## Push button 2gang, Flush-mounted (Up) 751620xx, 751621xx

## Technical <br> Documentation


(Fig.: ARSYS pw with labelling field)

(Fig.: ARSYS pw without labelling field)

The application module for pushing onto the flush-mounted bus coupling unit / flush-mounted mains coupling unit and on the bus coupling module and actuator modules in the flush-mounted concept. Depending on the application software used to trigger switch actuators, dim actuators and shutter actuators, and as a value transmitter for transmitting brightness values, or extension operations of the light scene push button. Mixed applications (dimming/shutter control, switching/shutter control or switching/dimming) possible through separate applications. Up to 4 switching groups can be controlled with the help of the application "switching/pushing".

## Supply instabus 三F

Terminal:
Protection class:

| Product management | $\Rightarrow$ Gebr. Berker |  | Push button 2gang, flush mounted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\Rightarrow$ Push button |  | Dimming 102A01 |
|  |  |  | Shutter 102B01 |
|  | $\Rightarrow$ Push button |  | Switching/pushing 103401 |
|  | 2gang |  | Switching, ackn. 100A12 |
|  |  |  | Value transmitter 101C01 |
|  |  |  | Dimming/shutter 103A01 |
|  |  |  | Switching/shutter 103B01 |
| Order data |  |  | Switching/dimming 103C01 |
| Design | Colour | Order no. | Order no. |
|  |  | with labelling field | without labelling field |
| Module 2 | white | 75162012 | 75162112 |
|  | polar white | 75162019 | 75162119 |
| ARSYS | white | 75162042 | 75162142 |
|  | polar white | 75162049 | 75162149 |
|  | light bronze, varnished | 75162044 | 75162144 |
|  | stainless steel, varnished | 75162043 | 75162143 |
| CLIPTEC | polar white | 75162059 | 75162159 |
|  | light grey | 75162050 | 75162150 |
|  | deep black | 75162055 | 75162155 |
|  | platinum, varnished | 75162058 | 75162158 |
| Twinpoint | polar white |  | 75162069* |
|  | red |  | 75162066* |
|  | black |  | 75162065* |
| B1/B3 | polar white | 75162089 | 75162189 |
|  | alu | 75162083 | 75162189 |
|  | antracite | 75162085 | 75162189 |

Colour polar white white
polar white
light bronze, varnished stainless steel, polar white light grey deep black polar white black
polar white antracite
via $\mathrm{BCU}(24 \mathrm{~V}$; $+6 \mathrm{~V} /-4 \mathrm{~V}$ ) from internal 5 V supply on BCU $2 \times 5$-pole application interface IP 20


Order no. with labelling field 75162012
75162019

75162049
75162043

75162059
75162150
75162155
75162158
75162069*
75162066*
75162065*

75162189
75162189
75162189

The application modules (AM) are equipped with a dismantling protection system*, which

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prevents the AM from being disconnected from the BCU. The Berker plug-in terminals of the socket outlet with earthing contact are shockproof and enable combinations of push buttons and 230 V socket outlets with earthing protectors under a single cover. A push button consists of an application module and BCU. These form 2 separate delivery units.

## Application characteristics

$\nabla$| Switching and dimming of 2 function |
| :--- |
| groups |

$\nabla$ Operating LED configurable

No. of group addresses:
max. 6
No. of associations:
$\max .6$

## Communications objects:

| Application: Dimming 102A01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Type | Prio | Flag |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Obj | Function | Name | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |  |  |  |  |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 0 | Switching | Push button 1 | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |  |  |  |  |
| $\square \vec{A}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | Switching | Push button 2 | 4 bit | Auto | CWT |  |  |  |  |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 2 | Dimming | Push button 1 | 4 bit | Auto | CWT |  |  |  |  |
| $\square \vec{F}$ | 3 | Dimming | Push button 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Object description: The "Dimming" function (EIS 2) is formed from the sub-functions "Switching" and "Dimming". Both functions are equipped with separate objects whose target addressed (group addresses) are different. The sub-functions are controlled in dependence on the duration of activation: short periods of activation (approx. $40-400 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) are processed as switching commands ( 1 bit ). Longer activation times ( $>400 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) are interpreted as dimming commands ( 4 bit). After activation ends, a "stop" telegram ( 4 bit) is sent and ends the dimming process.

## Parameter description

| General |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of operating LED | ON, OFF |
| Function of status LED | ON, OFF |

Function of operating LED: The device is connected to the system, the system voltage is available.
Function of status LED: The status LED is switched on when the corresponding button is pressed.

## Application characteristics

$\boxtimes$ Controls 2 function groups of motorized drives


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| Communications objects: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Application: Shutter 102B01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Obj | Function | Name | Type | Prio | Flag |
| $\square \vec{k}$ | 0 | Step operation | Push button 1 | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 1 | Step operation | Push button 2 | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 2 | Move operation | Push button 1 | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 3 | Move operation | Push button 2 | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |

Object description: the "shutter control" function is formed from the sub-functions "step operation" and "move operation". Both functions are equipped with separate objects whose target addressed (group addresses) are different. The sub-functions are controlled in dependence on the duration of activation. Pressing the buttons ( $<390 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) triggers "step operation" commands in actuators with corresponding group addresses and switches into a brief self-holding period (approx. 400 ms ). Holding the buttons triggers "move operation" commands. Actuators with the corresponding addresses switch into selfholding. The actuator determines the length of the self-holding period. Move operations are interrupted by activating any button (step object active). In contrast to switching lights, sending a telegram with the value 1 is set as movement down.

## Parameter description <br> Paramerer

| General |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of operating LED | ON, OFF |

Function of operating LED: the device is connected to the system, the system voltage is available.

## Application characteristics

V Controlling 2 functions groups
『 Operations LED configurable



Switchin g, acknowl.

No. of group addresses: 10
No. of associations: 10

## Communications objects:

## Application: Switching,acknowledge 100A01

|  | Obj | Function | Name | Type | Prio | Flag |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square \vec{z}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | Switching | Push button 1 | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square \overrightarrow{\&}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | Switching | Push button 2 | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |

Object description: The application "Switching,acknowledge" (transmission control) enables a switching command (ON/OFF) to be sent. Successful transmission (ON and OFF telegram) is displayed on the status LED in accordance with the time setting (period LED lit). Incoming telegrams have no effect on the LED display.


Parameter description

| General |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of operating LED | ON, OFF |
| Light duration of the status LED in <br> acknowledge mode | $0.75 \mathrm{~s}, 1.5 \mathrm{~s}, 2.25 \mathrm{~s}, 2.7 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 4.5 \mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}, 15 \mathrm{~s}, 20 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Command at operating the upper <br> push button | ON, OFF |
| Command at operating the lower <br> push button | ON, OFF |

Function of operating LED: The device is connected to the system, the system voltage is available. LED lit for long period: Successful transmission (ON and OFF) is indicated by the LED with variable lighting times. Command at operating upper/lower push button : Because of the neutral central position the standard setting can be varied, e.g. to realize an OFF push-button in a lighting controller.

| Push button $\mathbf{1 / 2}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of status LED | ON, OFF | | Function of status LED: When activated, a telegram is sent to the bus. The devices linked in a group |
| :--- |
| send an acknowledgement. The status LED indicates successful transmission and receive status. This |
| process applies to commands for switching both "ON" and "OFF". The statuses of other groups and |
| transmissions from devices belonging to the same group are not displayed. |

## Application characteristics

$\boxtimes$ Controls up to 4 values

Passive extension of a light scene
No. of group addresses:
No. of associations:
$\boxtimes$ Operating and status LEDs configurable
$\boxtimes$ Active extension of a light scene

## Communications objects:

## Application: Value transmitter 101C01

|  | Obj | Function | Name | Type | Prio | Flag |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 0 | Value/light scene | Push buttons | 1 byte | Auto | CT |

Object description: The value transmitter application enables up to 48 -bit values to the sent to the instabus. Optionally, 4 dimming values for controlling brightness or an active or passive extension function of the light scene push button for 4 light scenes can be set. In this case, the group address of the object is identical with the group address of the extension object of the light scene push button.

Parameter description

| General |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of operating LED | ON, OFF |
| Function of status LED | ON, OFF |
| Operating mode | Value transmitter <br> Call light scenes with memory funct. <br> Call light scenes without memory f. |
| Push button $\mathbf{1 / 2}$ |  |
| Command at operat. upper push button, value $(0 \ldots 255) /$ <br> light scene ( $1 . .8$ ) | $\mathbf{1} \ldots 8$ or $0 \ldots 255$ |
| Command at operat. lower push button, value $(0 \ldots 255) /$ <br> light scene (1...8) | $1.2 . .8$ or $0 \ldots 255$ |

Function of status LED: if a value (lighting arrangement, dimming value) is transmitted when a button is pressed, the LED confirms the process by lighting for 1 second. Successful storage of the light scene is indicated by the LED lighting for 3 seconds. If the period the LED is lit during storage is clearly exceeded, this is an indication that the function could not be carried out correctly. For more information see "light scene push button. (Ü-Flag, L-Flag, transmitting group address)
Function of operating LED: the device is connected to the system, the system voltage is available.
Operating mode: Value transmitter: The value transmitter function of the push button 2gang can be described as a 4gang touch dimmer with fixed value memory, because an operating button can be assigned two different values. If either the upper or lower push button is pressed, this generates a telegram with an 8 -bit value field. Dim actuators, controllers or analogue outputs can receive and evaluate this telegram because of the link to the object dimming value. The system moves to the dimming value, or the brightness is reduced, depending on the setting in the actuator. The complete dimming range ( $100 \%$ ) is divided into 255 steps. An increase by one step increases the brightness by about $0.4 \%$.
Operating mode: Call light scenes with memory funct.: The mode " Call light scenes with memory funct." enables a light scene push button to be operated as en extension, and is only possible in combination with a light scene push button.
Recall light scenes: If the upper/lower push button is pressed, a telegram with a group address and light scene identifier ( $1-8$ ) with telegram function ("set") is sent. The light scene push button connected to the same group address (object extension mode) receives the telegram and transmits the brightness or switching values stored under the light scene identifier to the actuators (object output light scene push button).
Save light scenes: The mode enables a light scene to be stored/altered through the extension operation. If the top/bottom button is held longer than 5 seconds, a telegram is sent with a group address and the preselectable identifier of the light scene and telegram function ("save"). The corresponding light scene push button (object extension operation) connected to the same group address receives the telegram and sends the transmission request for the current switching and brightness status to the actuators. The actuators transmit the values that are saved in the light scene push button.
Operating mode: Call light scenes without memory funct.: This mode does not enable a light scene to be saved/altered and is always practical where unwanted storage is to be avoided (functions description see above).

## Application characteristics

## $\boxtimes$ Switching up to 4 function groups through "TOGGLE" function

No. of group addresses:
max. 11
max. 11

No. of associations:
Communications objects:

## V Status LED carried out through separate objects and configurable

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| Application: Switching/pushing 103401 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Obj | Function | Name | Type | Prio | Flag |
| $\square \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*}$ | 0 | Switching/touching | Left upper push button | 1 bit | Auto | CRWT |
| $\square \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*}$ | 1 | Switching/touching | Left lower push button | 1 bit | Auto | CRWT |
| $\square \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*}$ | 2 | Switching/touching | Right upper push button | 1 bit | Auto | CRWT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 3 | Switching/touching | Right lower push button | 1 bit | Auto | CRWT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 4 | Triggering LED | Left status LED | 1 bit | Auto | CRWT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 5 | Triggering LED | Right status LED | 1 bit | Auto | CRWT |

Object description: The "switching/pushing" application enables the optional assignment of the rocker switch to generate switching commands in dependence on different activation forms. Each part of the rocker is realized separately through an object: upper button, lower button and status LED.

Parameter description

## General <br> Function of operating LED <br> ON, OFF

Operations LED The device is connected to the system, the system voltage is available.
Status LED ON: the status LED can be linked directly with group addresses through the separately realized object "triggering LED". The group addresses are received and evaluated for controlling the LED in accordance with the contents of the telegram.
If several group addresses are linked, please note that the contents of the last telegram received are always displayed.

| Left/right push buttons |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function of status LED | ON, LED always ON, LED always OFF |
| Command at operating the upper/lower push button | push $=$ ON; release $=--$ - (upper button) <br> push $=$ OFF; release $=--$ (lower button) <br> push $=$ TOG; release $=---$ <br> push $=$ ON $;$ release $=--$ <br> push $=---;$ release $=$ ON <br> push $=---;$ release $=$ OFF <br> push $=--;$ release $=$ TOG <br> push $=$ ON; $;$ release $=$ OFF <br> push $=$ OFF; $;$ release $=$ ON <br> push $=$ ON; release $=$ ON <br> push $=$ OFF; $;$ release $=$ OFF <br> push $=----;$ release $=--$ |

Command at operating the upper/lower push button: Activation forms (push, release) and type of switching command (ON, OFF, TOGGLE) can be distributed in many variants to the individual buttons (upper, lower) of the operating key. This enables flexible, cost-saving solutions for new systems and for extensions.
The "TOG" function enables a touch switch 4gang to be realized (e.g. for subsequent extension of a touch sensor 2gang by two functions without affecting the hardware).
Select the parameters push $=O N$, release $=$ OFF to simulate a classical push-button function.

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## Application characteristics

V Switching/dimming and controlling motorized drives through a single control position

V Variable touch and latching operations for the shutter control controls

No. of group addresses:
No. of associations:

『 Freely configurable rocker assignment
V Touch dimmer principle or area dimmer
V Variable status or operating LED in dimming mode
max. 5
max. 5

## Communications objects:

Application: Dimming / shutter control 103A01

|  | Obj | Function | Name | Type | Prio | Flag |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square \overrightarrow{-1}$ | 0 | Switching | Push button | 1 bit | Auto | CRT |
| $\square \overrightarrow{-1}$ | 1 | Dimming | Push button | 4 bit | Auto | CT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 2 | Step operation | Push button | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square \vec{*}$ | 3 | Move operation | Push button | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |

Object description: The object pairs $0 / 1$ or $2 / 3$ form the basis of the functions "Dimming/shutter control". The "dimming" function (EIS 2) is formed from the sub-functions "switching" and "dimming". Both functions are equipped with separate objects whose target addresses (group addresses) are different. The sub- functions are controlled in dependence of the duration of activation: Short activation (approx. $40-400 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) is processed as a switching command ( 1 bit). Longer activation ( $>400 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) is interpreted as a dimming command (4 bit). After activation is ended, a "stop" telegram (4 bit) is sent and ends the dimming process.
Object description: The "Shutter control" function is formed from the sub-functions "step operation" and "move operation". Both functions are equipped with separate objects whose target addressed (group addresses) are different. The sub-functions are controlled in dependence on the duration of activation. Pressing the buttons ( $<390 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) triggers "step" commands in actuators with corresponding group addresses and switches into a brief self-holding period (approx. 400 ms ). Holding the buttons triggers "move" commands. Actuators with the corresponding addresses switch into self-holding. The actuator determines the length of the self-holding period. Move operations are interrupted by activating any button (step operation object active). In contrast to switching lights, sending a telegram with the value 1 is set as movement down.

## Parameter description

| General |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of operating LED | ON, OFF |
| Configuration of push buttons | Left push b.: dimming; right push b.: shutter <br> Left push b.: shutter control; right push b.: dimming |

Function of operating LED: The device is connected to the system, the system voltage is available. Configuration of push buttons: The push button function can be selected in accordance with the application.

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| Function: dimming |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of status LED | as status indication, as operation indication, <br> always OFF, always ON |
| Light duration of the status LED in acknowledge <br> mode | $0.75 \mathrm{~s}, 1.5 \mathrm{~s}, 2.25 \mathrm{~s}, 2.7 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 4.5 \mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}, 15 \mathrm{~s}$, <br> 20 s |
| Function of the push buttons | upper = brighter (ON), lower = darker (OFF) <br> upper = darker (OFF), lower = brighter (ON) |
| Time between switching and dimming <br> base | $\mathbf{1 3 0 ~ \mathbf { ~ m s } , 2 0 0 \mathrm { ms } , 3 0 0 \mathrm { ms } , 4 0 0 \mathrm { ms } , 5 0 0 \mathrm { ms } , 7 5 0}$ <br> $\mathrm{ms}, 1 \mathrm{~s}, 1.5 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Time between switching and dimming <br> factor (2...127) | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Dimming brighter by | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}, 50 \%, 25 \%, 12.5 \%, 6 \%, 3 \%, 1.5 \%$ |
| Dimming darker by | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}, 50 \%, 25 \%, 12.5 \%, 6 \%, 3 \%, 1.5 \%$ |
| Send a stop telegram ? | Yes, no |

Function of status LED: The dimming function enables the display of the group status through the status LED. The mode of the status LED can be set in accordance with requirements: as a status display the status of the group addresses linked with the object 0 (switching) is displayed. If the object is assigned two group addresses, this can lead to overlapping. The "send" function of the dimming actuators / control units or the answer-back objects can be used to display the real status of the lighting. To confirm the transmission, the successful transmission of telegrams for both ON/brighter and OFF/darker functions is displayed briefly.
Function of the push buttons: In general, with manual functions in the instabus activating the top half of the rocker is set as ON, BRIGHTER. The function OFF, DARKER has proved successful for the bottom half. The parameter setting permits customized solutions.
Time between switching and dimming: basis/factor: In the instabus the "dimming" function consists of the sub-functions switching and dimming. Two different telegrams are generated in dependence on the duration of activation. If the push button is activated for less than the selected time, only a switching telegram is sent. Longer activation generates a "dim" telegram, so that the actuators can be dimmed, for example.
Dimming brighter/darker by: The "dimming" function can be divided into two different operating concepts by means of parameter settings: a function similar to the conventional touch dimmer and an area dimming function. The touch dimming function is prepared in the standard settings (100\%). Other settings lead to dimming by the preset dimming ranges.
Send a stop telegram?: In the standard setting Send a stop telegram ON means, after the button is released a "stop" telegram is sent and the dimming process is stopped immediately.
The setting OFF should only be used in combination with the control concept "range dimming" (lineoverlapping dimming). This means that after the button is released the current subdomain (e.g.: 2nd subdomain $6 \%$ ) is set to the limit value of the next ( $12 \%$ limit to the 3 rd subdomain $6 \%)$ t.

| Function: shutter |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Function of the push button | upper = UP, Iower = DOWN <br> upper = DOWN, lower = UP |  |
| Number of steps before moving <br> $(1 . .30)$ | $\mathbf{1 . . 3 0}$ |  |
| Time between two telegrams, basis | $8 \mathbf{~ m s}, 130 \mathrm{~ms}, 2.1 \mathrm{~s}, 33 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Time between two telegrams, factor $(2 \ldots 255)$ | $2 \ldots . .46 . .255$ |  |

Function of the push buttons: In general, with manual functions in the instabus activating the top half of the rocker is set as ON, UP. The function OFF, DOWN has proved successful for the bottom half. The parameter setting permits customized solutions.
Number of steps before moving (1..30), Time between two telegrams: base/factor: The overall function of the shutter control function differentiates between "step" commands (step = inching mode) and continuous commands (move $=$ latching mode). Both 1 bit switching telegrams are generated separately in dependence on the activation time (time between step and move = time between inching and latching mode). Depending on the duration of activation several step commands can be triggered consecutively to extend the overall time for latching mode (example of application: sunshades). The

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start of each activation always triggers a step command initially which starts the step function of the actuators.
Function sequences "shutter control" with the parameter settings:
Number of step commands: 4
Time between commands: $\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathbf{~ m s e c}$

Step operation time in the actuator: $\mathbf{3 0 0} \mathbf{~ m s e c}$


Activation for approx. 700 msec . Four step commands are sent. After the 4th step command ( $\mathrm{t}=600 \mathrm{msec}$ ) the total short-operations time runs through in the actuator, so that the actuator releases the drive after about 900 msec .

## Activation here is longer than 800

 $\mathrm{msec}=4$ step commands, so that the touch sensor sends the permanent ops. command.After release, the drive remains in the latch mode and is only disconnected from the mains by limit switches or expiry of the lath time (actuator parameters).

Important: In order to achieve a smooth transition from step to permanent mode the time limit in the sensors (time between two telegrams) should be set at a value slightly less than the short-time controller (step) of the actuators!
Long-time operations are interrupted by activating any button. Precondition is the allocation of the short-time object.

## Application characteristics

■ Switching and controlling motorized drives through a single operating point

Touch and latch mode of Shutter control controller adjustable

No. of group addresses:
No. of associations:Freely configurable rocker assignmentStatus or operations LED adjustable in switching mode
max. 9
max. 11

Switch./
Shutter control 103B01

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## Communications objects:

Application: Switching / Shutter control 103B01

|  | Obj | Function | Name | Type | Prio | Flag |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square \overrightarrow{-1}$ | 0 | Switching | Top button | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square$ | 1 | Switching | Bottom button | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square$ | 2 | Short-time operations | Short-time operations | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |
| $\square \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*}$ | 3 | Long-time operations | Long-time operations | 1 bit | Auto | CWT |

Object description: The object pairs $0 / 1$ and $2 / 3$ form the basis for the functions "Switching/Shutter control". In the "Switching" function the activating rocker is triggered in the components top button and bottom button with separate objects. This means that with the help of the "UM" function 2 switch commands can be triggered.
The "Shutter control" function is formed from the sub-functions "short-time" and "long-time operations". Both functions are equipped with separate objects whose target addresses (group addresses) must be different. The sub-functions are controlled in dependence on the duration of activation. Pressing the buttons (<390 ms) triggers "step" commands in actuators with corresponding group addresses and switches into a brief self-holding period (e.g. 400 ms in accordance with the actuator parameters ). Holding the buttons triggers "move" commands. Actuators with the corresponding addresses switch into self-holding. The actuator also determines the length of the self-holding period. Move operations are interrupted by activating any button (step operation object active). Sending a telegram with the value 1 is set as movement down.

## Parameter description

| General |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Function of operating LED | ON, OFF |
| Configuration of push buttons | Left push b.: switching; right push b.: shutter <br> Left push b.: shutter; right push b.: switching |

Function of operating LED: The device is connected to the system, the system voltage is available. Configuration of push buttons: The push button function can be selected in accordance with the function.

| Function: Switching |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function of status LED | as status indication, as operating indication, always OFF, always ON |
| Light duration of the status LED in acknowledge mode | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \mathrm{~s}, 1.5 \mathrm{~s}, 2.25 \mathrm{~s}, 2.7 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 4.5 \mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}, 15 \mathrm{~s}, \\ & 20 \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ |
| Command at operating the upper/lower push button |  |

Command at operating the upper/lower push button: Activation forms (push, release) and type of switching command (ON, OFF, TOG) can be distributed in many variants to the individual buttons (upper, lower) of the operating key. This enables flexible, cost-saving solutions for new systems and for extensions.
The "TOGGLE" function enables the realization of a switching function through a push-button. This

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means that 2 switch commands can be generated for each rocker.

| Function: Shutter |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function of push buttons | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { upper = UP, lower = DOWN, } \\ & \text { upper = DOWN, lower = UP, } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Number of steps before permanent moving (1..30) | 1... 30 |
| Time between two telegrams: base | $8 \mathrm{~ms}, 130 \mathrm{~ms}, 2.1 \mathrm{~s}, 33 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Time between two telegrams: factor (2...255) | 2...46.. 255 |

Function of push buttons: In general, with manual functions in the instabus activating the top half of the rocker is set as ON, BRIGHTER, UP. The function OFF, DARKER, DOWN has proved successful for the bottom half. The parameter setting permits customized solutions.
Number of steps before permanent moving (1..30), Time between two telegrams: base/factor: The overall function of the shutter control function differentiates between "step" commands (step = inching mode) and continuous commands (move $=$ latching mode). Both 1 bit switching telegrams are generated separately in dependence on the activation time (time between step and move = time between inching and latching mode). Depending on the duration of activation several step commands can be triggered consecutively to extend the overall time for latching mode (example of application: sunshades). The start of each activation always triggers a step command initially which starts the step operation function of the actuators.
Function sequences "Shutter control " with the parameter settings:
Number of step commands: 4
Time between commands: $\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathbf{~ m s e c}$
Step operation time in the actuator: $\mathbf{3 0 0} \mathbf{~ m s e c}$


