13.010 page 32, the parameter ermediate meter stops. 2 byte DPT 7.006 page 32, the parameter ou can parameterize whi ediate meter has stopped 1 bit DPT 1.015 page 32, the parameter unication object.	C, R, W, T Trigger 2 C, R, W, T Trigger 2 ether the d, the C, W Thtermediate		

### 3.3.6 Communication objects *Active power total*

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
37	Active power	Active power total	4 byte DPT 14.056	C, R, T
The comr total" has	nunication object is enabled when in paran been selected with option yes.	neter window <u>Function</u> , page 31, th	e parameter Monitor "Ad	ctive power
The value watts.	e of the communication object is calculated	from the sum of the active powers	of outputs AC and se	nt on the bus in
If the active negative. positive the second	ve power of one or more outputs is negativ The communication object can send negat preshold values).	e (power feed), it may occur that th ive power values, but the threshold	e total active power may d values cannot monitor	/ also be them (only
38	Threshold 1 lower limit	Active power total	4 byte	C, R, W, T
This com	munication object is enabled if in paramete	r window <u>Active power total</u> , page :	<b>DPT 14.056</b> 36, the parameter <i>Enabl</i>	le thresholds
Threshold	d 1 lower limit and Threshold 1 upper limit a	are the hysteresis limits of threshold	d value 1. If the value fal	Is below the
lower limi	t or exceeds the upper limit, a parameterize	ed reaction occurs (warning is sent	).	
39	Threshold 1 upper limit	Active power total	4 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 14.056	
See comr	nunication object 38.			
40	Threshold 1 warning	Active power total	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
This com has been	munication object is enabled if in paramete selected with the option yes.	r window <u>Active power total</u> , page	36, the parameter Enabl	le thresholds
The warn	ing is sent with the parameterized value if t	hreshold value 1 is exceeded or fa	llen below.	
41	Threshold 2 lower limit	Active power total	4 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 14.056	
See Three	shold 1.			
42	Threshold 2 upper limit	Active power total	4 byte DPT 14.056	C, R, W, T
See Three	shold 1.	·		
43	Threshold 2 warning	Active power total	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
See Three	shold 1.	1	1	1

### 3.3.7 Communication objects *Frequency*

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
44	Frequency	Frequency	4 byte DPT 14.033	C, R, T
The com been sel	munication object is enabled when ir ected with option yes.	n parameter window <u>Function</u> , p	age 31, the parameter Monito	r "Frequency" has
The valu	e of the communication object is sen	t in Hertz on the bus.		
45	Threshold 1 lower limit	Frequency	4 byte DPT 14.033	C, R, W, T
This corr selected	munication object is enabled if in pa with the option ves.	rameter window <u>Frequency</u> , pag	ge 38, the parameter Enable t	hresholds has been
Threshol lower lim	d 1 lower limit and Threshold 1 uppe it or exceeds the upper limit, a parar	or limit are the hysteresis limits of neterized reaction occurs (warn	of threshold value 1. If the valuing is sent).	e falls below the
46	Threshold 1 upper limit	Frequency	4 byte DPT 14.033	C, R, W, T
See com	munication object 45.			
47	Threshold 1 warning	Frequency	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
The warr	hing is sent with the parameterized v	alue if threshold value 1 is exce	eded or fallen below. 4 byte DPT 14.033	C, R, W, T
See Thre	eshold 1.			
49	Threshold 2 upper limit	Frequency	4 byte DPT 14.033	C, R, W, T
See Thre	eshold 1.			
50	Threshold 2 warning	Frequency	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
See Thre	eshold 1.	I	i	
51	Frequency error	Diagnostics	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
This com the comr <i>values</i> .	munication object is always enablec nunication object is sent on a change	. It signals when the frequency e and when a telegram is receiv	is out of the range $40 \le f \le 70$ ed on the communication obje	Hz . The value of ect Request status
Telegran	n value: 1 = The frequency is f < 0 = The frequency is 40	40 Hz or f > 70 Hz ≥ f ≤ 70 Hz		
### 3.3.7.1 Communication objects A: Diagnostics

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
62	Active power negative	A: Diagnostics	1 bit	C, R, T
			DTP 1.011	
This is a c communio	diagnostics bit for the output. The value of t cation object <i>Request status values.</i>	he communication object is sent w	hen a telegram is receive	ed on the
1 = Active	e power negative			
0 = Active	e power positive			

### 3.3.7.2 Communication objects A: Meter

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
74	Meter reading	A: Meter	4 byte	C, R, T
			DPT 13.010	
This comr has been	nunication object is enabled if in paramete selected with the option yes.	r window <u>A: Function</u> , page 44, the	parameter Enable funct	tion metering
The Mete	<i>r</i> can only be reset via communication obje	cts 11 and 12.		

### 3.3.7.3 Communication objects A: Intermediate meter

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
75	Meter reading	A: Intermediate meter	4 byte	C, R, T
			DPT 13.010	
This cor	nmunication object is enabled if ir	n parameter window <u>A: Function</u> , page 4	4, the parameter Enable	e function metering
has bee	n selected with the option yes.			
The inte	rmediate meter is derived from th	e meter total. It is controlled via commur	nication objects no. 76	.79.
76	Status	A: Intermediate meter	1 byte	C. R. T
			non DPT	•, •, •
This cor	nmunication object is enabled if ir	n parameter window <u>A: Function</u> , page 4	4, the parameter <i>Enable</i>	e function metering
has bee	n selected with the option yes. The	ne value of the communication object is s	ent when a telegram is	received on the
This cor	nmunication object indicates whe	ther the counter is currently started or sto	opped and whether the	meter reading could
thus not	recorded	xample, during a start of stop event if bu	s voltage is not availabl	e and this event is
Teleara	n value:			
	1 Meter reading is	atorta d		
BIT U:	0 = Meter reading is	stopped		
Bit 1:	1 = Since the last re	set of the intermediate meter a bus volta	ige failure or download l	nas occurred. The
	meter reading may i 0 = Since the last re	not be correct. eset of the intermediate meter no bus volt	age failure or download	has occurred.
Bit 2 7	not used. 0.			
77	Receive trigger 1	A: Intermediate meter	1 bit	C, W
			DPT 1.017	
This cor activate	nmunication object is enabled if ir d by has been selected with the o	n parameter window <u>A: Metering (Wh),</u> paption 1 bit object.	age 45, the parameter 7	Frigger 1 (Start) is
The inte	rmediate meter starts if a telegrar	n with the value 1 is received via this cor	mmunication object. You	u can parameterize
whether	the intermediate readings are res	set and/or sent.		
	e e			

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
77	Trigger 1 change time	A: Intermediate meter	3 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 10.001	

This communication object is enabled if in parameter window <u>A: Metering (Wh)</u>, page 45, the parameter *Trigger 1 (Start)* is activated by has been selected with the option *Time*.

The parameterized start time can be modified using this communication object.

If the parameterized start time is received via the communication object *Receive time* (no. 8), the intermediate meter starts. You can parameterize whether the intermediate readings are reset and/or sent.

78	Receive trigger 2	A: Intermediate meter	1 bit	C, W
			DPT 1.017	

This communication object is enabled if in parameter window <u>A: Metering (Wh)</u>, page 45, the parameter *Trigger 2 is activated by* has been selected with the option 1 bit object.

The intermediate meter reading is sent if a telegram with the value 1 is received via this communication object. You can parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or continues to count when trigger 2 is received. If the intermediate meter has stopped, the intermediate meter reading is not resent if a telegram with the value 1 is received.

78	Trigger 2 change time	A: Intermediate meter	3 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 10.001	

This communication object is enabled if in parameter window <u>A: Metering (Wh)</u>, page 45, the parameter *Trigger 2 is activated by* has been selected with the option *Time*.

The parameterized stop time can be modified using this communication object.

If the parameterized stop time is received via the communication object *Receive time* (no. 8), the intermediate meter reading is sent. You can parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or continues to count when trigger 2 is received. If the intermediate meter reading is not resent if a telegram with the value 1 is received.

78	Trigger 2 change limit	A: Intermediate meter	4 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 13.010	

This communication object is enabled if in parameter window <u>A: Metering (Wh)</u>, page 45, the parameter *Trigger 2 is activated by* has been selected with the option *Limit*.

The parameterized limit can be modified using this communication object.

If the parameterized limit is reached, the intermediate meter reading is sent and the intermediate meter stops. If the intermediate meter has stopped, the intermediate meter reading is not resent if a telegram with the value 1 is received.

78	Trigger 2 change duration	A: Intermediate meter	2 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 7.006	
This com	munication object is enabled if in paramete	r window <u>A: Metering (Wh),</u> page 4	5, the parameter Trigger	2 is activated

by has been selected with the option *Duration*.

The parameterized duration can be modified using this communication object.

The intermediate meter reading is sent when the parameterized duration is reached. You can parameterize whether the intermediate meter stops or continues to count when trigger 2 is received. If the intermediate meter has stopped, the intermediate meter reading is not resent if a telegram with the value 1 is received.

79	Reset	A: Intermediate meter	1 bit	C, W
			DPT 1.015	

This communication object is enabled if in parameter window <u>A: Metering (Wh)</u>, page 45, the parameter "Intermediate meter reading" additionally resettable by object has been selected with the option yes.

The intermediate meter is reset if a telegram with the value 1 is received via this communication object.

### 3.3.7.4 Communication objects A: Instrument and power values

	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
32	Active power	A: Active power	4 byte DPT 14.056	C, R, T
The com Monitor	nmunication object is enabled when in active power has been selected with	n parameter window <u>A: Instrument</u> option yes.	and power values, page 49	, the parameter
The valu	ue of the communication object is ser	it in watts on the bus.		
f the act hreshol	tive power is negative (power feed), d values (only positive threshold valu	he value of the communication objects).	ect can be issued, but not r	monitored by
33	Threshold 1 lower limit	A: Active power	4 byte DPT 14.056	C, R, W, T
This con	nmunication object is enabled if in pa	rameter window <u>A: Monitor active</u>	power, page 52, the param	eter <i>Enable</i>
Thresho ower lin <b>84</b>	old 1 lower limit and Threshold 1 uppen nit or exceeds the upper limit, a parar Threshold 1 upper limit	er limit are the hysteresis limits of the hysteresis limits of the neterized reaction occurs (warning <b>A: Active power</b>	nreshold value 1. If the valu j is sent). <b>4 byte</b>	e falls below the C, R, W, T
			DPT 14.056	
See com	nmunication object 83.			
	Т			
35	Threshold 1 warning	A: Active power	1 bit	C. R. T
85 This con	Threshold 1 warning	A: Active power rameter window <u>A: Monitor active</u>	1 bit DPT 1.005 power, page 52, the param	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i>
85 This con <i>threshol</i> The war	Threshold 1 warning mmunication object is enabled if in pa <i>ds</i> has been selected with the option ning is sent with the parameterized v Threshold 2 lower limit	A: Active power rameter window <u>A: Monitor active</u> yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power	1 bit DPT 1.005 power, page 52, the param ed or fallen below. 4 byte	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i>
85 This con <i>threshol</i> The war 36	Threshold 1 warning Threshold 1 warning Inmunication object is enabled if in pa ds has been selected with the option ning is sent with the parameterized v Threshold 2 lower limit	A: Active power rameter window <u>A: Monitor active</u> yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power	1 bit DPT 1.005 power, page 52, the param ed or fallen below. 4 byte DPT 14.056	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i>
85 This con <i>threshol</i> The war 86 See Thre	Threshold 1 warning Threshold 1 warning Inmunication object is enabled if in particle for the option Ining is sent with the parameterized v Threshold 2 lower limit eshold 1.	A: Active power rameter window <u>A: Monitor active</u> yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power	1 bit DPT 1.005 power, page 52, the param ed or fallen below. 4 byte DPT 14.056	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, T
85 This con threshol The war 86 See Thro 37	Threshold 1 warning         nmunication object is enabled if in particular particular day has been selected with the option ning is sent with the parameterized v         Threshold 2 lower limit         eshold 1.         Threshold 2 upper limit	A: Active power rameter window <u>A: Monitor active</u> yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power A: Active power A: Active power	1 bit         DPT 1.005         power, page 52, the param         ed or fallen below.         4 byte         DPT 14.056         4 byte         DPT 14.056	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, T
85 This con threshol The war 86 See Thre 87 See Thre	Threshold 1 warning         nmunication object is enabled if in particular partite particular partincepet pa	A: Active power rameter window <u>A: Monitor active</u> yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power A: Active power A: Active power	1 bit         DPT 1.005         power, page 52, the param         ed or fallen below.         4 byte         DPT 14.056         4 byte         DPT 14.056	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, T C, R, W, T
85 This cor. <i>threshol</i> The war 86 See Thro 87 See Thro 38	Threshold 1 warning         Immunication object is enabled if in particle of the parameter of the para	A: Active power rameter window A: Monitor active yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power A: Active power A: Active power A: Active power	1 bit         DPT 1.005         power, page 52, the param         ed or fallen below.         4 byte         DPT 14.056         4 byte         DPT 14.056         1 bit         DPT 1.005	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, T C, R, W, T
85 This cor threshol The war 86 See Thr 87 See Thr 88 See Thr	Threshold 1 warning         Immunication object is enabled if in parallow in the option ning is sent with the parameterized with the option ning is sent with the parameterized with the parameteri	A: Active power rameter window A: Monitor active yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power A: Active power A: Active power A: Active power	1 bit       DPT 1.005       power, page 52, the param       ed or fallen below.       4 byte       DPT 14.056       4 byte       DPT 14.056       1 bit       DPT 1.005	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, T C, R, W, T C, R, T
85 This cor threshol The war 86 See Thr 87 See Thr 88 See Thr 39	Threshold 1 warning         Immunication object is enabled if in parads         Immunication object is enabled if in parads         Ids has been selected with the option         ning is sent with the parameterized v         Threshold 2 lower limit         eshold 1.         Threshold 2 upper limit         eshold 1.         Threshold 2 warning         eshold 1.         Current value	A: Active power         rameter window A: Monitor active         yes.         alue if threshold value 1 is exceed         A: Active power	1 bit         DPT 1.005         power, page 52, the param         ed or fallen below.         4 byte         DPT 14.056         4 byte         DPT 14.056         1 bit         DPT 1.005         4 byte         DPT 14.056	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, T C, R, W, T C, R, T
85 This cor threshol The war 86 See Thr 87 See Thr 88 See Thr 39 The cor	Threshold 1 warning         Immunication object is enabled if in parallel for	A: Active power rameter window A: Monitor active yes. alue if threshold value 1 is exceed A: Active power A: Current n parameter window A: Instrument	1 bit         DPT 1.005         power, page 52, the param         ed or fallen below.         4 byte         DPT 14.056         4 byte         DPT 14.056         1 bit         DPT 1.005         4 byte         DPT 14.056	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, 1 C, R, W, 1 C, R, T C, R, T
85 This cor threshol The war 86 See Thr See Thr 88 See Thr 39 The corr Monitor	Threshold 1 warning         Immunication object is enabled if in parads         Immunication object is enabled if in parads         Immunication object is enabled with the option         Immunication object is enabled if in parads         Immunication object is enabled if in parads         Immunication object is enabled when in current has been selected with option	A: Active power         rameter window A: Monitor active yes.         alue if threshold value 1 is exceed         A: Active power         A: Current         parameter window A: Instrument         pes.	1 bit         DPT 1.005         power, page 52, the param         ed or fallen below.         4 byte         DPT 14.056         4 byte         DPT 14.056         1 bit         DPT 1.005         4 byte         DPT 14.056	C, R, T eter <i>Enable</i> C, R, W, T C, R, W, T C, R, T C, R, T

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
90	Threshold 1 lower limit	A: Current	4 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 14.019	
This comr has been Threshold	nunication object is enabled if in paramete selected with the option yes. I 1 lower limit and Threshold 1 upper limit a parameterize	r window <u>A: Monitor current</u> , page structure the hysteresis limits of threshold	54, the parameter <i>Enabl</i>	e thresholds Is below the
IOwer IIIIII	to exceeds the upper limit, a parameterize	ed reaction occurs (warning is sent	).	
91	Threshold 1 upper limit	A: Current	4 byte DPT 14.019	C, R, W, T
See comr	nunication object 90.			
92	Threshold 1 warning	A: Current	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
This comr has been	nunication object is enabled if in paramete selected with the option yes.	r window <u>A: Monitor current</u> , page {	54, the parameter <i>Enabl</i>	e thresholds
The warni	ng is sent with the parameterized value if t	hreshold value 1 is exceeded or fa	llen below.	
93	Threshold 2 lower limit	A: Current	4 byte DPT 14.019	C, R, W, T
See Three	shold 1.			
94	Threshold 2 upper limit	A: Current	4 byte DPT 14.019	C, R, W, T
See Three	shold 1.			
95	Threshold 2 warning	A: Current	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
See Three	shold 1.		1	
96	Voltage	A: Voltage	4 byte DPT 14.027	C, R, T
The comm Monitor a	nunication object is enabled when in param ctive power has been selected with option	neter window <u>A: Instrument and po</u> ves.	wer values, page 49, the	parameter
The value	of the communication object is sent in volt	s on the bus.		
97	Threshold 1 lower limit	A: Voltage	4 byte DPT 14.027	C, R, W, T
This comr has been	nunication object is enabled if in paramete selected with the option ves.	r window <u>A: Monitor voltage</u> , page	56, the parameter Enab	le thresholds
Threshold lower limit	1 1 lower limit and Threshold 1 upper limit a t or exceeds the upper limit, a parameterize	are the hysteresis limits of threshold ad reaction occurs (warning is sent	d value 1. If the value fail).	ls below the
98	Threshold 1 upper limit	A: Voltage	4 byte DPT 14.027	C, R, W, T
See comr	nunication object 97.	1		1

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
99	Threshold 1 warning	A: Voltage	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
This cor has bee	mmunication object is enabled if in pain selected with the option yes.	arameter window <u>A: Monitor voltage</u> , p	bage 56, the parameter I	Enable thresholds
The war	rning is sent with the parameterized	value if threshold value 1 is exceeded	or fallen below.	
100	Threshold 2 lower limit	A: Voltage	4 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 14.027	
See Thr	reshold 1.			
101	Threshold 2 upper limit	A: Voltage	4 byte	C, R, W, T
			DPT 14.027	
See Thr	reshold 1.			
102	Threshold 2 warning	A: Voltage	1 bit	C, R, T
			DPT 1.005	
See Thr	reshold 1.			
103	Apparent power	A: Apparent power	4 byte	C, R, T
			DPT 14.056	
This cor commu	mmunication object is enabled when nication object <i>Enable object "Appare</i>	in parameter window <u>A: Instrument ar</u> ent power" has been selected with the	nd power values, page 4 e option <i>ves</i> .	9, the parameter
The valu	ue of the communication object is se	nt in VA on the bus.		
105	Power factor	A: Power factor	4 byte	C, R, T
			DPT 14.057	
This cor commu	mmunication object is enabled when nication object <i>Enable object "Power</i>	in parameter window <u>A: Instrument ar</u> factor" has been selected with the op	nd power values, page 4 tion <i>yes</i> .	9, the parameter
106	Crest factor current	A: Crest factor current	4 byte DPT 14.057	C, R, T
This cor commur	mmunication object is enabled when nication object <i>Enable object "Crest</i> i	in parameter window <u>A: Instrument ar</u> factor" has been selected with the opti	nd power values, page 4 ion <i>yes.</i>	9, the parameter

### 4 Planning and application

### 4.1 Functions

The following functions are available and are explained in this chapter. A detailed description of the parameters and communication objects can be found in chapter 3.

- Meter reading
- Instrument and power values
- Load control

#### 4.1.1 Meter reading

For each output, there is a meter and a flexibly parameterized intermediate meter for detection of the active energy consumption of the connected loads in Wh. The three meters of outputs A, B and C are added to give the *Meter total*, for which an intermediate meter is also available.



The general settings for all meters are undertaken in the parameter window <u>Metering (Wh)</u>, page 29, and the "*Meter reading total*" is also enabled here. In parameter window <u>General</u>, page 25, the main and intermediate meters for the respective outputs are enabled.

In "normal" operation, the intermediate meters can be reset via 1 bit communication objects or defined events (Trigger 1, see below). If the main meter is also to be reset in exceptional cases, this can be undertaken using communication objects no. 11 and 12 (*Enable reset meters* and *Reset meter readings*). All main and intermediate meters are then stopped and reset.

The meter readings of the main meter (outputs A...C and total) can be sent cyclically and on request. They are buffered both in the event of mains voltage failure as well as bus voltage failure.

Functionality and configuration of the intermediate meters (Intermediate meter total and intermediate meter output) are always fundamentally the same.

Configuration and function of the intermediate meters:



The meter readings of the intermediate meter are derived from the respective main meter. The meter reading is not lost in the event of a bus voltage failure; however at bus voltage failure or ETS reset, it is possible that a trigger may be "missed". This is then indicated in the status byte of the intermediate meter.

#### Example

The intermediate meter should be started by the time 8:00. Due to a bus voltage failure, the time telegram "8:00" is not sent by the timer and the Energy Module receives "8:01" directly after "7:59". As a result, the intermediate meter is not started, the intermediate meter is then not correct. (However, the meter reading of the main meter is correct in this case).

Every intermediate meter has two triggers (trigger 1 and trigger 2).

Trigger 1 is the start event for the intermediate meter. It is possible to select whether the intermediate meter is started by the receipt of a 1 bit telegram or a time (external timer). Optionally, the meter reading at trigger 1 can be sent and/or reset. The start time can be parameterized but can also be changed via the bus.

The meter reading is sent on trigger 2. Optionally, the intermediate meter can be stopped with trigger 2. If the intermediate meter is stopped, the intermediate meter reading is not sent when triggered by trigger 2. For trigger 2, a 1 bit communication object, a time, a duration (in minutes) or a limit (in Watt hours) can be selected.

In addition to trigger 1 and trigger 2, a 1 bit communication object Reset can be enabled.

This enables a very flexible parameterization of the intermediate meter.

#### Application examples

1. Parameterization:

Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by = 1 bit communication object At Trigger 1 (Start)

Reset "Intermediate meter" = yes At Trigger 1 (Start)

Send "Intermediate meter" = yes

Trigger 2 is activated by = 1 bit communication object (trigger 2 is not used however)



The intermediate meter is sent, reset and restarted every time a telegram with the value 1 is received on trigger 1 (1 bit).

2. Parameterization:

Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by = Time (8:00)

Trigger 2 is activated by = Time (16:00)

The intermediate meter records consumption every day from 8:00 to 16:00, then sends the meter readings and continues to count the following day.



3. Parameterization:

Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by = Time (00:00)

Trigger 2 is activated by = Duration (15 minutes)

The intermediate meter counts continuously and sends the meter reading every 15 minutes. Synchronization with the timer occurs daily at 00:00.



4. Parameterization:

Trigger 1 (Start) is activated by = 1 bit communication object

At Trigger 1 (Start) Reset "Intermediate meter" = yes

Trigger 2 is activated by = Limit (5 kWh)

The intermediate counter is enabled (1 bit communication object).

#### 4.1.2 Instrument and power values

The following values can be monitored by threshold values with the Energy Module:

#### Instrument values

- Current value (per output)
- Voltage (per output)
- Frequency

#### **Power values**

- Active power (per output)
- Active power total (sum of outputs A...C)

Two thresholds are available for each of these values. Warnings can be sent dependent on whether thresholds are exceeded or the value falls below the threshold.

Each threshold value has an upper and lower limit. These are the hysteresis limits of the threshold values. Exceeding a threshold means that the upper limit is exceeded, falling below the threshold means that the lower limit is undershot.



Apparent power, power factor and crest factor cannot be monitored with threshold values, but are available as communication objects for each output.

#### Note

The progression of the current and voltage curves is not analyzed, i.e., analysis of the signal waveform (e.g. FFT) is not undertaken. All values are determined by sampling the signal.

Therefore, the power factor always results as the sum of the distortion power (e.g. dimmer currents) and displacement power (e.g. inductive or capacitive loads). This power factor does **not** (or only in special cases) comply with the  $\cos \varphi$  (Cosine Ph ) with a phase displacement current!

It can also not be used for reactive power compensation!

#### 4.1.3 Load control

The *Load control* is a functionality of the Energy Module, where the Energy Module is parameterized as a master that can control up to ten further Energy Actuators SE/S 3.16.1 as slaves. The master receives *Power values* from the slaves that are added internally to the *Send sum power values*. If the *Send sum power values* exceeds a parameterized load limit, the master sends *Load shedding stages* on the bus.

A separate *Load shedding stage* can be parameterized with every slave for each output. The slave receives the *Shedding stage* and switches all outputs off with the respective shedding stage. The master increases the *Shedding stage* until the *Send sum power values* falls below the allowed load limit.



The *Power values*, which the master receives can be the respective *Active power total* of another Energy Module, the *Active power* of an individual output or the *Power values* of the master. Furthermore, the received power values can be the power values of another KNX device, e.g. the Meter Interface Module ZS/S.

#### Function of the load control

The number of shedding stages that the master can send is determined in accordance with the number of priority stages that should be switched with the slaves. If the system only has two priority stages available, for example (priority 1 = always on; priority 2 can be switched off if required), one shedding stage is sufficient.

A *Load limit* can be parameterized on the master that cannot be exceeded. Alternatively, a load limit is available that can be changed via the bus, or there are four load limits available that can be alternately actively switched via a communication object.

Up to ten communication objects can be enabled that receive power values. The *Power values* 1...4 can also be internally logically linked, i.e. the *Active power Output* A...C or the *Active power total* of the master.

The received power values of the slave should generally be sent *after a change*. As soon as the master receives a new *Power value*, the sum of the power values is recalculated and a shedding stage is sent on the bus if necessary. Additionally, a cyclic monitoring time can be set. If the power values are not received within this monitoring period, the missing value is requested. If the value has still not been received, the corresponding bit in the diagnostic byte *Status load control* is set.

Depending on how fast the system should react, the reaction time is selected for when the load limit is exceeded and for when it is under the limit. If the value falls below the load limit, after the *Reaction time when exceeding load limit* has been completed, shedding stage 1 is sent on the bus. If the load limit is still exceeded, after a renewed *Reaction time when exceeding load limit* has been performed, the next shedding stage is sent until the value is again below the load limit. After the *Reaction time when falling below load limit* has been completed, the master reduces the shedding stage (restart attempt).

The service life of the slave relays must be considered with the parameterization of the reaction times. The system must be designed to ensure that the load control is only active at peak times or the reaction times for exceeding or falling below the load limit must be selected to be correspondingly long, so that frequent switching is avoided.

### 4.2 Reaction at download and ETS reset

The following values of the communication objects can be changed via the bus:

- Tíme, duration and limit with the intermediate meters
- All threshold limits
- Load limit with load control

Should you intend these values changed via the bus to be overwritten after a download or an ETS reset with the parameterized values, the corresponding parameters *Overwrite … with download or ETS reset* must be set to *yes*. With no, the values changed via the bus on download and ETS reset are retained.

### 4.3 Reaction at bus voltage recovery and ETS reset

With the following communication objects, you can parameterize the value at which they should be written after bus voltage recovery or an ETS reset:

 Deactivate load control master (only the value of the communication object at bus voltage recovery can be parameterized)

#### What is an ETS reset?

Generally an ETS reset is defined as a reset of the device via the ETS. The ETS reset is initiated in the ETS under the menu item *Commissioning* with the function *Reset device*. This stops the application program and it is restarted.

#### What is the difference between a download and a full download or an application update?

In the ETS, a differentiation can normally be made between partial programming and a download of the complete application program. ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> devices generally only perform a partial download even with the selection Application program under the menu item *Commissioning > Programming*. A download of the complete application program, provided that only the parameter settings are changed, is unnecessary and takes time.

#### Note

The download column in the following table applies both for partial download as well as the download of the complete application. If the device is discharged via the ETS (*Commissioning > Discharge...*) or if a new version of the application is loaded, the behaviour at full download/application update (right column) applies.

In the following table, the behaviour of the Energy Module is represented in the overview:

Reaction on:	Bus voltage recovery	Download	ETS reset	Full download/application update
Values of the communication objects	Generally, the values of the communication objects can be programmed. If not the communication object is written with the value 0.	Values are retained.	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery
Values that can be modified via the bus	Values are retained.	Values are saved or overwritten with the parameterized values depending on the setting of the parameter Overwrite with download or ETS reset.	As with download	Values are overwritten by the parameterized values.

### Load control master

Reaction on:	Bus voltage recovery	Download	ETS reset	Full download/application update	
Communication objects: Receive power value X	Power values are lost and set with the value 0.	Power values are retained.	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery	
Communication object: Deactivate load control master	The response can be parameterized: active not active unchanged.	If the function <i>Load control</i> <i>master</i> was active before the download, it will be reactivated after a download. If the function was not active before a download, it will not be activate after a download.	Is set to the value 0.	Is set to the value 0.	
Evaluation	The power values will be requested via Value Read. Evaluation starts after an evaluation delay of 10 s.	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery	
Load limit	The active load limit before bus voltage failure will be set again after bus voltage recovery.	Load limit can be changed = yes, object writable	As with download	Load limit can be changed = yes, object writable	
		The parameter Overwrite load limit with download or ETS reset determines whether the parameter values are accepted.		The parameter Overwrite load limit with download or ETS reset determines whether the parameter values are accepted.	
		Load limit can be changed = yes, 4 values selectable		Load limit can be changed = <i>yes, 4 values</i> <i>selectable</i>	
		The parameter Active load limit after download ETS reset determines the limit to be set.		Load limit 1 is active.	

### Meter (total and outputs A...C)

Reaction on:	Bus voltage recovery	Download	ETS reset	Full download/application update
Value of the communication object	Is retained.	Is retained.	Is retained.	Is retained.

#### Intermediate meter (total and outputs A...C)

Reaction on:	Bus voltage recovery	Download	ETS reset	Full download/application update	
Value of the communication object	Is retained.	Is retained.	Is set to the value 0.	Is set to the value 0.	
Start/stop event	Trigger 1 (Start):	A parameter decides	As with download	As with download	
	Is retained.	whether the values in the			
	Trigger 2 (Stop):				
	Is retained.				
	Time:				
	Every new event that concerns a parameterized start/stop time leads to an event, e.g.: The intermediate meter (IM) should start at 15:00. Before bus voltage failure, the time 15:00:01 is received; the IM starts. The bus fails. After bus voltage recovery, the time 15:00:45 is received, the IM restarts.				
Metering process	If the IM did not meter before bus voltage failure, then IM will not meter after bus voltage recovery. If the IM metered before bus voltage failure, the following applies: <b>1 bit object:</b> The IM continues to meter after bus voltage recovery. <b>End time:</b> The IM continues to meter after bus voltage recovery. <b>Duration:</b> The IM continues to meter after bus voltage recovery. The IM continues to meter after bus voltage recovery. The IM calculates its remaining time, completes it and then stops. <b>Metering volumes:</b> The IM continues to meter after bus voltage recovery. The IM continues to meter ut IM continues to meter after bus voltage recovery.	If the IM did not meter before download, then the IM will not meter after download. If the IM metered before download, then the IM will meter after download. If Trigger 1/2 of the IM has been changed at download, or the parameter should be accepted at download, the IM is set to the value 0 and stopped.	Is stopped and the metered value is set to the value 0.	As with ETS reset	

### Voltage, current, power, active power total, frequency (output A...C)

Reaction on:	Bus voltage recovery	Download	ETS reset	Full download/application update
Value of the communication object	It is set to the value 0 and refreshed with the next transmission of the measurement electronics.	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery
Values of the communication objects <i>Threshold x</i>	Is retained.	A parameter decides whether the values are accepted.	As with download	Parameterized values are accepted.
Values of the communication objects Threshold warning	Are sent after the first evaluation of the threshold with the current value, if the corresponding value is either larger than the upper limit or less than the lower limit, and the warning should be sent.	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery
Evaluation	The evaluation of the threshold values restart. The state of the hysteresis is lost.	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery	As with bus voltage recovery

## ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Appendix

### A Appendix

### A.1 Scope of delivery

The ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Energy Module EM/S 3.16.1 is supplied together with the following components. Please check the items received using the following list.

- 1 x EM/S 3.16.1, MDRC
- 1 x installation and operating instructions
- 1 x bus connection terminal (red/black)

## ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Appendix

### A.2 Code table Status intermediate meter (nos. 33, 76, 136 and 196), NON DPT

The following table shows you the telegram code of the status of the intermediate meter total and outputs A...C in hexadecimal and binary code.



# ABB i-bus<sup>®</sup> KNX Appendix

### A.3 Ordering information

Device type	Product name	Order No.	bbn 40 16779 EAN	Price group	Weight 1 pc. [kg]	Pack unit [pc.]
EM/S 3.16.1	Energy Module, 3F, 16/20 A, MDRC	2CDG 110 148 R0011	87706 0	P2	0.16	1



Notes

## Contact

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