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# KNX IP router Order No. 2167 00



#### **Table of Contents**

<u>1</u>	<u>Produ</u>	uct definition	<u> 4</u>
	1.1 Pro	oduct catalogue	4
		cessories	4
	1.3 Ap	plication	4
<u>2</u>	Instal	lation, electrical connection and operation	5
		fety instructions	
		vice design	
		tallation and electrical connection	
		art-uperation	
	2.5 Op	eration	11
<u>3</u>	Techi	nical data	13
<u>4</u>	<u>Softw</u>	rare description	<u> 14</u>
	4.1 So	ftware specification	11
	4.1 So	ftware "KNX/IP router 901210"	14
	4.2.1	Range of functions	
	4.2.2	Information on the software	
	4.2.3	Object table	
	4.2.4	Functional description	
	4.2.5	State of delivery	
	4.2.6	Parameters	21
	4.3 So	ftware "Data logger/clock 901310"	27
	4.3.1	Range of functions	
	4.3.2	Information on the software	
	4.3.3	Object table	
	4.3.4	Functional description	
	4.3.5	State of delivery	
	4.3.6	Parameters	33
<u>5</u>	<u>Appe</u>	ndix	<u>35</u>
	5.1 Op	eration as an area or line coupler	25
		eration as an IP data interface in the ETS3	
		eration as an IP data interface in the ETS/	

6	<u>Li</u>	icense Agreement KNX/IP Router Software	45
	6.1	Definitions	45
	6.2	Subject matter of the agreement	
	6.3	Rights of use of the KNX/IP Router software	
	6.4	Restriction of rights of use	
	6.5	Ownership, secrecy	
	6.6	Changes, additional deliveries	
	6.7	Warranty	
	6.8	Liability	
	6.9	Applicable law	
	6.10	··	
	6.11	Subsidiary agreements and changes to the agreement	
	6.12		48
<u>7</u>	0	pen Source Software	49
	7.1	GNU GPL, Version 2, June 1991	50
	7.2	GNU LGPL. Version 2.1. February 1999	



#### 1 Product definition

#### 1.1 Product catalogue

Product name: KNX/IP router

Application: gateway, data logger/IP interface

Design: DRA (series installation)

Order No.: 2167 00

#### 1.2 Accessories

Additional power supply Order No.: 1296 00

KNX/EIB power supply 320 mA

Order No.: 1086 00

#### 1.3 Application

The KNX/IP router connects the Instabus KNX/EIB lines via data networks (Ethernet) using the Internet Protocol (IP). It uses the KNXnet/IP standard so that KNX/EIB telegrams can not only be forwarded between lines via an IP network, but bus access is also possible from a PC or other data processing devices.

The KNX/IP router can be used as an IP data interface for the ETS 3.0 Version "f" or higher or the ETS 4.0 or higher.

The device supports up to 4 KNXnet/IP tunneling connections and thus enables parallel bus access, e.g. via the ETS and other PC software.

It has an integrated switch with two RJ45 connections. This enables several KNX/IP routers or other IP devices to be connected to the distribution without the aid of other active components.

The KNX/IP router can be used as an area or line coupler. In this function, it interconnects two KNX/EIB lines to a logistical functional area and guarantees electrical isolation between these lines. As a result, each bus line of a KNX/EIB installation can be operated electrically independently of the other lines. The exact function of the device is determined by the physical address.

The KNX/IP router can be used as a data logger. It features a card reader for Micro SDHC cards up to 32 GB. The KNX/EIB telegrams in an ETS3 or ETS4-compliant format can be recorded to the card for analysis purposes.

As a clock, the KNX/IP router can send the time and date to the bus at configurable intervals. Synchronisation with a NTP server is possible.

The KNX/IP router requires a separate power supply 24..30V DC ±10% to operate. The KNX/IP router is supplied with power by this operating power connection. Thus, it is possible for bus voltage failures to be reported via the data network.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 4 of 62

### 2 Installation, electrical connection and operation

### 2.1 Safety instructions

Installation and mounting of electrical devices may only be carried out by a qualified electrician. In doing so,

the applicable accident prevention regulations must be observed.

Failure to observe the installation instructions can result in damage to the device, fire or other dangers.

Please see the operating instructions enclosed with the device for more information.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 5 of 62

### 2.2 Device design

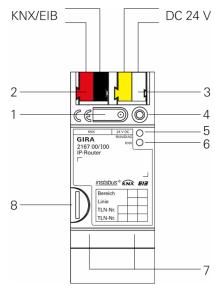


Figure 1: KNX/IP router

- **1** Programming button
- 2 KNX connection
- 3 External power supply connection\* 24..30V DC ±10%.
- 4 Programming LED (red/yellow/orange)
  red=router
  yellow=data logger/clock
  orange=router and data logger/clock
- **5** LED operation indication (green) on: ready for operation

flashing: diagnosis code

6 LED KNX (yellow)

on: KNX is connected off: KNX is not connected flashing: data on KNX line

**7** Ethernet connection

 10/100 speed (green) on: 100 Mbit/s

off: 10 Mbit/s

link/ACT (orange)

on: link to IP network off: no connection

flashing: data reception on IP

8 Micro SD card holder

#### Dimensions:

Width (W): 36 mm (2 HP) Height (H): 90 mm Depth (D):

74 mm

Order No. 2167 00 Page 6 of 62



#### 2.3 Installation and electrical connection

#### DANGER!



Electric shock if live parts are touched. Electric shock may lead to death. Isolate connection cables before working on the device. Cover up live parts in the vicinity!

#### Installing the device

- Snap the cap rail on according to DIN EN 60715. Network connection must be located on the bottom.
   A KNX/EIB data rail is not necessary.
- i Observe temperature range (0 °C...+45 °C) and ensure sufficient cooling if necessary.

#### Connecting the device

- Connecting the KNX/EIB bus to the KNX connection of the router (2) with a KNX/EIB connection terminal.
- Connecting the external power supply\* to the power supply connection (3) of the router using a KNX/EIB connection terminal (preferably yellow/white).
- Connecting one or two network lines to the network connection of the router (7).

Order No. 2167 00 Page 7 of 62

<sup>\*:</sup> The non-choked output of a KNX/EIB power supply unit can also be used as an external power supply. Ensure that the maximum quantity of KNX/EIB devices which can be operated with the KNX/EIB power supply unit is reduced accordingly.

#### Mounting / removing the cover cap

A cover cap can be mounted for secure isolation to protect the bus connection / power supply connection from dangerous voltage, particularly in the connection area.

The cap is mounted with an attached bus and power supply terminal and a connected bus and power supply line to the rear.

- Mounting the cover cap: The cover cap is pushed over the bus terminal (compare with Figure 2.A) until it engages noticeably.
- Removing the cover cap: The cover cap is removed by pressing it in slightly on the side and pulling it off to the front (compare with Figure 2.B).

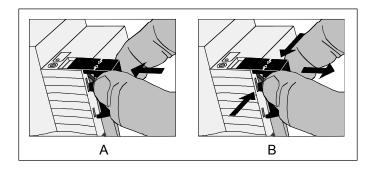


Figure 2: Mounting / removing the cover cap

Order No. 2167 00 Page 8 of 62



#### 2.4 Start-up

After installing the device and connecting the bus line, power supply and Ethernet, the device can be started up.

The following physical addresses are factory preset

Router 15.15.0 Data logger / clock 15.15.255

These addresses have to be reprogrammed in order to be able to use the device. In addition, both application programs should be imported. Without the imported application, the router works with default settings.

#### Programming the physical address of the router

Programming is done in the programming environment of the ETS (3.0f, 4.0 or higher). An additional KNX/EIB data interface is not required for programming. A connection to the device can be established via IP or KNX.

- Ensure that the device and bus voltage are switched on
- Ensure that the programming LED (4) is not illuminated. If it lights up yellow, press the programming button (1) until it goes out (>4s).
- Briefly (<4s) press the programming button (1).</li>
   Programming LED (4) lights up red
- Program the physical address using the ETS.
   Programming LED (4) goes out after a successful programming process.
- Make note of the physical address on the device
- If the device was programmed without an additional KNX/EIB data interface, the tunneling connection must be set up again after the programming process.

#### Programming the physical address of the data logger/clock

Programming is done in the programming environment of the ETS (3.0f, 4.0 or higher). An additional KNX/EIB data interface is not required for programming. A connection to the device can be established via IP or KNX.

- Ensure that the device and bus voltage are switched on
- Ensure that the programming LED (4) is not illuminated. If it lights up red, press the programming button (1) as briefly as necessary to deactivate it (<4s).
- Press the programming button (1) for a long time (>4s).
   Programming LED (4) lights up yellow.
- Program the physical address using the ETS.
   Programming LED (4) goes out after a successful programming process.
- Make note of the physical address on the device
- If the device was programmed without an additional KNX/EIB data interface, the tunneling connection must be set up again after the programming process.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 9 of 62

#### Programming application programmes and configuration data

After programming the physical address, the application programmes for the router and the data logger/clock must be imported into the device. A connection to the device can be established via IP or KNX.

- Ensure that the device and bus voltage are switched on
- Parameterise the respective device accordingly in the ETS
- Import the software to the device
- Wait approximately 10 seconds after the download, during which the device transfers the data
- Start-up is complete
- If the device was programmed without an additional KNX/EIB data interface, the tunneling connection must be set up again after the programming process.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 10 of 62

#### 2.5 Operation

The KNX/IP router features 3 status LEDs on the top of the housing and 4 status LEDs on the network connection. In addition, there is a programming button with which the router and / or the data logger/clock can be put into programming mode.

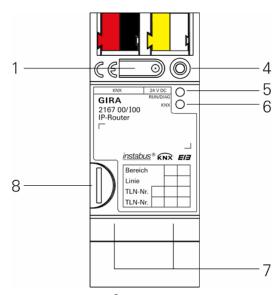


Figure 3: KNX/IP router

- 1 Programming button
- **4** Programming LED (red/yellow/orange)

red=router

yellow=data logger/clock

orange=router and data logger/clock

**5** LED operation indication (green)

on: ready for operation

flashing: diagnosis code

6 LED KNX (yellow)

on: KNX is connected

off: KNX is not connected

flashing: data on KNX line

#### **7** Ethernet connection

10/100 speed (green)

on: 100 Mbit/s

off: 10 Mbit/s

link/ACT (orange)

on: link to IP network

off: no connection

flashing: data reception on IP

8 Micro SD card holder

Order No. 2167 00 Page 11 of 62

#### Diagnosis codes

The current device status can be concluded using the operation indication (5):

- LED off: device is not switched on or not yet completely powered up.
- LED on: device is ready for operation.
- LED flashes slowly (~1Hz): Device is not configured or was configured with impermissible parameters. The physical addresses must be set for the router and for the data logger/clock and both application programs must be imported to the device with permissible parameters for the LED to stop flashing. See "2.4 Start-up" for more details.
- LED flashes quickly (~4Hz): internal device error. Please contact support.

#### LED status when starting up the device

When the device is started up properly, the yellow LED (6) flashes when the operating voltage is applies, thus signalising the start-up process. As soon as the device has completely started up, the green LED (5) lights up continuously if the device is already parameterised, or it flashes according to the diagnosis codes. From this time on, the yellow LED (6) signalises the KNX bus status and KNX telegrams.

A self-test is carried out when the device is started up. If an error occurs here, the yellow LED (6) and the green LED (5) flash alternately directly after the operating voltage is applied. In this case, please contact support.

#### Micro SD card holder (8)

A Micro SD card must be inserted for the data logger to be able to record telegrams. In addition, if a Micro SD card is inserted, a log file with system events is automatically created on the card. Cards up to a maximum of 32 GB are supported. The cards must be formatted with FAT32.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 12 of 62

#### 3 Technical data

KNX medium TP

Start-up mode S mode (ETS)
KNX supply DC 21...30V SELV
KNX connection Bus connection terminal

External supply

Voltage DC 24..30V ±10% Connection connection terminal

Power consumption typically 2W (for 24V DC, 2 Ethernet lines connected)

IP communication Ethernet 10 /100 BaseT (10/100 MBit)

IP connection 2 x RJ45

Supported protocols ARP, ICMP, IGMP, UDP/IP, DHCP, AutoIP

KNXnet/IP in compliance with KNX system specification:

core, routing, tunneling, device management

Micro SD card max. 32 GByte

RTC buffering ≥24h

Ambient temperature 0 °C to +45 °C
Storage temperature -25 °C to +70 °C
Installation width 36 mm (2 HP)

Installation height 90 mm Installation depth 74 mm

Protection type IP20 (compliant with EN60529)
Protection class III (compliant with IEC 61140)

Test marks KNX, CE

Order No. 2167 00 Page 13 of 62

### 4 Software description

### 4.1 Software specification

ETS search paths: - System devices / IP router / KNX/IP router

- Communication / IP data logger / KNX/IP router

Configuration: S-mode standard

Applications:

No.	Brief description	Name	Version
1	KNX/IP router	KNX/IP router 901210	1.0
2	Data logger / clock	Data logger/clock 901310	1.0

Order No. 2167 00 Page 14 of 62

#### 4.2 Software "KNX/IP router 901210"

#### 4.2.1 Range of functions

- Simple connection to higher-level network systems by using the Internet Protocol (IP)
- Direct access from each point in the IP network to the KNX/EIB installation (KNXnet/IP tunneling – no bus monitor mode)
- Fast communication between KNX/EIB lines, areas and systems (KNXnet/IP routing)
- Communication across buildings and estates (networking of estates)
- Filtering and forwarding of telegrams depending on:
  - physical address
  - group address
- Simple configuration with the ETS 3/4
- Failure message of the KNX/EIB system to applications via KNXnet/IP
- Support of up to 4 parallel KNXnet/IP tunneling connections
- Simple connection of visualisation systems and facility management systems
- If a Micro SD card is inserted, there is automatic creation of a system log with important events for analysis purposes

Order No. 2167 00 Page 15 of 62

#### 4.2.2 Information on the software

- The KNX/IP router can be parameterised for ETS 3.0f or higher.
- When using ETS 3.0f, the Falcon must be updated to Version 2.0. The update can be obtained from the KNX homepage (<a href="http://www.knx.org">http://www.knx.org</a>) free of charge.
- The "bus monitor" function is not supported by the KNX/IP router.
- The KNX/IP router may not be programmed with the application of the IP router 1030 00.
- There is also router functionality without a parameterised data logger.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 16 of 62

Software **"KNX/IP** router 901210" Object table

## 4.2.3 Object table

Number of communication objects: 0

Order No. 2167 00 Page 17 of 62

#### 4.2.4 Functional description

#### Monitoring for bus voltage failure

The KNX/IP router monitors the KNX bus for power failure. It can be configured so that a message is sent to the IP network if there is a state change to the bus voltage. This can be configured using the "Monitoring for bus voltage failure" parameter on the "General" parameter page. The default is "blocked".

If the parameter is activated, a TP bus voltage failure on the IP side will trigger a broadcast command (GA=0/0/0) of the type "NetworkParameterWrite".

The data content is "00063301" (hex) for bus voltage failure and "00063300" (hex) for bus voltage return. This command can for example be evaluated by the HomeServer with the reception of a simple IP telegram. (Setting: UDP/Multicast with the port 3671 and the corresponding IP addresses. Initially "any desired data" must first be received for the data blocks, and then the binary data "000633". The values "01" and "00" for the failure and return respectively can be assigned a 1-byte communication object.)

#### IP address assignment

The device's IP address can either be assigned manually or via a DHCP server. This can be configured using the "IP address assignment" parameter on the "General" parameter page.

For the "Manual entry" setting, the values which are preset on the "IP address", "IP subnet mask" and "IP standard gateway" parameter pages are valid for the router. In the state of delivery, the router gets its IP address from a DHCP server.

For the "From DHCP service" setting, a DHCP server must assign the KNX/IP router a valid IP address. If there is not a DHCP server available for this setting, the router starts up after a certain waiting time with an AutoIP address (address range from 169.254.1.0 to 169.254.254.255). As soon as a DHCP server is available, the device is automatically assigned a new IP address.

#### IP routing multicast address

The IP routing multicast address determines the target address of the KNX/IP router's IP telegrams. The default setting is 224.0.23.12. This is the address determined for KNX IP devices by the KNX Association in conjunction with the IANA. It should only be changed if it becomes necessary due to the existing network. In the process, it must be observed that all KNX IP devices which should communicate with one another via IP must use the same IP routing multicast address. The corresponding setting can be carried out on the "General" parameter page.

If a new IP routing multicast address is loaded to the device per KNX/IP routing, the ETS outputs the error message "Download failed". Redownloading should then run without issues. This behaviour is due to the system.

#### Telegram filtering

The KNX/IP router can filter telegrams both from KNX to IP as well as in the other direction. For this, there are the parameters "Group telegrams of the main group 0-13" and "Group telegrams of the main group 14-31" on the "Bus->IP" and "IP->Bus" parameter pages. For telegrams of the main groups 0-13, the options "forward", "block" and "filter (normal)" are available. If this parameter is set to "filter (normal)", a filter table is created automatically by the ETS and also loaded to the device during downloading. For telegrams of the main groups 14-31, the options "forward" and "block" are available. Filtering is not possible here as the ETS does not provide a corresponding filter table. In addition, a filter option for individually (physically) addressed telegrams and broadcast telegrams is available for both communication directions. This can either be forwarded, blocked or filtered. The corresponding parameter is located on the "Bus->IP" and "IP->Bus" parameter pages.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 18 of 62

Software **"KNX/IP** router 901210" Functional description

#### Telegram confirmation of group-oriented telegrams

From the KNX side, the KNX/IP router can either confirm all group-oriented telegrams or only those telegrams which are forwarded from KNX to IP. In this case, only those telegrams are confirmed which are entered in the filter table of the device. The corresponding "Telegram confirmation of group-oriented telegrams" parameter is located on the "Bus->IP" parameter page. The default is "always".

#### Automatic creation of a system log when a Micro SD card is inserted

If a Micro SD card is inserted in the device, a system log is automatically created on the card. This log is saved in the card's root directory in the file System.txt. Important system events are noted in this log. Specifically, these events are:

- · Programming the router
- Programming the data logger / clock
- Setting the time via KNX or NTP
- Error during NTP synchronisation
- · Change of the IP address
- · KNX voltage failure
- KNX voltage return
- Restart of the device
- KNX bus status when starting up the device
- SD card full and resulting end of system event logging

The System.txt file can have a maximum size of 1 megabyte. If this size is exceeded, the current System.txt is renamed System.bak and a new System.txt file is created. If this again exceeds the 1 megabyte limit, the old System.bak is overwritten and a new System.txt file is created. Micro SDHC cards up to a maximum of 32 GB are supported. The cards must be formatted with FAT32.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 19 of 62

## 4.2.5 State of delivery

Physical address	15.15.0
physical address of the tunneling connections	15.15.255
Device name	Gira KNX/IP router
Monitoring for bus voltage failure	blocked
IP address assignment	from DHCP service
IP address	DHCP
IP routing multicast address	224.0.23.12
IP subnet mask	DHCP
IP standard gateway	DHCP
Bus->IP	
Group telegrams of the main group 0-13	filter (normal)
Group telegrams of the main group 14-31	forward
Individually addresses telegrams	filter (normal)
Broadcast telegrams	forward
Telegram confirmation of group-oriented telegrams	always
IP->Bus	
Group telegrams of the main group 0-13	filter (normal)
Group telegrams of the main group 14-31	forward
Individually addresses telegrams	filter (normal)
Broadcast telegrams	forward

Order No. 2167 00 Page 20 of 62

Software **"KNX/IP** router 901210"
Parameters

#### 4.2.6 Parameters

Description: Values: Comments:

General

Device name (maximum max. 30 characters, **Gira** 

of 30 characters) KNX/IP router

receives a unique name of a maximum of 30 characters which serves the simple recognition of the device when searching with a KNXnet/IP visualisation or with the

Via this parameter, the KNX/IP router

ETS.

Monitoring for bus

voltage failure

blocked

Defines if a bus voltage status change is

signalled in the IP network

IP address assignment

released
From DHCP service

Defines if the IP address of the device is assigned manually or automatically (by the

DHCP server).

manual entry

Order No. 2167 00 Page 21 of 62

Software **"KNX/IP** router 901210" Parameters

## **GIRA**

IP routing multicast address

Ryte 1

## Use system multicast address

Use individual multicast address

224

The IP address for KNXnet/IP routing is set with this and the four following parameters. Bus telegrams are forwarded from one IP router to all other IP routers via KNXnet/IP routing. In doing so, only the IP routers communicate which use the same IP routing multicast address.

The factory-set default value is "Use system multicast address". In this case, the device communicates via the 224.0.23.12. This address is assigned to KNXnet/IP routing and reserved for this application. However, all addresses in the 239.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255 range can be used in a network for general use. In order to use an address from this range, the parameter must be set to "Use individual multicast address".

An individual address can then be parameterised with the "Byte2" to "Byte4" parameters.

If a new IP routing multicast address is loaded to the device per KNX/IP routing, the ETS outputs the error message "Download failed". Redownloading should then run without issues. This behaviour is due to the system.

The first byte of the IP routing multicast

Dyte 1	224	address.
	239	If the system multicast address is use,
		"224" is permanently set. If an individual
		multicast address is use, "239" is
		permanently set.
Byte 2	0	The second byte of the IP routing multicast address.
	0255	Can only be set manually if an individual multicast address is used.
Duto 2	00	
Byte 3	23	The third byte of the IP routing multicast address.
	0255	Can only be set manually if an individual multicast address is used.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 22 of 62

Byte 4	12	The fourth byte of the IP routing multicast address. Can only be set manually if an individual multicast address is used.		
	0255			
🛅 IP address		manuaci adarese le acca.		
IP address		Defines the IP address of the KNX/IP		
Byte 1 (0255) Byte 2 (0255) Byte 3 (0255) Byte 4 (0255)	0255, <b>192</b> 0255, <b>168</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>10</b>	router if manual address assignment is activated. The address is compiled of 4 individual bytes. Default is 192.168.0.10. It invalid parameters are configured (e.g. a gateway which does not match the set IP address or the configured DNS addresses the device is automatically set to DHCP and the green LED begins to flash slowly (~1Hz).		
🛅 IP subnet mask				
IP subnet mask		Defines the IP subnet mask of the KNX/IP router if manual address assignment is		
Byte 1 (0255) Byte 2 (0255) Byte 3 (0255) Byte 4 (0255)	0255, <b>255</b> 0255, <b>255</b> 0255, <b>255</b> 0255, <b>0</b>	activated. The mask is compiled of 4 individual bytes. Default is 255.255.255.0.		
🛅 IP standard gateway	,			
IP standard gateway		Defines the IP address of the standard gateway if manual address assignment is		
Byte 1 (0255) Byte 2 (0255) Byte 3 (0255) Byte 4 (0255)	0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b>	activated. The address is compiled of 4 individual bytes. Default is 0.0.0.0.		
🛅 DNS				
Primary DNS		Defines the IP address of the first DNS server to be used if manual address		
Byte 1 (0255) Byte 2 (0255) Byte 3 (0255) Byte 4 (0255)	0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b>	assignment is activated. The address is compiled of 4 individual bytes. Default is 0.0.0.0.		
Secondary DNS		Defines the IP address of the second DNS		
Byte 1 (0255) Byte 2 (0255) Byte 3 (0255) Byte 4 (0255)	0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b> 0255, <b>0</b>	server to be used if manual address assignment is activated. It is automatically used if the first DNS server cannot be reached. The address is compiled of 4 individual bytes. Default is 0.0.0.0.		

Order No. 2167 00 Page 23 of 62

Software "KNX/IP router 901210" **Parameters** 

Bus->IP

telegrams

Group telegrams of the main group 0-13

How to proceed with telegrams with group addresses of the main groups 0-13 is determined with this parameter. They can either be forwarded, blocked or filtered.

forward All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 0 to 13 are forwarded from the

KNX bus to IP.

block All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 0 to 13 from the KNX bus to

IP are blocked.

All telegrams with group addresses of the filter (normal)

> main groups 0 to 13 from the KNX bus to IP are filtered according to the filter table. The filter table is calculated automatically

by the ETS.

How to proceed with telegrams with group Group telegrams of the main group 14-31

addresses of the main groups 14-31 is determined with this parameter. They can either be forwarded or blocked. Filtering is not an option here as the ETS does not calculate a filter table for these main

groups.

forward All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 14-31 are forwarded from the

KNX bus to IP.

block All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 14-31 from the KNX bus to IP

are blocked.

Individually addresses How to proceed with individually addressed

processes is determined with this

parameter. They can either be forwarded.

blocked or filtered.

forward All individually addressed telegrams are

transferred from the KNX bus to IP.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 24 of 62

Software "KNX/IP router 901210" **Parameters** 

block Individually addressed telegrams are

blocked by the KNX/IP router. With this

setting, it is not possible to send

individually addressed telegrams from the line in a lower level than the KNX/IP router to another line (e.g. during programming).

filter (normal) Only the individually addressed telegrams

which should leave the line of the KNX/IP router are transmitted from the KNX bus to

Broadcast telegrams How to proceed with broadcast telegrams

is determined with this parameter. They can either be forwarded or blocked.

All broadcast telegrams are transferred forward

from the KNX bus to IP.

block Broadcast telegrams are blocked by the

> KNX/IP router. With this setting, it is not possible to send broadcast telegrams from the line in a lower level than the KNX/IP

router to another line

When the KNX/IP router group telegrams Acknowledgement of group telegrams

should be confirmed with a telegram is

determined with this parameter.

for forwarding Only those group telegrams which are also

forwarded to IP are confirmed with a telegram. That means that only telegrams which are also entered in the filter table are

confirmed.

All group telegrams on the KNX bus are always

confirmed by the KNX/IP router with a

telegram.

P->Bus

main group 0-13

Group telegrams of the How to proceed with telegrams with group

addresses of the main groups 0 to 13 is determined with this parameter. They can either be forwarded, blocked or filtered.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 25 of 62

telegrams

Software **"KNX/IP** router 901210"
Parameters

forward All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 0 to 13 are forwarded from the

IP to the KNX bus.

block All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 0 to 13 from the IP to the KNX

bus are blocked.

filter (normal) All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 0 to 13 from IP to the KNX bus are filtered according to the filter table. The filter table is calculated automatically

by the ETS.

Group telegrams of the How to proceed with telegrams with group addresses of the main groups 14-31 is

addresses of the main groups 14-31 is determined with this parameter. They can either be forwarded or blocked. Filtering is not an option here as the ETS does not calculate a filter table for these main

groups.

**forward** All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 14-31 are forwarded from the

IP to the KNX bus.

block All telegrams with group addresses of the

main groups 14-31 from the IP to the KNX

bus are blocked.

Individually addresses How to proceed with individually addressed

telegrams is determined with this

parameter. They can either be forwarded,

blocked or filtered.

forward All individually addressed telegrams are

transferred from the IP to the KNX bus.

block Individually addressed telegrams are

blocked by the KNX/IP router.

filter (normal) Only the individually addressed telegrams

which are addressed in the line of the KNX/IP router are transmitted from the IP

to the KNX bus.

Broadcast telegrams How to proceed with broadcast telegrams

is determined with this parameter. They can either be forwarded or blocked.

**forward** All broadcast telegrams are transferred

from the IP to the KNX bus.

block Broadcast telegrams are blocked by the

KNX/IP router.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 26 of 62

### 4.3 Software "Data logger/clock 901310"

### 4.3.1 Range of functions

- Clock
  - o The current time and current date are sent to the bus periodically.
- Timekeeper
  - o Receives the current time and / or the current date from the bus.
- Data logger
  - o Records all KNX telegrams of the higher-level and lower-level lines to a Micro SD card.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 27 of 62

### 4.3.2 Information on the software

• The data logger / clock can be parameterised on ETS 3.0f or higher.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 28 of 62

#### 4.3.3 Object table

Number of communication objects: 6
Number of addresses (max): 60
Number of assignments (max): 60
Dynamic table management: no
Maximum table length: 255

Function: Clock Object **Function** Flag\* Name Type DP type \_\_ Send time Time 3 byte 10.001 C, T Description: 3 byte object for sending the current time. The interval can be parameterised. Function: Clock Object **Function** Name Type DP type Flag\* Send date \_\_ Date 3 byte 11.001 C, T Description: 3 byte object for sending the current date. The interval can be parameterised. Function: Timekeeper Object **Function** Type DP type Flag\* Name \_\_ 2 Receiving time Time 3 byte 10.001 C, W Description: 3 byte object for receiving the current time. Function: Timekeeper Object **Function** Flag\* Name Type DP type \_\_ 3 Receiving date Date 3 byte 11.001 C, W Description: 3 byte object for receiving the current date. Function: Data logger Object **Function** Flag\* Name Type DP type \_\_ C, W Activating data logger Data logger 1 bit 1.001 Description: 1 bit object to activate the data logger. When a "1" is assigned to the object, the data logger is active. If a "0" is assigned to it, it is deactivated. Function: Data logger Object **Function** Name Type DP type Flag\*

\*The default values are specified.

Bus voltage failure

\_\_

Description:

Order No. 2167 00 Page 29 of 62

voltage failure. A "0" is sent in case power is restored.

Bus voltage failure

1 bit object which signals the status of the bus voltage. A "1" is sent in case of bus

1 bit

1.001

C. T



#### 4.3.4 Functional description

#### Clock

As a clock, the device can send the current time to the bus at configurable intervals. For this, first the "Time function" parameter must be set to "Clock" in the "General" parameter view so that the further configuration parameters become visible. With the "Send time" and "Send date" parameters, the respective desired interval can be configured. The time sent is obtained from the system time. This can be synchronised with a configurable NTP server. For this, the "Use NTP server" parameter must be set to "Yes" in the "General" parameter view. Then the NTP server can be configured in the newly available "NTP configuration" parameter view.

The device can be configured for various UTC time zones. The "Time zone" parameter used for this is located in the "General" parameter view.

Time changeover is taken into account either automatically depending on the time zone set or not at all. A "Generic Time Zone w/o DST" must be parameterised so that no automatic time changeovers are carried out.

The time function is deactivated at delivery.

#### **Timekeeper**

As a timekeeper, the device synchronises the system time with time information from KNX time telegrams which for example can be sent from clocks or the ETS. For this, the "Time function" parameter must be set to "Timekeeper" in the "General" parameter view.

The time function is deactivated at delivery.

#### **Bus voltage monitoring**

The device monitors the bus voltage and provides a communication object for this purpose. For more details, see "4.3.3 Object table".

#### **Data logger**

The device can be used as a data logger. The data logger functionality is controlled via the "Data logger" parameter in the "General" parameter view. If it is set to "Yes", the data logger functionality is always activated. If a Micro SD card is inserted into the device or if there is already a card in the device, logging begins automatically if it is not deactivated via the "Activate data logger" communication object.

#### Note:

Following bus voltage return and after reprogramming, the value of the "Activate data logger" communication object might not be up-to-date. In such a case, the data logger is active but the communication object has a value of "0".

Via the "Data logging format" parameter in the same parameter view, it can be configured whether an ETS3 (.trx) or an ETS4 (.xml) compliant data format should be used. The data logger can be activated or deactivated via the "Activate data logger" communication object.

Naming and saving the data on the Micro SD card is in accordance with the following scheme:

Year				
Month				
Day				
2010	01	06	LAN.	trx
2010	01	06	_ TP1.	trx

If there is a loss of voltage and a resulting loss of time/date, a file name can be repeated. In this case, a tilde ( $\sim$ ) is attached to the end of the file name. For additional repetitions, a tilde with a successive number ( $\sim$ 1) is used.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 30 of 62

Software "Data logger/clock 901310" Functional description

If the Micro SD card is full, logging is automatically ended until a new card with sufficient space is inserted.

Before the Micro SD card is removed, logging should be deactivated to prevent damage to the card.

The KNX/IP router supports SDHC cards up to a maximum of 32GB. The cards must be formatted with FAT32.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 31 of 62



## 4.3.5 State of delivery

Physical address	15.15.255
Time function	None
Data logger	No
Time zone	(UTC +01:00) Europe / Berlin
Use NTP server	No

Order No. 2167 00 Page 32 of 62

Software "Data logger/clock 901310"
Parameters

#### 4.3.6 Parameters

Description: Values: Comments:

General

Time function This parameter determines which time

function the device executes.

**None** No time function is executed.

Clock The device works as a clock and sends the

current time and date to the bus at

configurable intervals.

Timekeeper The device works as a timekeeper and

receives the time telegrams sent from a

clock and evaluates them.

Each hour clock. The interval for sending the time to Each day the bus is configured with this parameter.

Send date Each minute Only visible when the device works as a

Each hour clock. The interval for sending the date to Each day the bus is configured with this parameter.

Data logger

This parameter determines whether the data logger function is activated or not. The

corresponding communication objects are

only available when it is activated.

**No** The data logger function is deactivated.

Yes The data logger function is activated.

Data logging format Only visible when "Data logger" is set to

"yes". This parameter determines which format the data should be logged in on the

Micro SD card.

ETS3 The data is stored in an ETS3-compliant

format (.trx).

ETS4 The data is stored in an ETS4-compliant

format (.xml).

Time zone

The time zone the device works with is

configured with this parameter.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 33 of 62

Other UTC zones

(UTC +01:00) Europe / Berlin The time zone to be used is selected here. There are several time zones with identical UTC deviations. In each of these time zones, summer/winter switchover is at a different time. One of the "Generic Time Zone w/o DST" time zones must be selected so that no automatic time

changeovers are carried out.

Whether an NTP server should be used is Use NTP server

determined with this parameter. It is only taken into account in operation as a clock.

No No NTP server is used. The system time

serves as a reference.

Yes An NTP server is used.

 $\stackrel{\frown}{=}$ NTP configuration Only available when an NTP server is

used.

NTP server address This parameter defines the host name or

> the IP address of the NTP server to be used. When using a manual IP address for

the router, a DNS server must be

parameterised so that defining a host name

is possible.

NTP interval (min) 60 This parameter determines at which

interval the time should be synchronised to

the NTP server. The information is in

minutes.

Order No. 2167 00 Page 34 of 62

### 5 Appendix

### 5.1 Operation as an area or line coupler

#### **Topology**

As an area / line coupler, the KNX/IP router transmits telegrams between a lower-level line and the IP network. The function of the device is defined as follows with the physical address:

- Area coupler (AC) B.0.0 (1 ≤ B ≤ 15)
- Line coupler (LC) B.L.0  $(1 \le B \le 15, 1 \le L \le 15)$

Fundamentally the KNX/IP router can be used as a line coupler or an area coupler (compare with Figure 4).

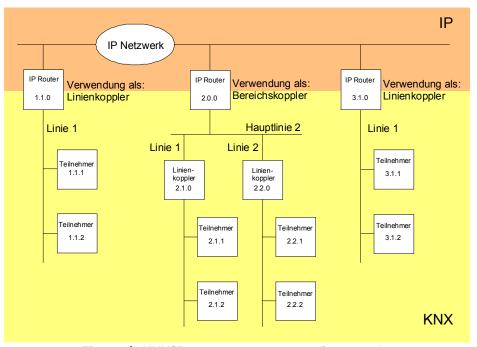


Figure 4: KNX/IP router as an area or line coupler

Order No. 2167 00 Page 35 of 62

If the KNX/IP router is used as an area coupler with the physical address x.0.0 (x = 1...15), no additional IP routers may be used topologically 'lower than' this IP router as a line coupler x.y.0 (y = 1...15 – same area address) (compare with Figure 5).

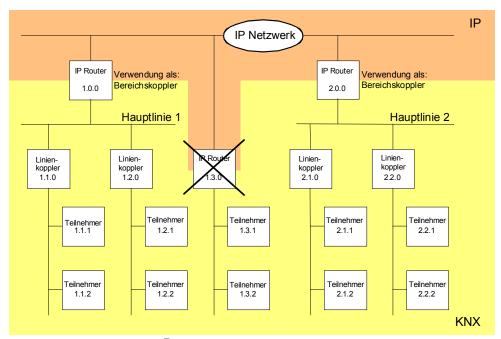


Figure 5: KNX/IP router as an area coupler

If the KNX/IP router is used as a line coupler with the physical address x.y.0 (x = 1...15, y = 1...15), no additional IP routers with the same area address x.0.0 may be used "higher" in the system (compare with Figure 6).

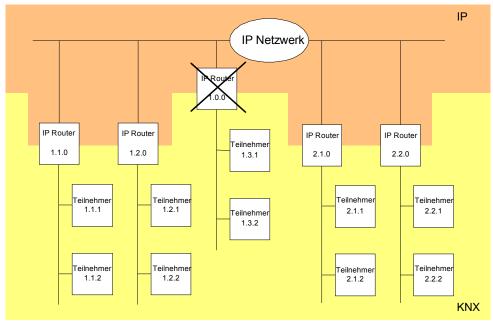


Figure 6: KNX/IP router as a line coupler

Order No. 2167 00 Page 36 of 62

#### Note:

Error-free functioning of the KNX/IP router as an area or line coupler (KNXnet/IP routing) requires network components which support IP multicasting. Particularly, network / LAN routers must be able to be set or already be set to forward IP multicasting datagrams. For KNXnet/IP routing, the IP multicast address 224.0.23.12 is reserved internationally for this purpose.

### 5.2 Operation as an IP data interface in the ETS3

Via an IP data network and a KNX/IP router, a direct connection can be established from a PC or other data processing devices in the networks (e.g. visualisations) to the KNX/EIB. Thus, access to the bus is possible from every point in the IP data network.

The ETS3 and ETS4 facilitate the configuration of KNX/EIB installations via the existing IP data network and use the KNX/IP router such as a conventional serial RS232 or USB data interface to communicate with the bus. This also includes downloading from bus devices or the function of the group monitor (no support of the bus monitor mode).

For stable communication via KNXnet/IP tunneling, a second physical address (similar to the local physical address for an RS232 or USB connection) must be set via the ETS3 or ETS4.

The following steps must be carried out to configure the communication interfaces:

 First the ETS3 must be started and the option dialogue of the communication properties must be called up

(Extras → Options→ Kommunikation (Tools/Options/Communication) – compare with Figure 7).

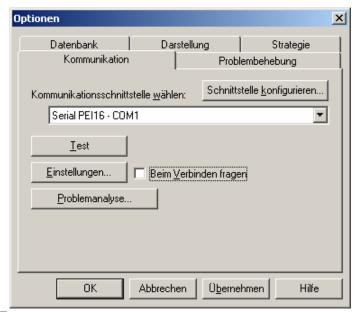


Figure 7: Option dialogue of the communication properties of the ETS3

Order No. 2167 00 Page 37 of 62

2. Select the "Schnittstelle konfigurieren" (Configure interface) button. The "ETS Connection Manager" window opens (compare with Figure 8).



Figure 8: ETS Connection Manager

 Create a new connection. For this, select the "Neu" (New) button. Give the new connection a unique name. Select "KNXnet/IP" as type (compare with Figure 9).
 Subsequently the ETS automatically searches the IP data network for available IP communication devices.

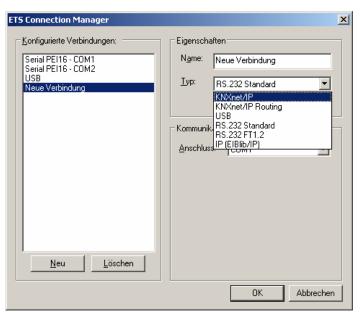


Figure 9: Create new connection as KNXnet/IP

Order No. 2167 00 Page 38 of 62

4. In the "KNXnet/IP device" device list, all KNX/IP routers found in the IP network are listed (compare with Figure 10). The name assigned in the ETS (default "Gira KNX/IP router") and the IP address of the KNX/IP router are displayed. The (P) following this information signalises an activated programming mode. In this way, individual devices can also be identified specifically in systems with several routers. In the device list, the KNX/IP router must be selected which should serve as a "data interface" in the configured connection.

**Parameters** 

By clicking the "Erneut Scannen" (Scan again) button, the ETS begins an additional scan process and again searches the IP network for IP routers.

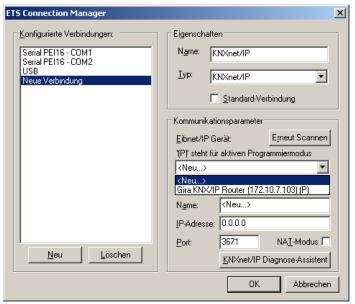


Figure 10: Device list under communication parameters with all IP routers found

5. Subsequently the configuration of the new connection can be completed by clicking the "OK" button. The communication parameters (compare with Figure 11) should remain unchanged.



Figure 11: Complete interface configuration of the KNX/IP router

Order No. 2167 00 Page 39 of 62 6. For stable communication via KNXnet/IP tunneling, a second physical address (similar to the local physical address for an RS232 or USB connection) must be set via the ETS. For this, select the new KNXnet/IP connection as the interface in the option dialogue of the communication properties (compare with Figure 12) and click the "Einstellungen" (Settings) button.

**Parameters** 



Figure 12: Select communication interface KNXnet/IP and open settings

- 7. The settings of the local interface open (compare with Figure 13). In the "Physical address" field, the physical address of the IP data interface must now be entered. It must be ensured that an address from another device in the ETS project is not used (if necessary, check using the ETS "Is the address free?"). Following successful address assignment, a dummy device should be inserted in the ETS project at the topologically correct position.
  - In the state of delivery, the physical address "15.15.255" is preset.
  - By clicking the "OK" button, configuration of the IP data interface is completed. The IP connection can then be used.



Figure 13: Settings of the local interface

Order No. 2167 00 Page 40 of 62



### 5.3 Operation as an IP data interface in the ETS4

Via an IP data network and a KNX/IP router, a direct connection can be established from a PC or other data processing devices in the networks (e.g. visualisations) to the KNX/EIB. Thus, access to the bus is possible from every point in the IP data network.

The ETS3 and ETS4 facilitate the configuration of KNX/EIB installations via the existing IP data network and use the KNX/IP router such as a conventional serial RS232 or USB data interface to communicate with the bus. This also includes downloading from bus devices or the function of the group monitor (no support of the bus monitor mode).

For stable communication via KNXnet/IP tunneling, a second physical address (similar to the local physical address for an RS232 or USB connection) must be set via the ETS3 or ETS4.

The following steps must be carried out to configure the communication interfaces:

1. First the ETS4 must be started and the settings for communication must be opened (Einstellungen->Kommunikation (Settings/Communication) – compare with Figure 14)

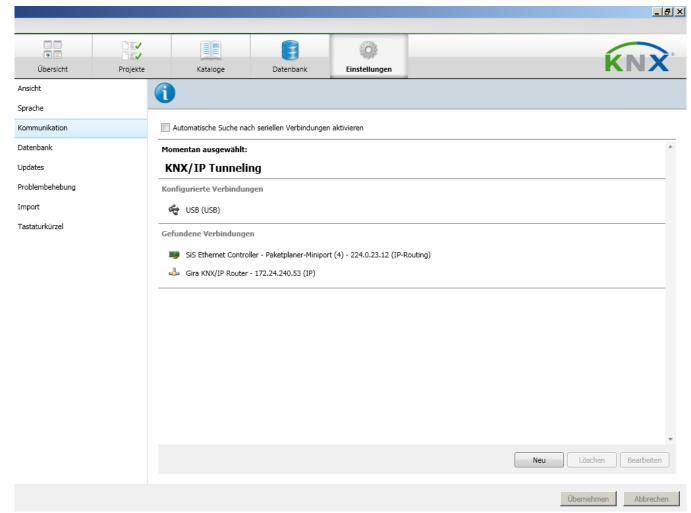


Figure 14: Communication settings in the ETS4

Order No. 2167 00 Page 41 of 62

2. Then select the KNX/IP router in the device list under "Gefundene Verbindungen" (Connections found) and click on "Auswählen" (Select).

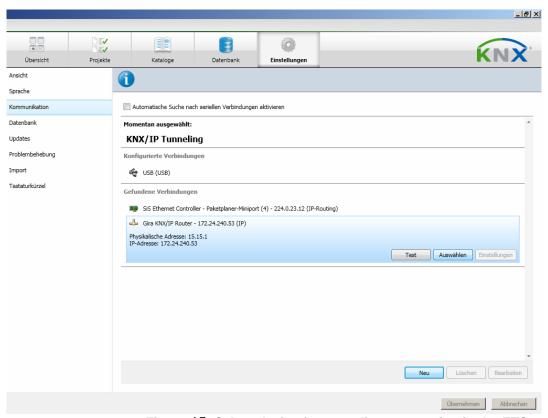


Figure 15: Select device for tunneling connection in the ETS 4

3. The router now appears under "Konfigurierte Verbindungen" (Configured connections).

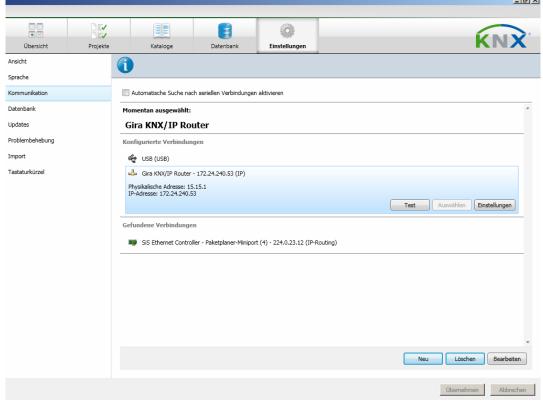


Figure 16: Device was selected in the ETS4

Order No. 2167 00 Page 42 of 62

4. For stable communication via KNXnet/IP tunneling, a second physical address (similar to the local physical address for an RS232 or USB connection) must be set via the ETS. For this, select the device under "Konfigurierte Verbindungen" (Configured connections) and click "Einstellungen" (Settings).

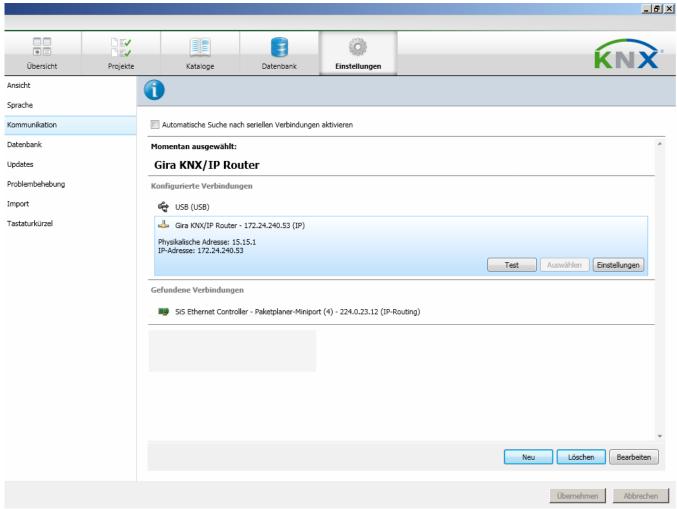


Figure 17: Select device in the ETS4 under "Configured connections"

Order No. 2167 00 Page 43 of 62

5. The configuration dialogue opens. The desired address must now be entered in the field of the physical address of the device. It must be ensured that an address from another device in the ETS project is not used (if necessary, check using the ETS "Address free?").

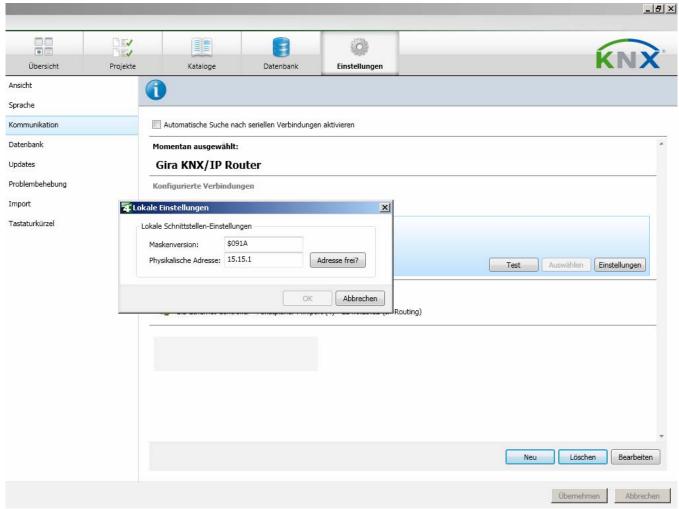


Figure 18: Setting the local physical address

Order No. 2167 00 Page 44 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 45 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 46 of 62

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  - The software shall be runnable on the computer stations specified by the licensor.

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 47 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 48 of 62



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The software packages used in this product which are licensed under the GPL/LGPL are described in the following.

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Version of the software	2010.06
Supplier	http://www.denx.de/wiki/U-Boot/WebHome
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Software package	GNU/Linux
Version of the software	2.6.30
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Order No. 2167 00 Page 49 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 50 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 51 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 52 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 53 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 57 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 58 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 59 of 62

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Order No. 2167 00 Page 61 of 62



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Order No. 2167 00 Page 62 of 62