

Modbus RTU (EIA-485) Interface for Daikin air conditioners

Compatible with Domestic line models

USER MANUAL

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Modbus RTU (EIA-485) Interface for Daikin air conditioners. Compatible with Domestic line models.

| ORDER CODE | LEGACY ORDER CODE | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| INMBSDAI001I000 | DK-AC-MBS-1 | |



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1. Presentation

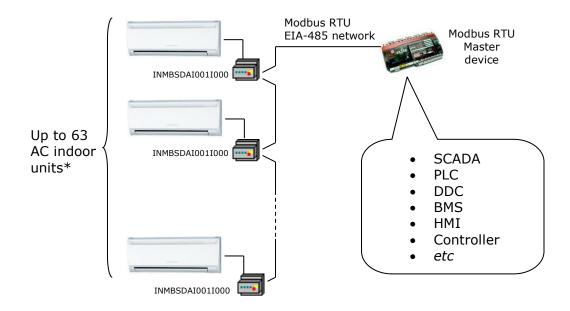


The INMBSDAI001I000 interface allows a complete and natural integration of **Daikin** air conditioners into Modbus RTU (EIA-485) networks.

Compatible with Domestic line models.

Reduced dimensions. 93 x 53 x 58 mm 3.7" x 2.1" x 2.3"

- Quick and easy installation.
 Mountable on DIN rail, wall, or even inside the indoor unit on some models of AC.
- External power not required.
- Direct connection to Modbus RTU (EIA-485) networks. Up to 63 INMBSDAI001I000 devices can be connected on the same network.
 INMBSDAI001I000 is a Modbus slave device.
- Direct connection to the AC indoor unit. Up to 1 AC indoor units can be connected to INMBSDAI001I000. The cable for this connection is also supplied.
- Configuration from both on-board DIP-switches and Modbus RTU.
- Total Control and Supervision.
- Real states of the AC unit's internal variables.
- Allows simultaneous use of the AC's remote controls and Modbus RTU.



^{*} Up to 63 Intesis devices can be installed in the same Modbus RTU bus. However, depending on the configured speed, the installation of Modbus Repeaters may be required



2. Connection

The interface comes with a specific cable and connectors to establish direct connection to the AC indoor unit. It comes as well with a plug-in terminal block of 2 poles to establish direct connection with the Modbus RTU EIA-485 network.

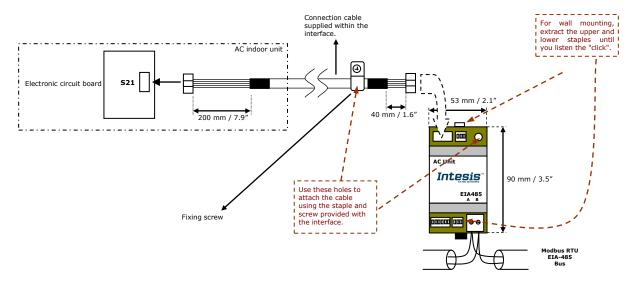
2.1 Connect to the AC indoor unit

To connect the INMBSDAI001I000 interface with the AC indoor unit you must follow these steps:

Disconnect Mains Power from the AC unit. Open the front cover of the indoor unit to have access to the electronic circuit. Once you arrive at the electronic circuit, locate the socket connector marked as **S21**.

Take the cable that comes with the interface, insert one of its connectors (the one installed in the shortest uncovered part) into the socket of the INMBSDAI001I000, and the other connector (the one installed in the largest uncovered part) to the socket **S21** of the AC unit's electronic circuit. Remember that the INMBSDAI001I000 must also be connected to the Modbus RTU EIA-485 network. Close the AC indoor unit's front cover again to finish the connection.

Do not modify the length of the cable supplied with the interface, it may affect the correct interface's operation.



2.2 Connection to the EIA-485 bus

Connect the EIA-485 bus wires to the plug-in terminal block (the one of two poles) of INMBSDAI001I000 and keep the polarity on this connection (A+ and B-). Make sure that the maximum distance to the bus is 1,200 meters (3,937 ft). The loop or star typologies are not allowed in the case of the EIA-485. A terminator resistor of 120Ω must be present at each end of the bus to avoid signal reflections. The bus needs a fail-safe biasing mechanism (see section 4.6 for more details).



SW4

3. Quick Start Guide

- 1. Disconnect the air conditioning from the Mains Power.
- 2. Attach the interface next to the AC indoor unit (wall mounting) following the instructions of the diagram below or install it inside the AC indoor unit (respect the safety instructions given above).
- 3. Connect the connection cable included with the interface between the interface and the AC indoor unit following the instructions of the diagram.
- 4. Connect the EIA-485 bus to the connector EIA485 of the interface.
- 5. Close the AC indoor unit.
- 6. Check the DIP-Switch configuration of the Intesis interface and make sure it matches the current installation's parameters (see section 4.3).

By default, the interface is set to:

SW3

Modbus Slave Address → 1

■ Modbus baud rate → 9600 bps

These parameters can be modified from SW4 and SW3 DIP-Switches.

All other switch positions are set at low level (Off position \square) by default.

NOTE: All changes on the DIP-Switch configuration require a system power cycle to be applied.

7. Connect the AC system to Mains Power.

IMPORTANT: The Intesis interface requires to be connected to the AC unit (powered) to start communicating.



4. Modbus Interface Specification

4.1 Modbus physical layer

INMBSDAI001I000 implements a Modbus RTU (Slave) interface, to be connected to an EIA-485 line. It performs an 8N2 communication (8 data bits, no parity and 2 stop bit) with several available baud rates (2400 bps, 4800 bps, 9600 bps -default-, 19200 bps, 38400 bps, 57600 bps, 76800 bps and 115200 bps). It also supports 8N1 communication (8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit).

4.2 Modbus Registers

All registers are type "16-bit unsigned Holding Register" and they use the standard ModBus big endian notation.

4.2.1 Control and status registers

| Register Address (protocol address) | Register Address (PLC address) | | Description | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----|---|--|--|
| 0 | 1 | R/W | AC unit On/Off O: Off 1: On | | |
| 1 | 2 | R/W | AC unit Mode ¹ | | |
| 2 | 3 | R/W | AC unit Fan Speed ¹ | | |
| 3 4 | | R/W | AC unit Up/Down Vane Position ¹ • 0: Off (Default) • 10: Swing | | |
| 4 | 5 | R/W | AC unit Temperature setpoint ^{1,2,3} | | |

¹ Available values will depend on the AC unit mode. Check the AC unit model functions in its user manual to know the possible values for this register.

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² Magnitude for this register can be adjusted to Celsius x 1°C, Celsius x 10°C (default) or Fahrenheit. See section 4.2.3 for more information

 $^{^{3}}$ It is not possible turn to x10 the value shown in Fahrenheit.

| Register Address (protocol address) | Register Address (PLC address) | R/W | Description |
|--|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| 5 | 6 | R | AC unit Temperature reference 1,2,3 - 32678 (Initialization value) 1038 °C (°C/x10°C) 50100 °F |
| 6 | 7 | R/W | Window Contact 0: Closed (Default Value) 1: Open |
| 7 | 8 | R/W | INMBSDAI001I000 Disablement ⁴ • 0: INMBSDAI001I000 enabled (Default Value) • 1: INMBSDAI001I000 disabled |
| 8 | 9 | R/W | AC Remote Control Disablement ⁴ • 0: Remote Control enabled (Default) • 1: Remote Control disabled |
| 9 | 10 | R/W | AC unit Operation Time ⁴ • 065535 (hours). Counts the time the AC unit is in "On" state. |
| 10 | 11 | R | AC unit Alarm Status 0: No alarm condition 1: Alarm condition |
| 11 | 12 | R | O: No error present O: No error present O: So error present O: No error present O: No error present O: No error present O: No error present INMBSDAI001I000 with the AC unit Any other error present, see the table at the end of this document. |
| 22 | 23 | R/W | Indoor unit ambient temperature from external sensor (at Modbus side) 1,2,3,6 - 32768: (Initialization value). No temperature is being provided from an external sensor. - Any other: (°C/x10°C/°F) |
| 23 | 24 | R | AC Real temperature setpoint ^{1,2,3,6} 32678 (Initialization value) COOL - 1832 °C (°C/x10°C) - 6492 °F HEAT - 1630 °C (°C/x10°C) - 6188 °F AUTO - 1830 °C (°C/x10°C) - 6488 °F |
| 26 | 27 | R/W | AC unit Left/Right Vane Position ¹ • 0: Auto (Default Value) • 10: Swing |
| 28 | 29 | R/W | AC Humidification Value ¹ |



⁴ This value is stored in non-volatile memory ⁵ See section 7 for possible error codes and their explanation ⁶ See section 4.2.3 for more information

| | | | • 4: Continuous |
|----|----|-----|---|
| 97 | 98 | R/W | Block Periodic Sendings 4,7,8 • 0: Non-blocked (Default value) • 1: Blocked |

4.2.2 Configuration Registers

| Register Address (protocol address) | Register Address (PLC address) | R/W | Description |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----|---|
| 13 | 14 | R/W | "Open Window" switch-off timeout ⁹ • 030 (minutes) • Factory setting: 30 (minutes) |
| 14 | 15 | | Modbus RTU Baud rate |
| 15 | 16 | R | Device's Modbus Slave address 163 |
| 21 | 21 22 | | Max number of fan speeds Value is always 5 |
| 49 50 | | R | Device ID: 0x0701 |
| 50 | 51 | R | Software version |

4.2.3 Considerations on Temperature Registers

AC unit temperature setpoint (R/W)

(register 4 - in Protocol address / register 5 - in PLC address):

This is the adjustable temperature setpoint value that must be required by the User. This register can be read (Modbus function 3 or 4) or written (Modbus functions 6 or 16). A Remote Controller connected to the Daikin indoor unit will report the same temperature setpoint value as this register. This will apply when no AC unit's external reference temperature is provided from INMBSDAI001I000 (see details for register 22/23 below).

AC unit temperature reference (R)

(register 5 - in Protocol address / register 6 - in PLC address):

⁹ Once window contact is open, a count-down to switch off the AC Unit will start from this configured value.



⁷ If the register is configured as "0:Non-blocked", all commands received from Modbus will be sent to the AC system. If "1: Blocked", commands from Modbus will only be sent to the AC system if they differ from the previous value (values sent on change).

⁸ The register applies to firmware version 1.5 onwards

This register reports the temperature that is currently used by the Daikin indoor unit as the reference of its own control loop. Depending on the configuration of the indoor unit, this value can be the temperature reported by the sensor on the return path of the Daikin indoor unit or the sensor of its Remote Controller. It is a read-only register (Modbus functions 3 or 4).

• AC unit external temperature reference (Modbus) (R/W)

(register 22 - in Protocol address / register 23 - in PLC address):

This register allows us to provide an external temperature's sensor from the Modbus side. Daikin indoor unit does not allow, on devices like INMBSDAI001I000, to provide directly a temperature to be used as a reference of the control loop of the AC indoor unit. In order to overcome this limitation and enable the usage of an external temperature sensor (e.g. from Modbus side), INMBSDAI001I000 applies the following mechanism (only if "external temperature's reference" is being used):

- After a couple of values have been entered in the "AC unit external temperature's reference" (register 22/23) and the "AC unit temperature set point" (register 4/5), INMBSDAI001I000 calculates the corresponding temperature's demand (e.g., if a "temperature setpoint (register 4/5)" of 22°C, and an "external temperature reference (register 22/23)" of 20°C are entered, INMBSDAI001I000 will assume that the user is demanding a +2°C increase in temperature).
- O By knowing at any time, the ambient temperature currently used by the indoor unit to control its own operation (register 5/6), INMBSDAI001I000 can calculate the required temperature setpoint needed to apply the decrease/increase on the real temperature and reach the temperature chosen by the user (following the example above, if INMBSDAI001I000 reads an "ambient temperature" (register 5/6) of 24°C in the indoor unit, it will apply a final setpoint of 24°C + 2°C = 26°C).
- At this moment, each time that INMBSDAI001I000 detects a change on the ambient temperature reported by the indoor unit (register 5/6), it will also change the required setpoint, in order to keep the temperature required by the User at any time. If we follow the last example, when INMBSDAI001I000 receives a new temperature's value coming from the indoor unit of 25°C, INMBSDAI001I000 will automatically adjust the temperature setpoint required of the AC indoor unit to 25°C + 2°C = 27°C).
- In general, INMBSDAI001I000 is constantly applying the "Virtual Temperature" formula:

$$S_{AC} = S_u - (T_u - T_{AC})$$

Where:

 S_{AC} - setpoint value currently applied to the indoor unit

 S_u - setpoint value written at Modbus side (register 4/5)

 T_u - external temperature reference written at Modbus side (register 22/23)

 T_{AC} - ambient temperature that the indoor unit is using as the reference of its own control loop (register 5/6)

When INMBSDAI001I000 detects a change in any of the values of $\{S_u, T_u, T_{AC}\}$, it will send the new setpoint (S_{AC}) to the indoor unit.

 After the startup, the value for "external temperature's reference" (register 22/23) has a value -32768 (0x8000). This value means that no external temperature reference is being provided through INMBSDAI001I000. In this



scenario, the setpoint value shown or written in register 4/5 will always be the same as the current setpoint value of the indoor unit.

- Notice that, the use of the "external temperature reference" (register 22/23) (e.g., writing a value different from -32768 / 0x8000 in it) has the following relevant consequences:
 - The mechanism of "Virtual Temperature" is applied. The temperature setpoint's value shown by the Remote Controller or other Control System from Daikin connected to the indoor unit may show a different value from the value shown in register 4/5.
 - The User is not be able to change the setpoint using any Remote Controller from Daikin, as setpoint of the indoor unit becomes exclusively controlled by the "Virtual Temperature" mechanism.

AC Real temperature setpoint (R)

(register 23 - In Protocol address / register 24 - in PLC address):

As it has been detailed on the previous point, the real temperature setpoint in the indoor unit and the temperature setpoint requested from INMBSDAI001I000 might differ (when a value in register 22/23 – "external temperature reference" is entered). This register always informs about the current temperature setpoint which is being used by the indoor unit – it is also includes the temperature setpoint that will be shown by an additional remote controller from Daikin connected to the indoor unit, if it is present on the system.

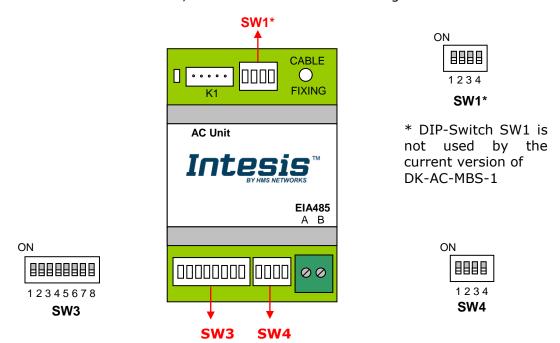
Moreover, notice that temperature's values of all these three registers are expressed according to the temperature's format configured through its onboard DIP-Switches (See 4.3). The following formats are possible:

- **Celsius value**: Value in Modbus register is the temperature value in Celsius (i.e. a value "22" in the Modbus register must be interpreted as 22°C).
- **DeciceIsius value**: Value in Modbus register is the temperature value in deciceIsius (i.e. a value "220" in the Modbus register must be interpreted as 22.0°C).
- **Fahrenheit value**: Value in Modbus register is the temperature value in Fahrenheit (i.e. a value "72" in the Modbus register must be interpreted as 72°F (~22°C).



4.3 DIP-switch Configuration Interface

All the configuration values on INMBSDAI001I000 can be written and read from Modbus interface. Otherwise, some of them can also be setup from its on-board DIP-switch interface. The device has DIP-switches SW1*, SW3 and SW4 on the following locations:



The following tables apply to the interface's configuration through DIP-switches:

SW4 –Degrees/Decidegrees (x10), temperature magnitude (°C/°F) and EIA-485 termination resistor.

| SW4-P12-4 | Description |
|---|--|
| ON DESCRIPTION | Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in degrees (x1) (Default value) |
| on BBBB | Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in decidegrees (x10) |
| on Distriction | Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in Celsius degrees (Default value) |
| Temperature values in Modbus register are represented in Fahrenheit degrees | |
| ON D | EIA-485 bus without termination resistor (Default value) |
| ON BOOK | Internal termination resistor of 120Ω connected to EIA-485 bus |

Table 4.1 SW4: Temperature and termination resistor configuration

SW3/SW4 – Baud rate configuration

| SW3-P78 | SW4-P3 | Description | |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|--|
| ON | ON . | 2400bps | |
| ON P | ON | 4800bps | |
| ON | ON | 9600bps (Default value) | |
| ON | ON | 19200bps | |
| ON ON (1888) | | 38400bps | |
| ON ON 57 | | 57600bps | |
| ON | ON | 76800bps | |
| ON ON 115200bps 115200bps | | 115200bps | |

Table 4.2 SW3-SW4: Modbus baud rate

SW3 - Modbus Slave address

| Add | SW3-P16 |
|-----|--|-----|--|-----|--|-----|--|-----|--|
| 0 | ON | 13 | ON THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY | 26 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 39 | ON | 52 | ON |
| 1 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 14 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 27 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 40 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY | 53 | ON THE STATE OF TH |
| 2 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 15 | ON | 28 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 41 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 54 | ON DEPOSIT |
| 3 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 16 | ON | 29 | ON | 42 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 55 | ON THE STATE OF TH |
| 4 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 17 | ON | 30 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 43 | ON | 56 | ON |
| 5 | os . | 18 | ON | 31 | ON . | 44 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 57 | ON THE STATE OF TH |
| 6 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 19 | ON | 32 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 45 | ON BENEFIT ON | 58 | ON THE STATE OF TH |
| 7 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 20 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 33 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 46 | ON | 59 | ON THE STATE OF TH |
| 8 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 21 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 34 | ON PROPERTY. | 47 | ON STATE OF THE ST | 60 | ON THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY |
| 9 | ON THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY | 22 | ON | 35 | ON . | 48 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 61 | ON THE STATE OF TH |
| 10 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 23 | ON THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY | 36 | ON THE PART OF THE | 49 | ON THE STATE OF TH | 62 | ON |
| 11 | ON THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT | 24 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 37 | ON THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY | 50 | ON CONTRACTOR ON | 63 | ON |
| 12 | ON CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO | 25 | ON THE STATE OF TH | 38 | ON CONTRACTOR | 51 | ON STATE OF THE ST | | |

Table 4.3 SW3: Modbus Slave address

4.4 Implemented Functions

INMBSDAI001I000 implements the following standard Modbus functions:

- 3: Read Holding Registers
- 4: Read Input Registers
- 6: Write Single Register
- 16: Write Multiple Registers (Despite this function is allowed, the interface does not allow to write operations on more than 1 register with the same request, this means that length field should always be 1 when this function is being used in case of writing)

4.5 Device LED indicator

The device includes a LED indicator to show all the possible operational states. In the following table there are written the indicators which can be performed and its meaning.

| Device status | LED indication | ON / OFF Period | Description | |
|--|----------------|------------------------------|---|--|
| On power-up | LED pulse | ON for 5 seconds / OFF after | Device reset / power-up | |
| During normal operation LED flashing 2 | | 200ms ON / 2s OFF | Device correctly configured and working | |
| During normal operation | LED OFF | OFF continuously | No Modbus Slave address configured | |
| During normal operation | LED blinking | 200ms ON / 200ms OFF | Communication Error with the AC unit | |

4.6 EIA-485 bus. Termination resistors and Fail-Safe Biasing mechanism

EIA-485 bus requires a 120Ω terminator resistor at each end of the bus to avoid signal reflections.

In order to prevent fail status detections by the receivers, which are "listening" the bus, when all the transmitters' outputs are in three-state (high impedance), it is also required a fail-safe biasing mechanism. This mechanism provides a safe status (a correct voltage level) in the bus when all the transmitters' outputs are in three-state.

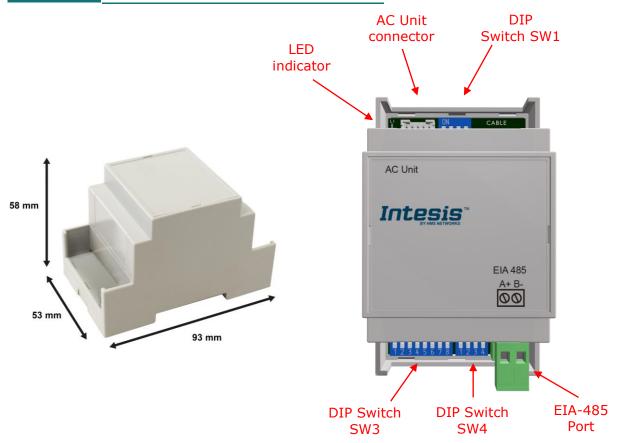
The INMBSDAI001I000 device includes an on-board terminator resistor of 120Ω that can be connected to the EIA-485 bus by using DIP-switch SW4.

Some Modbus RTU EIA-485 Master devices can provide also internal 120Ω terminator resistor and/or fail-safe biasing. Check the technical documentation of the Master device connected to the EIA-485 network in each case.



5. Mechanical and electrical features

| Enclosure | Plastic, type PC (UL 94 V-0) Net dimensions (dxwxh): 93 x 53 x 58 mm / 3.7" x 2.1" x 2.3" Color: Light Grey. RAL 7035 | Operation Temperature | 0°C to +60°C |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Weight | 85 g. | Stock Temperature | -20°C to +85°C |
| Mounting | Wall DIN rail EN60715 TH35. | Operational Humidity | <95% RH, non-condensing |
| Terminal Wiring (for low- voltage signals) | For terminal: solid wires or stranded wires (twisted or with ferrule) 1 core: 0.5mm² 2.5mm² 2 cores: 0.5mm² 1.5mm² 3 cores: not permitted | Stock Humidity | <95% RH, non-condensing |
| Modbus RTU port | 1 x Serial EIA485 Plug-in screw terminal block (2 poles) A, B Compatible with Modbus RTU EIA-485 networks | Isolation voltage | 1500 VDC |
| AC unit port | 1 x Specific connector Specific cable included | Isolation resistance | 1000 ΜΩ |
| Switch 1 (SW1) 1 x DIP-Switch | | Protection | IP20 (IEC60529) |
| Switch 3 (SW3) | 1 x DIP-Switch for Modbus RTU settings | LED indicators | 1 x Onboard LED - Operational status |
| Switch 4 (SW4) | 1 x DIP-Switch for extra functions | | |



6. List of supported AC Unit Types

A list of Daikin indoor unit model's references compatible with INMBSDAI001I000 and its available features can be found in:

https://www.intesis.com/docs/compatibilities/inxxxdai001xx00 compatibility



7. Error Codes

| Error Code | Error in Remote Controller | Error category | Error Description |
|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 0 | N/A | INMBSDAI001I000 | No active error |
| 17 | A0 | | External protection devices activated |
| 18 | A1 | | Indoor unit PCB assembly failure |
| 19 | A2 | | Interlock error for fan |
| 20 | A3 | | Drain level system error |
| 21 | A4 | | Temperature of heat exchanger (1) error |
| 22 | A5 | | Temperature of heat exchanger (2) error |
| 23 | A6 | | Fan motor locked, overload, over current |
| 24 | A7 | | Swing flap motor error |
| 25 | A8 | | Overcurrent of AC input |
| 26 | A9 | | Electronic expansion valve drive error |
| 27 | AA | | Heater overheat |
| 28 | AH | | Dust collector error / No-maintenance filter error |
| 30 | AJ | | Capacity setting error (indoor) |
| 31 | AE | | Shortage of water supply |
| 32 | AF | Indoor Unit | Malfunctions of a humidifier system (water leaking) |
| 33 | C0 | | Malfunctions in a sensor system |
| 36 | C3 | | Sensor system of drain water error |
| 37 | C4 | | Heat exchanger (1) (Liquid pipe) thermistor system error |
| 38 | C5 | | Heat exchanger (1) (Gas pipe) thermistor system error |
| 39 | C6 | | Sensor system error of fan motor locked, overload |
| 40 | C7 | | Sensor system of swing flag motor error |
| 41 | C8 | | Sensor system of over-current of AC input |
| 42 | C9 | | Suction air thermistor error |
| 43 | CA | | Discharge air thermistor system error |
| 44 | CH | | Contamination sensor error |
| 45 | CC | | Humidity sensor error |
| 46 | CJ | | Remote control thermistor error |
| 47 | CE | | Radiation sensor error |
| 48 | CF | | High pressure switch sensor |
| 49 | E0 | | Protection devices activated |
| 50 | E1 | | Outdoor uni9t PCB assembly failure |
| 52 | E3 | | High pressure switch (HPS) activated |
| 53 | E4 | | Low pressure switch (LPS) activated |
| 54 | E5 | | Overload of inverter compressor motor |
| 55 | E6 | | Over current of STD compressor motor |
| 56 | E7 | | Overload of fan motor / Over current of fan motor |
| 57 | E8 | | Over current of AC input |
| 58 | E9 | | Electronic expansion valve drive error |
| 59 | EA | | Four-way valve error |
| 60 | EH | | Pump motor over current |
| 61 | EC | Outdoor Unit | Water temperature abnormal |
| 62 | EJ | | (Site installed) Protection device activated |
| 63 | EE | | Malfunctions in a drain water |
| 64 | EF | | Ice thermal storage unit error |
| 65 | H0 | | Malfunctions in a sensor system |
| 66 | H1 | | Air temperature thermistor error |
| 67 | H2 | | Sensor system of power supply error |
| 68 | H3 | | High Pressure switch is faulty |
| 69 | H4 | | Low pressure switch is faulty |
| 70 | H5 | | Compressor motor overload sensor is abnormal |
| 71 | H6 | | Compressor motor over current sensor is abnormal |
| 72 | | | |
| 12 | H7 | | Overload or over current sensor of fan motor is abnormal |



| 73 | H8 | Sensor system of over-cu | |
|-----|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| 74 | H9 | Outdoor air thermistor sy | |
| 75 | HA | Discharge air thermistor | |
| 76 | HH | | em of over current is abnormal |
| 77 | HC | Water temperature senso | |
| 79 | HE | Sensor system of drain w | |
| 80 | HF | Ice thermal storage unit | error (alarm) |
| 81 | F0 | | protection device operates. |
| 82 | F1 | No.1 protection device on | perates. |
| 83 | F2 | No.2 protection device on | perates |
| 84 | F3 | Discharge pipe temperati | ure is abnormal |
| 87 | F6 | Temperature of heat excl | hanger(1) abnormal |
| 91 | FA | Discharge pressure abnormal | rmal |
| 92 | FH | Oil temperature is abnorr | mally high |
| 93 | FC | Suction pressure abnorm | al |
| 95 | FE | Oil pressure abnormal | |
| 96 | FF | Oil level abnormal | |
| 97 | J0 | Sensor system error of re | efrigerant temperature |
| 98 | J1 | Pressure sensor error | <u> </u> |
| 99 | J2 | Current sensor error | |
| 100 | J3 | Discharge pipe thermisto | r system error |
| | | | saturated temperature sensor |
| 101 | J4 | system error | saturated temperature sensor |
| 102 | J5 | Suction pipe thermistor s | vstem error |
| 103 | J6 | Heat exchanger(1) therm | |
| 104 | J7 | Heat exchanger(2) therm | - |
| 105 | J8 | | d pipe thermistor system error |
| 103 | 30 | | ger outlet or gas pipe thermistor |
| 106 | J9 | system error | ger oddet or gas pipe thermistor |
| 107 | JA | Discharge pipe pressure | sensor error |
| 108 | JH | Oil temperature sensor e | |
| 109 | JC | Suction pipe pressure ser | |
| 111 | JE | Oil pressure sensor error | |
| 112 | JF | Oil level sensor error | |
| 113 | LO | Inverter system error | |
| 116 | L3 | Temperature rise in a sw | itch hov |
| 117 | L4 | | sistor) temperature is too high |
| | | | ded or short circuit, inverter PCB |
| 118 | L5 | fault | ded of short effectit, inverter 1 eb |
| | | | ded or short circuit, inverter PCB |
| 119 | L6 | fault | |
| 120 | L7 | Over current of all inputs | |
| 121 | L8 | • | , compressor motor wire cut |
| | | | art-up error) Compressor locked, |
| 122 | L9 | etc. | and appearance of the second s |
| 123 | LA | Power transistor error | |
| | | | ween inverter and outdoor control |
| 125 | LC | unit | and decador control |
| 129 | P0 | Shortage of refrigerant (t | thermal storage unit) |
| 130 | P1 | Power voltage imbalance | • |
| 132 | P3 | Sensor error of temperat | • |
| 133 | P4 | Radiation fin temperature | |
| 134 | SW4 | DC current sensor systen | |
| 135 | SW1 | • | |
| | | AC or DC output current | • |
| 136 | SW3 | Total input current senso | |
| 142 | PJ | Capacity setting error (or | |
| 145 | U0 | System Low pressure drop due to | insufficient refrigerant or electronic |



| | | | expansion valve error, etc. |
|------|-----|--------|--|
| 146 | U1 | | Reverse phase, Open phase |
| 147 | U2 | | Power voltage failure / Instantaneous power failure |
| 148 | U3 | | Failure to carry out check operation, transmission error |
| | | | Communication error between indoor unit and outdoor unit, |
| 149 | U4 | | communication error between outdoor unit and BS unit |
| | | | Communication error between remote control and indoor unit |
| 150 | U5 | | / Remote control board failure or setting error for remote |
| | | | control |
| 151 | U6 | | Communication error between indoor units |
| 150 | 117 | | Communication error between outdoor units / Communication error between outdoor unit and ice thermal |
| 152 | U7 | | storage unit |
| | | | Communication error between main and sub remote |
| | | | controllers (sub remote control error) / Combination error of |
| 153 | U8 | | other indoor unit / remote control in the same system |
| | | | (model) |
| | | | Communication error between other indoor unit and outdoor |
| 154 | U9 | | unit in the same system / Communication error between |
| | | | other BS unit and indoor/outdoor unit |
| 1.55 | | | Combination error of indoor/BS/outdoor unit (model, |
| 155 | UA | | quantity, etc.), setting error of spare parts PCB when |
| | | | replaced Improper connection of transmission wiring between outdoor |
| 156 | UH | | and outdoor unit outside control adaptor |
| 157 | UC | | Centralized address duplicated |
| 158 | UJ | | Attached equipment transmission error |
| | | | Communication error between indoor unit and centralized |
| 159 | UE | | control device |
| 160 | UF | | Failure to carry out check operation Indoor-outdoor, outdoor- |
| | | | outdoor communication error, etc. |
| 209 | 60 | | All system error |
| 210 | 61 | | PC board error |
| 211 | 62 | | Ozone density abnormal |
| 212 | 63 | | Contamination sensor error |
| 213 | 64 | | Indoor air thermistor system error |
| 214 | 65 | | Outdoor air thermistor system error |
| 217 | 68 | | HVU error (Venti-air dust-collecting unit) |
| 219 | 6A | | Dumper system error |
| 220 | 6H | | Door switch error |
| 221 | 6C | | Replace the humidity element |
| 222 | 63 | | Replace the high efficiency filter |
| 223 | 6E | | Replace the deodorization catalyst |
| 224 | 6F | | Simplified remote controller error |
| 226 | 51 | Others | Fan motor of supply air over current or overload |
| 227 | 52 | - | Fan motor of return air over current / Fan motor of return air |
| | | | overload Taranta a construction (a construction) |
| 228 | 53 | | Inverter system error (supply air side) |
| 229 | 54 | | Inverter system error (return air side) |
| 241 | 40 | | Humidifying valve error |
| 242 | 41 | | Chilled water valve error |
| 243 | 42 | | Hot water valve error |
| 244 | 43 | | Heat exchanger of chilled water error |
| 245 | 44 | | Heat exchanger of hot water error |
| 258 | 31 | | The humidity sensor of return air sensor |
| 259 | 32 | | Outdoor air humidity sensor error |
| 260 | 33 | | Supply air temperature sensor error |
| 261 | 34 | | Return air temperature sensor error |
| 262 | 35 | | Outdoor air temperature sensor error |



| 263 | 36 | | Remote controller temperature sensor error |
|---------------|-----|--|--|
| 267 | 3A | | Water leakage sensor 1 error |
| 268 | 3H | | Water leakage sensor 2 error |
| 269 | 3C | | Dew condensation error |
| 339 | M2 | | Centralized remote controller PCB error |
| 345 | M8 | Communication error between centralized remote control devices | |
| 347 | MA | | Centralized remote control devices inappropriate combination |
| 349 | MC | | Centralized remote controller address setting error |
| 65535 (-1) | N/A | INMBSDAI001I000 | Error in the communication of INMBSDAI001I000 with the AC unit |

In case you detect an error code not listed, contact your nearest Daikin technical support service.

