

DaliControl gc16-01-0110

Using the application program

Product family: Lighting
Product type: Gateway
Manufacturer: IPAS GmbH

Name: DaliControl gc16-01-0110
Order no.: 4101-145-11

Number of objects: 566
Number of group addresses: 830
Number of associations: 830

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DALI Bus system properties

The cross-functional DALI-Bus (DALI = Digital Addressable Lighting Interface) is a system used to control electronic ballasts (ECGs) in lighting technology. The specifications of the DALI communications interface are set in the international norm EN62386.

The DALI Bus enables the receipt of switch and dim commands. In addition, the DALI can be used for status information about light values or the notification of a fault such as a light or ECG failure.

Via the connected control device / gateway (Master), up to 64 individual DALI ECGs (Slaves) can be connected in a DALI segment. When the DALI is commissioned, the ECGs receive an automatically generated 3 Byte long address. Based on the long address a short address between 0 and 63 is assigned during the further commissioning process. As the address assignment is automatic, the device order is random. The individual ECGs/lights therefore need to be identified during the further commissioning process (see below).

The addressing of individual ECGs in the system is either based upon the short address (individual addressing) or upon a DALI group address (group addressing). For this purpose, any number of ECGs within a segment can be assigned to up to 16 groups. The group addressing in the DALI system guarantees that switch and dim processes of different lights within a system are performed simultaneously without time delays.

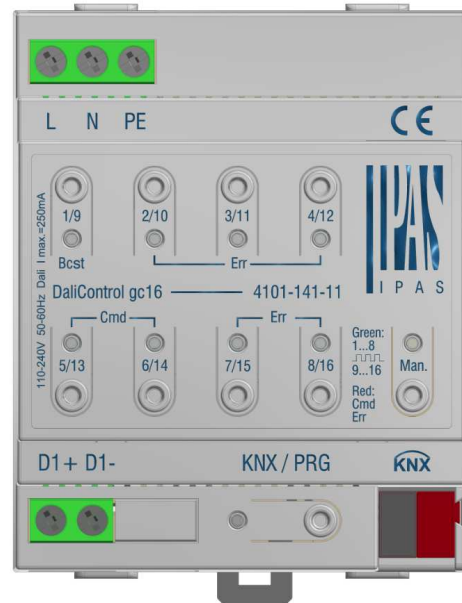
In addition to short and group addresses, the light values of individual DALI ECGs can also be merged into scenes and addressed via scene addresses.

For a detailed description of the DALI system, please see the DALI handbook at www.dali-ag.org.

DaliControl gc16 product features

The IPAS DALI Gateway DaliControl gc16 is a device used to control ECGs with a DALI interface via the KNX installation bus. The device transforms switch and dim commands from the connected KNX system into DALI telegrams and status information from the DALI bus into KNX telegrams. The DaliControl gc16 is a Category 1 device (in accordance with EN 62386-103). This means the device must only be used in DALI segments with connected ECGs and **not** with other DALI control devices within the segment (no multi-master function). Power supply for the up to 64 connected ECGs comes directly from the DaliControl gc16. An additional DALI power supply is **not** required and **not** permitted.

The device comes in a 4 units wide DIN Rail casing so it can be directly integrated into the mains distribution box.



In addition to the pure gateway function, the DaliControl gc16 offers numerous additional features:

- Addressing of 16 DALI groups
- Flexible DALI commissioning concept in the ETS5
- Coloured light control with the help of device type 8 ECGs (DT-8)
- Coloured light control depending on ECG sub-type:
 - Colour temperature (DT-8 Sub-Type Tc)
 - XY colour (DT-8 Sub-Type XY)
 - RGB (DT-8 Sub-Type RGBWAF)
 - HSV (DT-8 Sub-Type RGBWAF)
 - RGBW (DT-8 Sub-Type RGBWAF)
 - The DT-8 sub-type PrimaryN is not supported.
- Support of time scheduling programmes to control groups according to values and/or colour.
- Different operating modes such as permanent mode, night-time mode or staircase mode
- Integrated operating hours counter for each group with an alarm for when the maximum life-span has been reached.
- Individual fault recognition with objects for each light/ECG
- Complex fault analysis at group/device level with number of faults and fault rate calculation
- Fault threshold monitoring with individually configurable threshold values
- Scene module for extensive scene programming and possibility of dimming scenes

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- “Quick exchange function” for easy replacement of individual faulty ECGs
- Manual control of group and broadcast telegrams via control buttons on the device
- Indication of a fault status via LEDs on the device

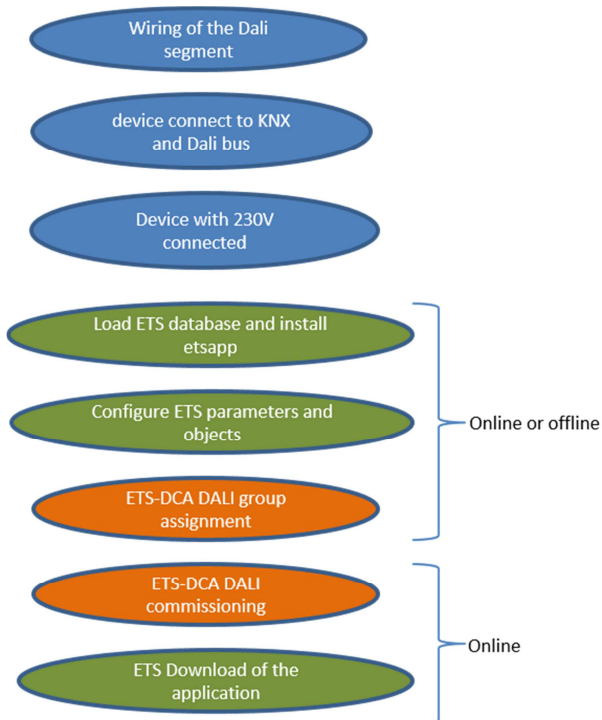
The special surface for the configuration of DALI segments is designed as a DCA (Device Control App) for the ETS5.

Please remember to install the corresponding ETS App in addition to the product database KNXprod. The ETS App is available for download on the IPAS website or from Konnex.

Installation and Concept of Commissioning

The Commissioning is separated in following steps:

Overview



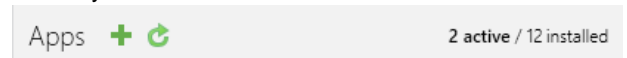
After the wiring of the DALI segment according to the operating and installation instructions BMA DCgc16, software start-up can begin.

To do this, the product database is loaded and the corresponding ETS App installed in the ETS5, see ETS App (DCA)

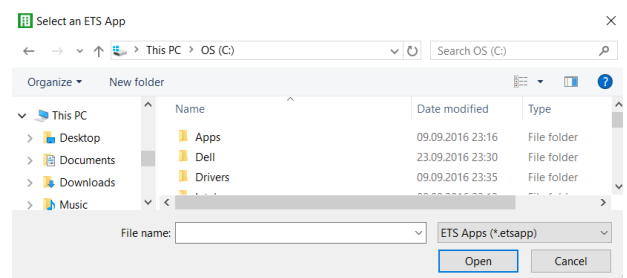
ETS-App (DCA)

The application for the DaliControl gc16 is based on the standard surface for the configuration of communication objects and parameters as well as a special surface for configuring the DALI bus system. This special surface is designed as a DCA (Device Control App) for the ETS5. All required program data are automatically created when the App is imported.

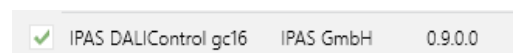
Therefore click on Button „App“ in the footer of ETS5 and then the „plus“ sign in order to add an ETS App to your ETS5 system:



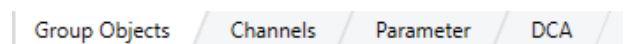
A file box will become visible to select the ETS App for the DaliControl gc16:



The App is displayed in the list of all ETS5 Apps:



When the product is selected an additional DCA tab is shown.



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Parameter Configuration

The parameters and the corresponding group addresses can then be configured as with any other KNX product. With the help of the parameters, various operating modes can also be configured, which are described in more detail in the operating modes chapter.

The DALI specific configuration is performed in the DCA tab. First, the assignment of the ECGs to the desired groups should be carried out.

This work can be carried out offline without connection to the KNX, or without connection to the DALIControl gc16.

The actual DALI commissioning is only possible online, that means a connection to the device is necessary. In this step, all connected ECGs are searched and found and can then be assigned to the preconfigured configuration.

After this assignment has been carried out, this special DALI configuration must be loaded into the device. The "Download" key is available in the DCA tab, see DALI Commissioning.

In the last step, the parameters and the links to the group addresses should be loaded into the device using normal ETS download.

The device is now ready for operation.

Devices for colour control (DT-8)

The DaliControl gc16 also supports ECGs for colour control (device type 8 according to EN 62386-209). Such devices allow for multi-channel colour control (RGB) and thereby enable the mixing of a light colour or the setting of a colour temperature via DALI.

DALI device type 8 features

ECGs for colour control (DT-8) are offered by a range of manufacturers. Usually these devices allow for the direct control of LED modules with multi-colour LEDs. The most common ones are modules with LEDs in the three colours red, green, blue (RGB), as well as modules with two different white tones (Tunable White). Occasionally LED modules with a further integrated white channel (RGBW) are offered on the market. Whilst it is, of course, possible to control the different colour channels individually, each via a separate DALI control device for LEDs (Device Type-6), this solution has the disadvantage, that each of these devices is assigned a separate DALI short address. This means that two (tunable white), three (RGB) or even four short addresses are required to control a

module. With a maximum number of 64 available short addresses per DALI segment, the number of lights that can be used is greatly reduced. With a DT-8 device, however, only one short address is required for all colour channels and the maximum possible range of 64 lights can be controlled.

The DALI standard EN 62386-209 defines different colour control methods for DT-8 devices. Normally, a certain device supports only one of these possible methods. Therefore please pay attention to the specifications of the respective manufacturer.

Colour display via XY coordinates

The display of a colour via two nominated coordinates in a so-called colour space is a common method. By means of the XY coordinates any point in this space is accessible and as a result any colour can be defined. The diagram used in the DALI standard is the colour space chromaticity diagram according to the 1931 CIE standard. (Cambridge University Press) which is shown in the following graphic.

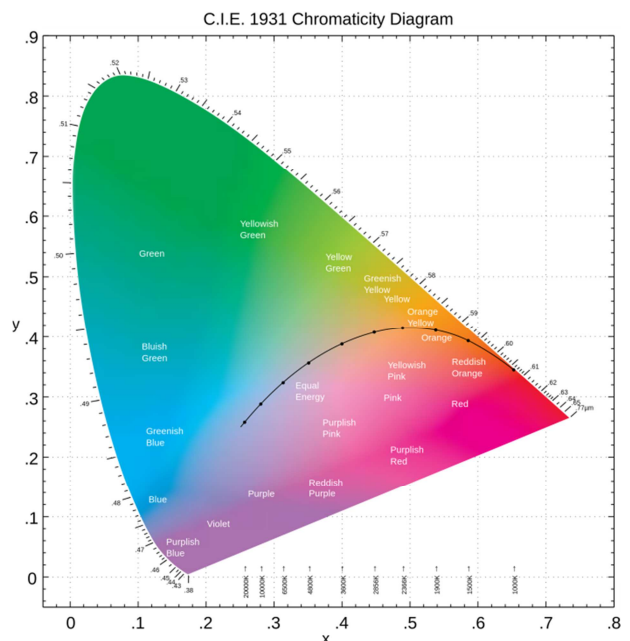


Figure 1: Colour space chromaticity diagram according to CIE 1931 (Source: Wikipedia)

In devices that support the XY coordinates method, the colour is set via two values between 0.0 and 1.0. However, because of the physical properties of an LED, even in an RGB LED module not every colour is practically possible. In practice, it is common to set the value which is closest. Please pay attention to the instructions of the ECG or light manufacturer. Usually the XY values, which are supported by the lamp, are specified here. Values outside of the specified range can generate non-reproducible colours.

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Colour display via colour temperature

A subset of all possible colours in the colour space are the different white tones. The white tones are found on one line across the whole colour space.

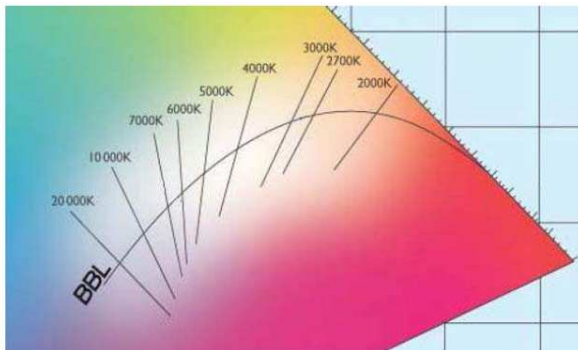


Figure 2: White tone on Black-Body-Line (Source: Wikipedia)

The points on this so-called black-body-line (BBL) are usually defined via a colour temperature in Kelvin. This makes it possible to exactly determine the white tone of a light between warm and cool with just one value. The colour temperature principle is therefore perfect for the control of white light fixtures (tunable white). DT-8 operating devices set the required colour temperature on an LED module by mixing cool and warm white LEDs. Of course, as before this is only possible within certain physical limits. With today's LED modules colour temperatures between 2000 and 8000 Kelvin are common.

Colour display via 3 or 4 colour channels (RGBWAF)

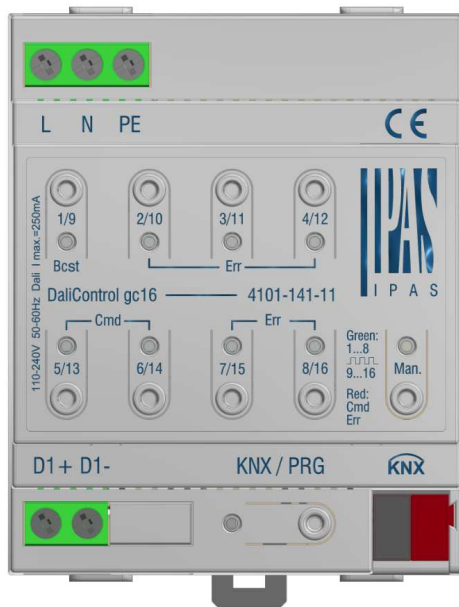
Principally, a colour is created by mixing different individual colours (different white tones, RGB or RGBW). A colour can therefore also be displayed based on the mixing ratio of different single colours, e.g. 50% red, 0% green, 60% blue. The colour definition in this case is not exact but depends greatly on the specific, physical attributes of the LEDs used to create the colour (wave length, intensity). Nonetheless, the indication of the primary colour percentages within a system is useful for the relative description of a colour. In some DT-8 ballasts, the colour is set by stating 3 (RGB) or 4 values (RGBW) between 0 and 100%. According to DALI standard EN 62386-209, up to six colours (RGBWAF) can theoretically be drawn upon. The DaliControl e64, however, only supports a maximum of 4 colours, in line with the ECGs that are currently available on the market.

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Operating modes

Manual mode

The DaliControl gc16 has 9 operating buttons and LEDs on the front side, which offer numerous possibilities for manual control and broadcast and analysis functions.



The buttons and LEDs are accessible without having to remove the cover. During KNX bus operation and in the absence of any errors, all 9 LEDs are switched off. If the gateway detects an error (e.g. a faulty lamp or KNX failure), only the LED on the Man. button lights up in red and flashes quickly. During programming (e.g. during installation) all LEDs light up in red and flash slowly.

Activate the manual mode with a long keypress on the button in the bottom right-hand corner.



The manual mode ends automatically 60 seconds after the last time the button has been activated.

If manual mode is active, shortly press the same button again to toggle between the different manual mode lev-

els. The RGB LED on the Man. button shows which level you are currently on. The individual levels have the following meaning:

Manual mode level 1

LED on Man. button lights up permanently in green

- Use buttons 1/9 to 8/16 to switch DALI groups 1 to 8. The light value of the group changes from 100% (On) to 0% (Off) each time the button is pressed. The switch status of each group is shown via the LEDs on the buttons 1/9 to 8/16.

Manual mode level 2

LED on Man. button flashes green

- Use buttons 1/9 to 8/16 to switch DALI groups 9 to 16. The light value of the group changes from 100% (On) to 0% (Off) each time the button is pressed. The switch status of each group is shown via the LEDs on the buttons 1/9 to 8/16.

Manual mode level 3

LED on Man. button lights up permanently in red

- Briefly press button 1/9 to trigger a broadcast command. Whether the command that is sent first is an on or off command depends on the status of group 1. Each further keypress toggles all lights via broadcast. The LED on button 1/9 shows the switch status. All lights react to a broadcast command even if group assignment has not yet taken place.
- A long keypress on button 5/13 triggers a quick exchange command. This function makes it possible to replace a faulty ECG even without the ETS (see chapter ECG quick exchange).
- A long keypress on button 6/14 activates the converter inhibit mode. If the power supply for the connected emergency lights is turned off within 15 minutes after activating the converter inhibit mode, the lights are turned off instead of changing into emergency mode. This operating mode may be necessary during the commissioning and installation process to prevent constant emergency lighting and battery discharge.
- If the gateway detects a fault, the LEDs on buttons 2/10 to 4/12 and 7/15 to 8/16 show the exact type of fault. The LED is constantly lit up in red. The faults are as follows:
 - LED Taste 2/10 → Converter fault
 - LED Taste 3/11 → ECG fault
 - LED Taste 4/12 → Lamp fault
 - LED Taste 7/15 → DALI short-circuit
 - LED Taste 8/16 → KNX fault

Normal mode

In normal mode, groups can be dimmed and switched without restrictions. The control of each group is based

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on three communication objects (switching, dimming, value setting).

ECGs can only be assigned to one DALI group. The DaliControl gc16 does not support multi-group assignments on DALI level. If such assignment is required, please use KNX communication objects for this purpose.

At group level, an additional enable/disable object is available to disable the control via the three communication objects.

Separate status objects inform about the switch and value status both at group and individual ECG level.

Permanent mode

If you would like to run an individual ECG or a whole group permanently with a certain light value, (e.g. a permanently lit corridor or workshop) you can choose the permanent mode option. The ECG or group are automatically set to the required value after you program or switch on the gateway. Switch and dim objects remain hidden. Light status, error and service functions, however, are also available in permanent mode.

Should a device in this mode not be running at the pre-set light level because of a special operation (e.g. identification process on the device display) or fault (e.g. ECG was without power when the gateway was started) the light level is automatically corrected after 60 seconds.

Staircase mode

The staircase mode is only available for groups. In this mode, the value set via a switch, dim or value telegram is automatically changed to the switch off value after a programmable time. The lights can be switched off immediately or in 2 steps (within a minute) or through dim-down (within a minute).

In staircase mode, each additionally received telegram re-starts the internal timer. The lights switch off when the timer runs out after the most recently received telegram.

The staircase mode can be disabled or enabled via an additional object. If the staircase mode is disabled, the group behaves as in normal mode and does not automatically switch off. If the mode is disabled whilst the switch-off timer is already running, the timer stops and the group remains at the currently set value. If the mode is enabled again, the timer starts again from the beginning.

Night mode

Night-time mode is available both at group and ECG level. The night-time mode corresponds largely to the stair-

case mode. The only difference is that the automatic switch-off is dependent on the central night object of the gateway. If the night object is not set (day), the group behaves as in normal mode. If the object is set (night), the ECG or group either switches off after a programmable time or it changes into permanent mode.

Panic mode (exceptional case)

The panic or emergency mode can be activated via a central object for the whole gateway. All ECGs/ groups that have been enabled for panic mode, permanently switch to a programmable panic light value on receipt of the object. They can no longer be controlled individually. When the panic mode is switched off, the devices return to the previous light value or the switch on / switch off value and can again be controlled individually.

Please note: If panic mode is active, scenes and time scheduling are deactivated.

Operating mode hierarchy

Some of the individual operating modes described above have higher functions and roles for the operation of the system as a whole. A prioritisation or hierarchy of operating modes is therefore required. The panic mode has the highest priority. The permanent, normal and night modes and the staircase function have the same priority and are on the same hierarchy level.

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Analysis and service functions

Recording operating hours

The DaliControl gc16 allows for the operating hours (burning time) of each group to be individually recorded. Internal recording is accurate to the second. The value is available externally in an hourly unit with the internal value in seconds always being rounded. (e.g. 7199 seconds → 1 h, 7201 seconds → 2h) The recording of operating hours is independent of the dim value. This means any light value > 0% contributes to an increase in the operating hours of a group. The counter can be re-set (when a lamp is changed). To reset the counter, the value 1 is written on the communication object "reset operating hours".

A maximum value can be individually configured for each group (life span), which activates an alarm object on the KNX bus. This information can be used for maintenance purposes.

Individual fault recognition at ECG level

A major advantage of DALI technology is the individual recognition of faulty lights or ECGs. The DaliControl gc16 supports this function.

For the analysis, the DaliGateway scans all connected ECGs periodically for ECG and light errors. The scanning cycles can be configured. If the cycle is 1 second (standard setting), and 64 ECGs are connected, the complete process of scanning for ECG and light errors takes 128 seconds (1 second per ECG and type of error). It can therefore take up to about 2 minutes before a fault that has occurred is recognised. For each ECG a communication object is available to send the information to the KNX bus (1Bit or 1 Byte object).

The error information is also available on the DCA in the ETS.

The fault status of all individual ECGs and lights can also be queried via a special error status object (object number 300, see communication object description below).

Fault analysis at group level

If ECGs are merged into groups, numerous group-specific error data is available in addition to the still available individual ECG data. For this purpose three different communication objects are available for each group. In addition to general information such as whether there is an error within a group and of what type, the complete number of faulty devices within the group and the error rate can be listed via a communication object. An alarm object is sent when a certain error rate is ex-

ceeded. A complex object with a summary of the data further adds to the analysis options.

For details of group-specific communication objects, please see the communication objects description below.

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ETS communication objects

The DaliControl gc16 communicates via the KNX bus based on powerful communication stacks. Altogether 871 communication objects are available for the communication.

General objects

The general communication objects 1 to 22 only exist once and apply to the gateway as a whole.

Number	Name	Object Function
1	Broadcast, Switching	On/Off
2	Broadcast, Set Value	Value
7	Activate Panic Mode	Activate/Stop
8	Activate Night Mode	Activate/Stop
10	General Failure	Yes/No
11	DALI Failure	Yes/No
12	General Failure Exceeds Threshold	Yes/No
13	General Failure in Total	Value
14	Lamp Failure Exceeds Threshold	Yes/No
15	Lamp Failure in Total	Value
16	ECG Failure Exceeds Threshold	Yes/No
17	ECG Failure in Total	Value
18	Status Switching Lamp	Status
21	Time	Time
22	Date	Date

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
1	Broadcast, Switching	On/Off	1 Bit 1.001	CW
<p>This object is used to switch all connected lights simultaneously on or off. However, any connected ECGs that are in special mode (Panic Mode) are not switched and the DALI bus is addressed sequentially. A delay between the first and the last light being switched off may hence be visible. If none of the ECGs is in special mode, all lights are switched simultaneously via DALI Broadcast telegrams. The Broadcast function always switches to 0 or 100%. The 'switch-off value' and 'switch-on value' parameters for groups or ECGs are disregarded.</p> <p>Note: This object is only visible if you select GENERAL→Special function→Enable broadcast in the parameters</p>				
2	Broadcast, Set Value	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
<p>This object is used to simultaneously set all connected lights to a certain value. However, any connected ECGs that are in special mode (Panic Mode) are excluded and the DALI bus is addressed sequentially. A delay between the value of the first and last light may hence be visible. If none of the ECGs is in special mode, the value is set simultaneously via DALI Broadcast telegrams.</p> <p>Note: This object is only visible if you select GENERAL→Special function→Enable broadcast in the pa-</p>				

rameters.

Broadcast can also be used for colour control. In this case 4 additional objects no. 3-6 will become visible, see Parameter page: Special functions.

The usage of those objects will be described in detail in Objects for colour control.

7	Activate Panic Mode	Activate/Stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW																		
Activates or deactivates the panic mode via the bus.																						
8	Activate Night Mode	Activate/Stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW																		
Activates or deactivates the night mode via the bus.																						
9	Scene invoke/ programm	Scene No.	8 Bit 18.001	CW																		
<p>This object is used to invoke or program scenes. Up to 16 scenes are available on the DALI gateway. To program a selected scene you need to set the top Bit:</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>Start</td><td>Program</td></tr><tr><td>Scene 1</td><td>0</td><td>128</td></tr><tr><td>Scene 2</td><td>1</td><td>129</td></tr><tr><td>.....</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Scene 15</td><td>14</td><td>142</td></tr><tr><td>Scene 16</td><td>15</td><td>143</td></tr></table>						Start	Program	Scene 1	0	128	Scene 2	1	129			Scene 15	14	142	Scene 16	15	143
	Start	Program																				
Scene 1	0	128																				
Scene 2	1	129																				
.....																						
Scene 15	14	142																				
Scene 16	15	143																				
10	General Failure	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CRT																		
Reports the presence of a general fault in the connected DALI segment independent of its type.																						
11	DALI Failure	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CRT																		
Reports the presence of a DALI short-circuit in the connected DALI segment																						
12	General Failure Exceeds Threshold	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CRT																		
This object reports that the total of all lamp, ECG and converter faults recognised by the gateway exceeds the threshold set via parameters.																						
13a	General Failure in Total	Value	1 Byte 5.010	CRT																		
The total number of all lamp, ECG and converter errors recognised by the gateway are reported via this object. Please remember that for each connected device a fault is counted just once. If an ECG or converter error has been detected, a simultaneous light error will no longer be detected or counted.																						
13b	General Failure in %	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT																		
Alternatively, this object is used to report the error rate as a percentage of the total number of devices in the DALI segment. All lamp, ECG and converter errors are hereby taken into account. Please remember that for each connected device a fault is counted just once. If an ECG or converter er-																						

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ror has been detected, a simultaneous light error will no longer be detected or counted.				
14	Lamp Failure Exceeds Threshold	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report that the total of all lamp failures recognised by the gateway exceeds the threshold set via parameters.				
15a	Lamp Failure in Total	Value	1 Byte 5.010	CRT
The total number of lamp failures recognised by the gateway are reported via this object.				
15b	Lamp Failure in %	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Reports the failure rate as a percentage of the total number of lamps in the DALI segment.				
16	ECG Failure Exceeds Threshold	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
This object is used to report that the total number of ECG failures recognised by the gateway exceeds the threshold set via parameters.				
17a	ECG Failure in Total	Value	1 Byte 5.010	CRT
The total number of ECG failures recognised by the gateway are reported via this object.				
17b	ECG Failure in %	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Alternatively, the failure rate can be reported as a percentage of the total number of ECGs in the DALI segment via this object.				
18	Status Switching Lamp	Status	4 Byte 27.001	CRT
Sends the switch status of individual groups in the DALI segment when the system is started or when a change has taken place. Bit 0 - 15 show the status. Bit 16-31 show whether the information is valid. Number "1" means that the status information is valid; number "0" means it is invalid. For example: groups 2,5 and 10 are switched on and valid; all other groups are switched off: Status:				
<pre> Grp.16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 Bit 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 Mask: Bit 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Bit 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </pre>				
20	Failure Status Lamp/ECG	Status	8 Bit 238.600	CWT

This object is used to send the error status of lamp or ECG errors in the DALI segment when the system is started or when a change has taken place. Bit 0 - 5 refer to the number of the ECG. Bit 6 represents a lamp error, Bit 7 an ECG error. For example:

```

          Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
ECG 5 / ECG error    1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
ECG 6 / Lamp error   0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1
    
```

If a value is received via the object where Bit 6 and Bit 7 are set, it is interpreted as a status query. For example:

```

          Bit      7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
ECG 5 / status query 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0
    
```

The gateway responds with the current error status of the queried ECG.

```

          Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
ECG 5 / ECG error  1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
    
```

For time-controlled sequencing, the current date and time are required. These need to be made available via the bus. Two objects are available for this purpose.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
21	Time	Time	3 Byte 10.001	CWTU
This object is used to set the time. The time must be provided by a central timer and updated at least twice a day.				
22	Date	Date	3 Byte 11.001	CWTU
This object is used to set the date. The date must be provided by a central timer and updated at least twice a day. Leap years and change-over to and from daylight saving time are not taken into consideration during internal calculations of time and date. Therefore please pay attention that the timer sends the correct date on these occasions.				

Objects for the time control module

For each of the up to 16 templates in the colour control module communication objects are available for activation/deactivation. Please see chapter *Disabling/Enabling*. These need to be enabled under time control in the DCA.

■ 23	Template 1, Activation	Activate/Stop
■ 24	Template 2, Activation	Activate/Stop
■ 25	Template 3, Activation	Activate/Stop

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
23	Template 1, Activate	Activate/stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW

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This object activates template 1 in the colour control module. If the value is 1, the template is active and will be executed according to schedule.

24ff	Template x, Activate	Activate/stop	1 Bit 1.010	CW
------	----------------------	---------------	----------------	----

This object activates template x in the colour control module. If the value is 1, the template is active and will be executed according to schedule.

ECG objects

For each of the up to 64 connected ECGs and corresponding lights one communication object is available to display the error status (Example ECG 1):

487	ECG 1, Failure Status	Status
488	ECG 2, Failure Status	Status
489	ECG 3, Failure Status	Status

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
487a	ECG 1, Failure Status	On/Off	1 Bit 1.005	CRT
The error status for light, ECG or converter failures is sent via this object.				
487b	ECG 2, Failure Status	Status	1 Byte 5.x	CRT
Alternatively, the error status for light, ECG or converter failures is sent as a 1 Byte object. Meaning: Bit 0 → light error Bit 1 → ECG error Bit 2 → converter failure				

Group objects

For each one of the up to 16 possible groups, a set of 26 communication objects is available.

39	G1, Switching, Colour Temperature	On/Off
40	G1, Dimming, Colour Temperature	Brighter/Darker
41	G1, Set Value, Colour Temperature	Value
42	G1, Set Value, Colour Temperature	Value/Time
43	G1, Enable, Colour Temperature	Yes/No
44	G1, Status, Colour Temperature	On/Off
45	G1, Status, Colour Temperature	Value
46	G1, Failure Status, Colour Temperature	Status
47	G1, Failure Status, Colour Temperature	Status
48	G1, Failure Exceeds Threshold, Colour Temperature	Yes/No
49	G1, Colour Temperature, Colour Temperature	Value
50	G1, Colour Temperature relative, Colour Temperature	Value
54	G1, Colour Control Fading, Colour Temperature	Warmer/Cooler
58	G1, Colour Temperature, Colour Temperature	Status
63	G1, Operating Hours Reset, Colour Temperature	Yes/No
64	G1, Operating Hours, Colour Temperature	Value
65	G1, Life Time Exceeded, Colour Temperature	Yes/No
66	G1, Control ECG Power Line, Colour Temperature	On/Off

The following objects are available:

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
39	G1, Switching	On/Off	1 Bit 1.001	CW
This object is used to switch group 1 on or off.				
40	G1, Dimming	Brighter/Darker	4 Bit 3.007	CW
This object is used for the relative dimming of group 1. Bit 4 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 1 to 3 refer to the increment size. Bit 1 to 3 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
41	G1, Set Value	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the value of group 1.				
Object 42 is shown for the following parameter: G1→behaviour→additional value setting object with dim time				
42	G1, Set Value	Value/Time	3 Byte 225.00 1	CW
Group 1 can bet set to a certain value and dim time via this object.				
<p>Format: 3 octets: U₁₆U₈</p> <p>octet nr. 3 MSB 2 1 LSB</p> <p>field names TimePeriod Percent</p> <p>encoding</p>				
<p>For this data point, time is defined as a multiple of 100 ms. Because of the DALI specific features, a value range from 1 s to 200 s is accepted. Values outside of this range are restricted accordingly.</p> <p>A dim time of 10 s is coded as follows: 10 s = 10x10x100 ms</p>				
Object 43 is shown for the following parameter: G1→General→Function of the additional object				
43a	G1, Enable	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.003	CW
This object is used to enable the operation of group 1: Object = 0 → Operation disabled Object = 1 → Operation enabled				
43b	G1, Disable	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.003	CW
This object is used to disable the operation of group 1: Object = 0 → Operation enabled Object = 1 → Operation disabled				
43c	G1, Disable Staircase	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.003	CW

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This object is used to disable the staircase function of group 1: Object = 0 → Staircase function enabled Object = 1 → Staircase function disabled										
44	G1, Status	On/Off	1 Bit 1.001	CRT						
Sends the switch status of the group. Each value >0 % is interpreted as ON.										
45	G1, Status	Value	8 Bit 5.001	CRT						
Sends the value status of each group.										
Object 46 is shown for the following parameter: G1→Analysis and maintenance→Type of error status object										
46a	G1, Failure Status	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CRT						
Sends the error status for a light or ECG failure in the group.										
46b	G1, Failure Status	Status	1 Byte 5.x	CRT						
Sends the error status for a light or ECG failure in the group as a 1 Byte object. Meaning: Bit 0 → Light error Bit 1 → ECG error										
47	G1, Failure Status	Status	4 Byte	CRT						
Reports the total number of devices within a group as well as the error status according to type of error. The different Bits within the object have the following meaning:										
<table><tr><td>Bit 31</td><td>Bit 30</td><td>Bit 29..24</td></tr><tr><td>Norm.ECG</td><td>Notl. ECG</td><td>Number of ECGs+Conv. faulty</td></tr></table>					Bit 31	Bit 30	Bit 29..24	Norm.ECG	Notl. ECG	Number of ECGs+Conv. faulty
Bit 31	Bit 30	Bit 29..24								
Norm.ECG	Notl. ECG	Number of ECGs+Conv. faulty								
<table><tr><td>Bit 23</td><td>Bit 22</td><td>Bit 21..16</td></tr><tr><td>Norm.Lamps</td><td>Notl. Lamps</td><td>Number of Lamps faulty</td></tr></table>					Bit 23	Bit 22	Bit 21..16	Norm.Lamps	Notl. Lamps	Number of Lamps faulty
Bit 23	Bit 22	Bit 21..16								
Norm.Lamps	Notl. Lamps	Number of Lamps faulty								
<table><tr><td>Bit 15</td><td>Bit 14</td><td>Bit 13..8</td></tr><tr><td>Def.Conv.</td><td>n.b.</td><td>Number of Converters</td></tr></table>					Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13..8	Def.Conv.	n.b.	Number of Converters
Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13..8								
Def.Conv.	n.b.	Number of Converters								
<table><tr><td>Bit 7</td><td>Bit 6</td><td>Bit 5..0</td></tr><tr><td>n.b.</td><td>n.b.</td><td>Number of ECGs</td></tr></table>					Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5..0	n.b.	n.b.	Number of ECGs
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5..0								
n.b.	n.b.	Number of ECGs								
Object 48 is shown for the following parameter: G1→Analysis and maintenance→Additional error objects										
48a	G1, Failure Exceeds Threshold	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CRT						
This object is used to report that the total of all lamp, ECG and converter failures found within the group exceeds the threshold set via parameters.										

48b	G1, Failure Rate in Total	Value	1 Byte 5.010	CRT
The total number of light and ECG errors within the group is reported via this object.				
48c	G1, Failure Rate in %	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
This object is used to report the error rate as a percentage of the total number of devices within the group.				
63	G1, Operating Hours Reset	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.015	CW
The operating hours within the group can be reset with „1“ via this object.				
64	G1, Operating Hours	Value	4 Byte 13.100	CW
Counts the operating hours in the group. This value is transmitted in seconds according DTP 13.100.				
65	G1, Life Time Exceeded	Yes/No	1 Bit 1.005	CW
This object shows whether the maximum life span set in the parameters has been exceeded. Note: If the threshold has been exceeded, an alarm is issued via this object (by sending „1“). This status is reset for each further hour that is above the threshold.				
66	G1, Control ECG Power Line	On/Off	1 Bit 1.001	CW
Via this object the power supply of the ECGs can be switched off. As soon as a group has been switched off, the object is set to „0“ to cut off the power to the corresponding ECGs. If the group is switched back on, the object is set to „1“ and delayed the switch on commands are sent to the DALI bus. According to Dali norms, the ECGs should be back in normal mode after 200 ms. This object is used to cut energy costs by ensuring that switched off ECGs are without power. The function can be activated via a parameter.				

Objects for colour control

Different colour control options are supported:

- Colour temperature
- RGB
- HSV
- RGBW
- XY

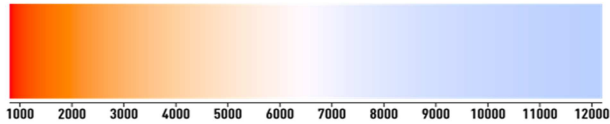
Only one type of colour control can be selected for a group. All ECGs in the group that support this type can thereby be controlled. Other ECG types will not react to the command.

Please remember to only assemble ECGs with the same colour control in a group.

Dependig on the type of colour control, different objects are shown:

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Colour temperature



*Figure 3: Colour temperature (Source: Wikipedia)

Hereby the colour temperature can be set in the unit Kelvin. Temperatures below 3000 K are called "warm white"; according to over 5000 K "cool white" and values in between are called "neutral white".

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
49	G1, Colour Temperature	Value	2 Byte 7.600	CW
Sets the colour temperature in the group.				
50	G1, Colour Temperature relativ	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the relative colour temperature in the group between 0 and 100%. The value range 0 to 100% is automatically converted into the possible colour temperature range.				
54	G1, Colour Temperature	Warmer/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Changes the colour temperature in the group. Bit 4 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 1 to 3 refer to the increment size. Bit 0 to 3 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
58	G1, Colour Temperature	Status	2 Byte 7.600	CRT
Sends the set colour temperature as status of the group.				

RGB (DPT 232.600)

The RGB colour spectrum is called additive colour spectrum as the colour perception is created by mixing the three basic colours.

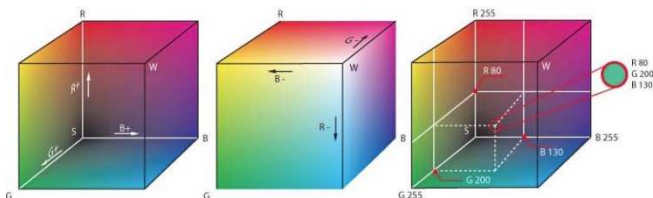


Figure 3: RGB cube (Source: Wikipedia)

In this version all three colours are displayed together in one object.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
48	G1, Colour RGB	Value	3 Byte 232.600	CW
Sets the colour of the group. The values for red (R), green (G) and blue (B) are transferred together in a 3 Byte object.				
57	G1, Colour RGB	Status	3 Byte 232.600	CRT
Sends the selected colour of the group as a status.				

RGB (separate objects)

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
50	G1, Colour (RGB) Red	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour of the group. The values for red (R) are transferred here.				
51	G1, Colour (RGB) Green	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour of the group. Here the values for green (G) are transferred.				
52	G1, Colour (RGB) Blue	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the colour of the group. Here the values for blue (B) are transferred.				
54	G1, Colour (RGB) Red	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Changes the colour red in the group. Bit 4 is set to increase the percentage of red and deleted to reduce the percentage of red. Bits 1 to 3 refer to the increment size. Bit 0 to 3 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
55	G1, Colour (RGB) Green	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
See colour change for red.				
56	G1, Colour (RGB) Blue	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
See colour change for red.				
57	G1, Colour (RGB) Red	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Use this object to send the set colour red as status of the group.				
60	G1, Colour (RGB) Green	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Use this object to send the set colour green as status of the group.				
61	G1, Colour (RGB) Blue	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Use this object to send the set colour blue as status of the group.				

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HSV

The colour is set as an HSV value which consists of hue, saturation and value.

The value (V) is set via the value object 41. Further objects are displayed for the hue (H) and saturation (S).

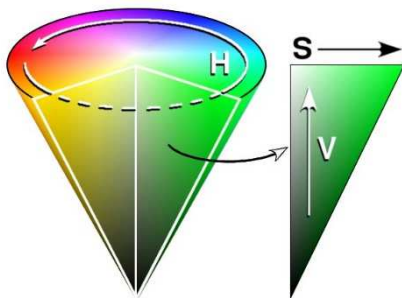


Figure 4: HSV-colour spectrum (Source: wikipedia)

The hue is set as a value between 0° and 360° and hence rotates around the colour circle. This means that this value is required to reach all colours in the colour circle.



Figure 5: HSV-colour value (Source: Wikipedia)

The values for saturation and intensity range from 0 to 100%.

Complete saturation and full intensity are reached by selecting 100%.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
50	G1, Colour (HSV) Hue	Value	1 Byte 5.003	CW
Sets the colour as an HSV value. The hue values are transferred as values between 0° and 360°.				
51	G1, Colour (Saturation)	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
Sets the saturation level. The saturation values are transferred as values between 0 and 100%.				

54	G1, Colour (HSV) Fading Hue	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
Changes the hue within the group. Bit 3 is set to increase the angle and deleted to reduce the angle. Bit 0 to 3 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.				
55	G1, Colour (Saturation)	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
See change of hue above. The value from 0 to 100% is increased in increments.				
59	G1, Colour (HSV) Hue	Status	1 Byte 5.003	CRT
Sends the selected hue as status of the group.				
60	G1, Colour (HSV) Saturation	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
Sends the selected saturation as status of the group.				

RGBW (DPT 251.600)

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags																																																												
49	G1, Colour RGBW	Value	6 Byte 251.600	CW																																																												
Use this object to set the colour as RGBW within the group. The colour values for white, blue, green and red are entered in the bottom Bytes ranging from 0 to 100%. 4 Bits in the 5th Byte show whether the respective colour values are valid.																																																																
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="5">Datapoint Type</th> </tr> <tr> <th>DPT Name:</th><td>DPT_Colour_RGBW</td><th>DPT ID:</th><td>251.600</td><th></th></tr> <tr> <th>DPT Format:</th><td>r₁₂B₄U₈U₈U₈U₈</td><th></th><td></td><th></th></tr> <tr> <th>Field</th><th>Description</th><th>Supp.</th><th>Range</th><th>Unit</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>mr</td><td>Shall specify whether the colour information red in the field R is valid or not.</td><td>M</td><td>{0,1}</td><td>None.</td></tr> <tr> <td>mg</td><td>Shall specify whether the colour information green in the field G is valid or not.</td><td>M</td><td>{0,1}</td><td>None.</td></tr> <tr> <td>mb</td><td>Shall specify whether the colour information blue in the field B is valid or not.</td><td>M</td><td>{0,1}</td><td>None.</td></tr> <tr> <td>mw</td><td>Shall specify whether the colour information white in the field W is valid or not.</td><td>M</td><td>{0,1}</td><td>None.</td></tr> <tr> <td>R</td><td>Colour Level Red</td><td>M</td><td>0 % to 100 %</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>G</td><td>Colour Level Green</td><td>M</td><td>0 % to 100 %</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>B</td><td>Colour Level Blue</td><td>M</td><td>0 % to 100 %</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>W</td><td>Colour Level White</td><td>M</td><td>0 % to 100 %</td><td>-</td></tr> </tbody> </table>					Datapoint Type					DPT Name:	DPT_Colour_RGBW	DPT ID:	251.600		DPT Format:	r ₁₂ B ₄ U ₈ U ₈ U ₈ U ₈				Field	Description	Supp.	Range	Unit	mr	Shall specify whether the colour information red in the field R is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	mg	Shall specify whether the colour information green in the field G is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	mb	Shall specify whether the colour information blue in the field B is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	mw	Shall specify whether the colour information white in the field W is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	R	Colour Level Red	M	0 % to 100 %	-	G	Colour Level Green	M	0 % to 100 %	-	B	Colour Level Blue	M	0 % to 100 %	-	W	Colour Level White	M	0 % to 100 %	-
Datapoint Type																																																																
DPT Name:	DPT_Colour_RGBW	DPT ID:	251.600																																																													
DPT Format:	r ₁₂ B ₄ U ₈ U ₈ U ₈ U ₈																																																															
Field	Description	Supp.	Range	Unit																																																												
mr	Shall specify whether the colour information red in the field R is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.																																																												
mg	Shall specify whether the colour information green in the field G is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.																																																												
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mw	Shall specify whether the colour information white in the field W is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.																																																												
R	Colour Level Red	M	0 % to 100 %	-																																																												
G	Colour Level Green	M	0 % to 100 %	-																																																												
B	Colour Level Blue	M	0 % to 100 %	-																																																												
W	Colour Level White	M	0 % to 100 %	-																																																												
58	G1, Colour RGBW	Status	6 Byte 251.600	CRT																																																												
Sends the selected colour in this format as status of the group.																																																																

RGBW (separate objects)

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
50	G1, Colour (RGB) Red	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW

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Sets the colour of the group. The values for red (R) are transferred here.

51	G1, Colour (RGB) Green	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
----	------------------------	-------	-----------------	----

Sets the colour of the group. The values for green (G) are transferred here.

52	G1, Colour (RGb) Blue	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
----	-----------------------	-------	-----------------	----

Sets the colour of the group. The values for blue (B) are transferred here.

53	G1, Colour White	Value	1 Byte 5.001	CW
----	------------------	-------	-----------------	----

Sets the colour of the group. The values for white (W) are transferred here.

54	G1, Colour (RGB) Fading Red	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
----	-----------------------------	-----------------	----------------	----

Changes the colour red in the group. Bit 3 is set to increase the percentage of red and deleted to reduce the percentage of red. Bit 0 to 3 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram.

55	G1, Colour (RGB) Fading Green	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
----	-------------------------------	-----------------	----------------	----

See colour change red.

56	G1, Colour (RGB) Fading Blue	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
----	------------------------------	-----------------	----------------	----

See colour change red.

57	G1, Colour Fading White	Brighter/Cooler	4 Bit 3.007	CW
----	-------------------------	-----------------	----------------	----

See colour change red.

59	G1, Colour (RGB) Red	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
----	----------------------	--------	-----------------	-----

Sends the selected colour red as status of the group.

60	G1, Colour (RGB) Green	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
----	------------------------	--------	-----------------	-----

Sends the selected colour green as status of the group.

61	G1, Colour (RGB) Blue	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
----	-----------------------	--------	-----------------	-----

Sends the selected colour blue as status of the group.

62	G1, Colour White	Status	1 Byte 5.001	CRT
----	------------------	--------	-----------------	-----

Sends the selected colour white as status of the group.

HSVW (separate objects)

See chapter: HSV

XY (DPT 242.600)

The colour is identified through an XY value between 0 and 1.

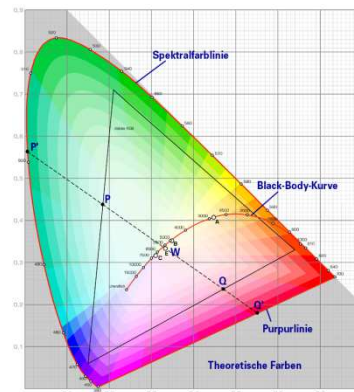


Figure 7: XY-colour spectrum (Source: Wikipedia)

This value range is converted into a range from 0 to 65535 (2 Byte floating point) in the KNX.

The value 65535 corresponds to value 1 in the diagram.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags																																													
49	G1, Colour XY	Value	6 Byte 242.600	CW																																													
<p>This object is used to set the colour in the group via XY coordinates.</p> <p>The brightness level is entered in the lower Byte ranging from 0 to 100%. This is followed by the Y and X-coordinates ranging from 0 to 65535.</p> <p>2 Bits in the upper Byte show whether the XY values and brightness levels are valid.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="5">Datapoint Type</th> </tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">DPT Name:</th> <th colspan="2">DPT Colour_xyY</th> <th></th> </tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">DPT Format:</th> <th colspan="2">B₅U₁₅U₁₅U₈</th> <th>DPT ID: 242.600</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Supp.</th> <th>Range</th> <th>Unit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>This field shall indicate whether the colour information in the fields x-axis and y-axis is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field Brightness is valid or not.</td> <td>M</td> <td>{0,1}</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x-axis</td> <td>x-coordinate of the colour information</td> <td>M</td> <td>0-65535</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y-axis</td> <td>y-coordinate of the colour information</td> <td>M</td> <td>0-65535</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Brightness</td> <td>Brightness of the colour</td> <td>M</td> <td>0 % to 100 %</td> <td>None.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Datapoint Type					DPT Name:		DPT Colour_xyY			DPT Format:		B ₅ U ₁₅ U ₁₅ U ₈		DPT ID: 242.600	Field	Description	Supp.	Range	Unit	C	This field shall indicate whether the colour information in the fields x-axis and y-axis is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	B	This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field Brightness is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.	x-axis	x-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.	y-axis	y-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.	Brightness	Brightness of the colour	M	0 % to 100 %	None.
Datapoint Type																																																	
DPT Name:		DPT Colour_xyY																																															
DPT Format:		B ₅ U ₁₅ U ₁₅ U ₈		DPT ID: 242.600																																													
Field	Description	Supp.	Range	Unit																																													
C	This field shall indicate whether the colour information in the fields x-axis and y-axis is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.																																													
B	This field shall indicate whether the brightness information in the field Brightness is valid or not.	M	{0,1}	None.																																													
x-axis	x-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.																																													
y-axis	y-coordinate of the colour information	M	0-65535	None.																																													
Brightness	Brightness of the colour	M	0 % to 100 %	None.																																													
58	G1, Colour Temperature XY	Status	6 Byte 242.600	CRT																																													
<p>Sends the selected colour via the XY values as status of the group.</p>																																																	

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XY (separate objects)

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
49	G1, Colour X	Value	2 Byte 7.001	CW
Sets the X value in a range from 0 to 65535.				
50	G1, Colour Y	Value	2 Byte 7.001	CW
Sets the Y value in a range from 0 to 65535.				
58	G1, Colour X	Status	2 Byte 7.001	CRT
Sends the set X value as status of the group.				
59	G1, Colour Y	Status	2 Byte 7.001	CRT
Sends the set Y value as status of the group.				

Objects for scene control

The Sceneobjects are collected in the Scene Channel.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
9	Scene invoke/ program	Scene No.	8 Bit 18.001	CW
This object is used to invoke or program scenes. Up to 16 scenes are available on the DALI gateway. To program a selected scene you need to set the top Bit:				
		Start	Program	
	Scene 1	0	128	
	Scene 2	1	129	
			
	Scene 15	14	142	
	Scene 16	15	143	
551	Scene1, Dim- ming	Brighter/Darker	4 Bit 3.007	CW
This object is used for the relative dimming of scene 1. Bit 4 is set to dim up and deleted to dim down. Bits 1 to 3 refer to the increment size. Bit 1 to 3 deleted is interpreted as a stop telegram. Attention: The Min- /Max-Setting already defined in the group configuration are taken into account.				

ETS parameters

The ETS parameters of the device are distributed across different parameter pages. To simplify the overview, only

the parameter pages of the device selected in the function tree are displayed.

General

Three parameter pages are available under the heading "General". The parameters are described below.

Parameter page: Behaviour

GENERAL		Instruction: For configuration and DALI Commissioning you need the ETS DCA App installed. Refer to Manual how to install this App.	
Behaviour			
Analysis and Service	Behaviour on KNX Failure	No Action	
Special Functions	Behaviour on KNX Voltage Recovery	No Action	
+ G1, Farbtemperatur	Sendedelay for Status after KNX Recovery	10 Seconds	
+ G2, Farbsteuerung RGB Kombi.	Light Status Send Condition	Send on Change	
+ G3, Farbsteuerung RGB getrennt	Send Status Value During Dimming	inactive	
+ G4, Farbsteuerung HSV getrennt	Behaviour after Panic Mode	Switch to Last Value	

Parameter	Settings
Broadcast Only Device	No Yes
This parameter makes it possible to use the device as a pure broadcast device. All group parameters and objects are faded out.	
Behaviour on KNX Failure	No Action Switch to On-Value Switch to Off-Value Switch to Emergency-Value
Use this parameter to set the behaviour of the connected ECGs/lamps on KNX failure.	
Behaviour on KNX Voltage Recovery	No Action Switch to Last Value Switch to On-Value Switch to Off-Value
Use this parameter to set the behaviour of the connected ECGs/lamps on KNX voltage recovery or bus reset.	
Sendedelay for Status after KNX Recovery	Immediat 5 Seconds 10 Seconds 15 Seconds 20 Seconds 30 Seconds 40 Seconds 50 Seconds 60 Seconds
Sets a delay for sending status objects after KNX voltage recovery or a bus reset. In installations with more than one gateway, different settings for this parameter can prevent all devices from sending at the same time.	

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Light Status Send Condition	Send on Request Send on Change Send on Change and After Busreset
Determines the light status send conditions (switch status and value status) of the connected ECGs and groups.	
Send Status Value During Dimming	If Change > 2% If Change > 5% If Change > 10% If Change > 20% inactive
Use this parameter to set whether and when you would like a value status to be sent via a 4 bit dim telegram during dimming (relative dimming). If you use the setting inactive the value is only sent after the dimming process is complete.	
Behaviour after Panic Mode	Switch to Off Value Switch to On Value Switch to Last Value
Use this parameter to determine which light value ECGs / lamps are to adopt after the panic mode has finished. If you use 'Switch to Last Value', the value prior to the panic mode is saved and the lamp returns to this value afterwards.	

Parameter page: Analysis and service

GENERAL	Failure Status Send Condition	Send on Change
Behaviour	Cycle Time for DALI Failure Requests	1 Second
Analysis and Service	Type of Central ECG Failure Object	<input type="radio"/> none <input checked="" type="radio"/> Dali Diagnose (1 Byte)
Special Functions	Function of Failure Object	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Total number of Failures <input type="radio"/> Failure Rate 0..100%
+ G1, Colour Temperature	Threshold for Total Failures	1%
+ G2, RGB (combined objects)	Threshold for Lamp Failures	1%
+ G3, RGB (separated objects)	Threshold for ECG Failures	1%
+ G4, RGB HUE (separated objects)	Type of Object for Single ECG Failure	1 bit
+ G5, RGBW (separated objects)		
+ G6, RGBW (combined objects)		

Parameter	Settings
Failure Status Send Condition	Send on Request Send on Change Send on Change and after Busreset
Sets the conditions under which the error status objects of the connected ECGs and groups are to be sent.	
Cycle time for DALI Failure Requests	No request 0,5 Seconds 1 Second 2 Seconds 3 Seconds 4 Seconds 5 Seconds 6 Seconds 7 Seconds 8 Seconds 9 Seconds 10 Seconds

To analyse ECG and lamp faults, a periodic request has to be sent to the ECGs via DALI telegrams. Use this parameter to set the cycles for these periodic requests. Attention: If you set 'No request' ECG and lamp faults can no longer be recognised. You should therefore use this setting only during service or in special cases.	
Type of Central Failure Object	None Dali Diagnostic (1 Byte)
Use this parameter to select whether you want to use the central failure object for ECG and lamp faults (object number 20).	
Function of Failure Object	Total number of Failures Failure Rate 0..100%
Use this parameter to select whether you want to use the failure analysis objects (objects number 13, 15 and 17) to report the total amount of errors or the error rate in %.	
Threshold for Total Failures	1% 2% 3% 100%
Configures a threshold value for the general failure alarm object (object 12). The threshold value takes all errors (ECG, lamp and converter errors) into consideration independent of the error type and relates them to the total number of connected ECGs and converters.	
Threshold for Lamp Failure	1% 2% 3% 100%
Configures a threshold value for the lamp failure alarm object (object 14). The threshold value considers all lamp errors in relation to the total number of connected lamps in the DALI segment.	
Threshold for ECG Failures	1% 2% 3% 100%
Configures a threshold value for the ECG failure alarm object (object 16). The threshold value considers all lamp errors in relation to the total number of connected ECGs in the DALI segment.	
Type of Object for Failure	1 Bit 1 Byte No Object
Determines whether the additional error objects of all up to 64 ECGs are to be displayed in the format 1 Bit (error yes/no) or in the format 1 Byte, see ECG objects from number 487 onwards.	

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Parameter page: Special functions

By enabling the Broadcast Function additional objects can be used to Control the DALI -System

Broadcast enabled ☒ No ☐ Yes

Disable Manual Operation ☒ No ☐ Yes

By enabling the Broadcast Function additional objects can be used to Control the DALI -System

Broadcast enabled ☐ No ☒ Yes

Broadcast for Colour EVGs (DT8)

Disable Manual Operation ☒ No ☐ Yes

G1

Parameter	Settings
Broadcast enabled	No Yes
Use this parameter to enable the broadcast function in addition to group control. Please note: When activating the broadcast function, additional objects to control the Dali system can be used.	
Broadcast for Colour ECGs (DT-8)	None Colour Temperature RGB Colour RGBW Colour XY Colour
Determines which type of colour control is to be used for the broadcast commands. Please note: The status information is only updated if the selected type of colour control matches the type defined in the group. If RGB colour is selected:	
Selection of Object Type	RGB (3 Byte combined Object) RGB (separated Object) HSV (separated Object)
Determines which type of colour control is to be used. If RGBW colour is selected:	
Selection of Object Type	RGBW (6 Byte combined Object 251.600) RGBW (separated Object) HSVW (separated Object)
Determines which type of colour control is to be used.	
Disable manual mode	No Yes
Use this parameter to disable the manual mode directly on the device, reference to Manual mode	

Group

Three parameter pages are available for group settings. The parameters are described below.

Group 1

Operating Mode

Function of Additional Object

Enable for Panic Mode ☒ No ☐ Yes

Value on DALI Power Fail

Value on DALI Power Recovery

Control EGC Power Line via Object ☒ No ☐ Yes

This Object can be used to switch Off the Power of the ECGs.
As soon as the Group has been switch On again, this Object enables the Power of the ECG Line again.

Calculation of Dimming Values ☐ linear ☒ logarithmic

G2, Farbsteuerung RGB Kombi...
G3, Farbsteuerung RGB getrennt
G4, Farbsteuerung HSV getrennt

General

Parameter	Settings
Group description	
Use this parameter to define a group description. To simplify the overview, this description will be displayed for all communication objects. For example: Test group <div> <div> G1, Test Group </div> <div> 39: G1, Switching, Test Group - On/Off 40: G1, Dimming, Test Group - Brighter/Darker 41: G1, Set Value, Test Group - Value 44: G1, Status, Test Group - On/Off 45: G1, Status, Test Group - Value 46: G1, Failure Status, Test Group - Yes/No </div> </div>	
Operation Mode	Normal Mode Permanent Mode Normal /Night Mode Staircase
Sets the operating mode of the group.	
If "Permanent" Mode is selected.	
Value in Permanent Mode	0..100% [50]
Use this parameter to select the value of all lamps in a group in 'permanent mode'. Lamps in this mode cannot be switched or changed. They remain at the set value.	
If "Normal/ Night" Mode is selected.	

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Behaviour in Night Mode	Delayed Switch-Off automatically Delayed Switch in 2 steps automatically Delayed Dimm-Off automatically Activate Permanent Mode and Ignore Telegramms
Use this parameter to set the behaviour of the group if night mode has been activated via the night object (No. 8). This parameter is only visible if you select 'normal / night mode'.	
Automatic Switch OFF After (min)	1 Minute 2 Minutes 3 Minutes 4 Minutes 5 Minutes 10 Minutes 15 Minutes .. 90 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the time after which a group in night mode automatically switches off. This parameter is only visible if you select 'normal / night mode'.	
If "staircase function" is selected.	
Behaviour in Staircase Mode	Delayed Switch-Off automatically Delayed Switch in 2 steps automatically Delayed Dimm-Off automatically
Sets the behaviour of the group in staircase mode. This parameter is only visible if you select 'staircase function'.	
Automatic Switch OFF After (min)	1 Minute 2 Minutes 3 Minutes 4 Minutes 5 Minutes 10 Minutes 15 Minutes .. 90 Minutes
Use this parameter to set the time after which a group in staircase mode automatically switches off. This parameter is only visible if you select 'staircase function'.	
Function of Additional Object	No Object Disable Object Release Object Staircase function Disable Object

Sets the function of an additional object. If you select "Disable object", an object appears which disables control of the group when the value is 1.
 If you select "Release object", an object appears which enables control of the group when the value is 1.
 If you select "Staircase function Disable Object", an object appears which only disables **the staircase function** when the value is 1.

This can be used to deactivate the staircase function for a certain time period, for example during cleaning.

Behaviour on release	No change Change to switch-on value Change to switch-off value
----------------------	---

This parameter only appears if an additional object has been selected. Use this parameter to define the behaviour of the object when enabled.

Enable for Panic Mode	No Yes
-----------------------	------------------

Determines whether the group is to be enabled for panic mode. The panic mode is controlled via central object No. 7.

Value in Panic Mode	1% .. 50% .. 100%
---------------------	---

Use this parameter to select the value for this operating mode.

Value on DALI Power Fail	0..100% [100]
--------------------------	----------------------

Sets the value of a lamp after a loss of DALI power. The value is saved on the ECG and the device automatically changes to the value when a power loss occurs.

Value on ECG Power Recovery	0..100% [100] Last Value
-----------------------------	---

Sets the value of a lamp after the DALI power is restored. The value is saved on the ECG and the device automatically changes to the value when power is restored.

Control ECG Power Line via Object	No Yes
-----------------------------------	------------------

This parameter brings up an object no. 66 for switching off the power supply of the ECGs via a separate actuator. The object is set to 0 with a delay (see next parameter) when all ECGs in a group are switched off.

When the group is switched back on, the object is reset to 1 to reactivate the supply.

After reactivating the first Dali telegram is sent delayed.

Delay for Switching OFF the ECG Power	10 Seconds 30 Seconds 1 Minute 2 Minutes 5 Minutes 10 Minutes
---------------------------------------	---

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Sets the time delay until the object is switched off.
The object is set to 1 with a delay when all ECGs are switched off.

Calculation of Dimming Values	logarithmic linear
-------------------------------	------------------------------

Sets the dimming curve for the group.

Behaviour

Parameter	Settings
Switch-On Value	1% 5% 10% ... 95% 100% Last Value
Use this parameter to set the switch-on value. If you select 'last value', the value is set to the dim value prior to the lamps being switched off.	
Switch-On Behaviour	Set Value immediately Dimm to Value in 3 Seconds Dimm to Value in 6 Seconds Dimm to Value in 10 Seconds Dimm to Value in 20 Seconds Dimm to Value in 30 Seconds Dimm to Value in 1 Minute Dimm to Value in 2 Minutes Dimm to Value in 5 Minutes Dimm to Value in 10 Minutes
Sets the switch-on behaviour.	
Switch-Off Value	0% 5% 10% ... 45% 50% ... 95% 99%
Sets the switch-off value.	

Switch-Off Behaviour

Set Value immediately

Dimm to Value in 3 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 6 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 10 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 20 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 30 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 1 Minute
Dimm to Value in 2 Minutes
Dimm to Value in 5 Minutes
Dimm to Value in 10 Minutes

Sets the switch-off behaviour.

Value-Set Behaviour

Set Value immediately

Dimm to Value in 3 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 6 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 10 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 20 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 30 Seconds
Dimm to Value in 1 Minute
Dimm to Value in 2 Minutes
Dimm to Value in 5 Minutes
Dimm to Value in 10 Minutes

Sets the behaviour on receipt of a new dim value via value setting. Please remember that the time always refers to the complete value range. A time of 30 s therefore means a value change of 100% within 30 s. If the value within a scene only changes by 50%, the change will only take 15 s.

Time for Dimming

3 Seconds
4 Seconds
5 Seconds
6 Seconds
10 Seconds
20 Seconds
30 Seconds
60 Seconds

Sets the dim time for relative dimming in relation to a value range from 0 to 100%.

Max. Value for Dimming	50% 55% ... 100%
------------------------	----------------------------------

Use this parameter to configure the maximum dim value that can be set through relative dimming.

Min. Value for Dimming	0% 0.5% 1% ... 5% ... 50%
------------------------	--

Use this parameter to configure the minimum dim value that can be set through relative dimming.

Min/Max Value is valid for	Dimming Object Value Object Dimming and Value Object
----------------------------	---

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Determines for which control the min/max values are valid. It is possible to set a maximum of 60% via dimming and 100% via value setting.	
Switch-On via Dimming	No Switch-ON with Dimming Objects Switch-ON with Value Object Switch-ON with Dimming and Value Object
Use this parameter to select whether a switched off group can be switched on when receiving a relative 4 Bit dim object, a value setting object or both.	
Additional Set Value Object incl. Dimming Time	No Yes
Use this parameter to select whether the value object should be used with the combined dimming time (DPT 225.001), see object No. 42.	
Please note: If you select the 3 Byte object (combination of value and dimming time) the dimming time is ignored in the ETS.	

Analysis and service

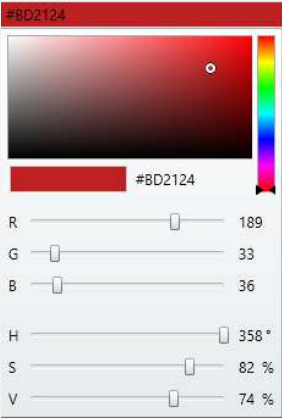
Parameter	Settings
Type of Failure Status Object	1 Bit 1 Byte
Determines whether the error object of the group is to be sent as a 1 Bit object without differentiating the type of error status or as an 8 Bit object with error type differentiation.	
Additional Failure Objects	No Yes
Use this parameter to select whether you would like to use additional failure objects	
Additional Failure Objects for	Failure Threshold Exceeded Failure Number/Rate
Use this parameter to select whether you would like to use the additional failure status object as a 1 Byte object for fault number /rate or as a 1 Bit object for when the fault threshold is exceeded.	
Function of Additional Failure Object	Total number of Failures Failure Rate 0..100%
Determines whether to send the total number of errors within the group or the error rate in %. This parameter is only visible if you select "Failure number / rate" as additional failure object.	
Threshold for Total Failures	1%...100% [1%]
Use this parameter to enter the threshold value in % . The error alarm object is sent when the value is exceeded. This parameter is only visible if you select "Error Threshold Exceeded" as additional failure object.	

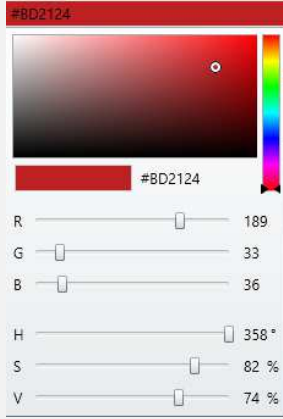
Operation Hour Calculation	Yes No
Determines whether an individual operating hour calculation is required for the group.	
Operation Hour limit (hours)	1 h..200.000 h [4000 h]
Sets the life span (operating hours limit) of a lamp after which an individual alarm is sent.	

Colour control

Parameter	Settings
Colour Control Type	none Colour Temperature RGB Colour RGBW Colour XY Colour
Use this parameter to select the type of colour control you would like to use for the group. Please make sure that the ECGs in the group support this type of control.	
If "colour temperature" is selected.	
Colour Temperature when Switching On	1000 K..10000 K [3000 K]
Sets the colour temperature that is to be used when switching on.	
Behaviour when Switching On	Keep last Object Value Use ETS Parameter above
Determines whether the last valid colour value or the colour temperature set in the ETS are to be used.	
If you select "Keep last object value", please remember that the colour set in the ETS will be used if the object value is invalid.	
Colour changing Fading Time	immediately 1 Second 5 Seconds 10 Seconds 20 Seconds 30 Seconds 60 Seconds 90 Seconds
Use this parameter to select how quickly you want to change the colour temperature.	
Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming	fast (10 Seconds) standard (20 Seconds) slow (40 Seconds)
Use this parameter to select how quickly you want to change the colour temperature during dimming.	
If "RGB colour" is selected.	

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Selection of Object Type	RGB (3 Byte combined Object) RGB (separated Objects) HSV (separated Objects)
Selects the objects that will be used for the colour control.	
Colour Value when Switching On	Colour selection
Use this parameter to define the colour for switching on. An ETS window appears from which the colour can be selected.	
	
Behaviour when Switching On	Keep last Object Value Use ETS Parameter above
Determines whether the last valid colour value or the colour temperature set in the ETS are to be used.	
If you select "Keep last object value", please remember that the colour set in the ETS will be used if the object value is invalid.	
Colour changing Fading Time	immediately 1 Second 5 Seconds 10 Seconds 20 Seconds 30 Seconds 60 Seconds 90 Seconds
Use this parameter to select how quickly you want the colour temperature to change.	
Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming	fast (10 Seconds) standard (20 Seconds) slow (40 Seconds)
Use this parameter to select how quickly you want the colour temperature to fade during dimming.	
If "RGBW colour" is selected.	

Colour Control Type	RGBW (6 Byte combined Object 251.600) RGBW (separated Objects) HSVW (separated Objects)
Selects the objects which will be used for the colour control. For more details about the combined object, please see chapter: <i>RGBW (DPT 251.600)</i> .	
Colour Value when Switching On	Colour selection
Use this parameter to define the colour for switching on. An ETS window appears from which the colour can be selected.	
	
Additional White	0..100% (Slider)
Sets the additional white value ranging from 0 to 100%.	
Behaviour when Switching On	Keep last Object Value Use ETS Parameter above
Determines whether the last valid colour value or the colour temperature set in the ETS are to be used.	
If you select "Keep last object value", please remember that the colour set in the ETS will be used if the object value is invalid.	
Colour changing Fading Time	immediately 1 Second 5 Seconds 10 Seconds 20 Seconds 30 Seconds 60 Seconds 90 Seconds
Use this parameter to select how quickly you want the colour temperature to change.	
Colour changing Fading Time via Dimming	fast (10 Seconds) standard (20 Seconds) slow (40 Seconds)

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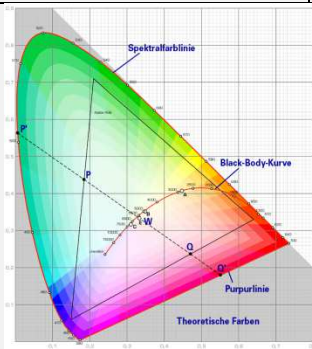
Use this parameter to select how quickly you want the colour temperature to fade during dimming.

If "XY colour" is selected.

Selection of object type	XY (separated objects) XY (combined object 251.600), see chapter XY (DPT 242.600)
--------------------------	---

Selects the objects that will be used for the colour control.

X-value when switching on (0..1)	0,33 value between (0..1)
----------------------------------	----------------------------------



Use this parameter to define the x-colour for switching on.
The value range is between 0 and 1.
X= 0.33 and Y=0.33 corresponds to the white point.

Figure 8: XY-colour spectrum
(Source: Wikipedia)

Y-value when switching on (0..1)	0,33 value between (0..1)
----------------------------------	----------------------------------

Defines the Y-colour for switching on.

Behaviour when Switching On	Keep last Object Value Use ETS Parameter above
-----------------------------	--

Determines whether the last valid colour value or the colour temperature set in the ETS are to be used.

If you select "Keep last object value", please remember that the colour set in the ETS will be used if the object value is invalid.

Colour changing Fading Time	immediately 1 Second 5 Seconds 10 Seconds 20 Seconds 30 Seconds 60 Seconds 90 Seconds
-----------------------------	---

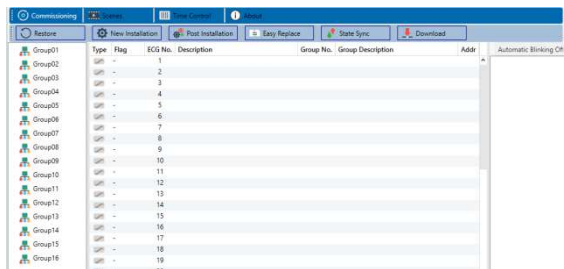
Use this parameter to select how quickly you want the colour temperature to change.

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DALI commissioning

Following the physical installation and wiring of the DALI ECGs and lights and the electronic commissioning, the connected ECGs need to be learnt-in.

To do so, please open the commissioning site in the DCA:



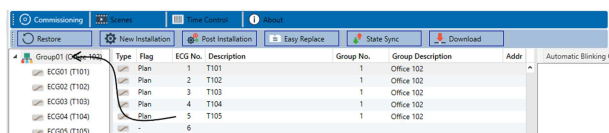
The group configuration is displayed in a tree structure on the left-hand side. The middle part shows a table for the ECG configuration and names. A list on the right-hand side shows the actual devices found in the system that have not yet been identified. During the planning phase the list is empty as the ETS is not yet connected to the system.

To start with you should plan and name the ECGs. Use the description field to enter a name (light number, room number, etc).

Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description
	-	1	T101

Double-click to display an editing window which will allow you to enter a maximum of 30 characters opened.

Now assign the individual ECGs to their corresponding groups. Use drag and drop to pull the ECGs onto the required group in the tree structure on the left-hand side.



Once an ECG has been assigned to a group via drag and drop, the group number is automatically displayed in the 'group number' field of the ECG configuration table.

You can enter a user-friendly name for the group in the adjacent 'group description' field. ECG and group names are automatically shown in the group configuration tree (displayed in brackets) as well as in the description of the ETS communications objects. Alternatively you can also name groups via the parameter pages:

1.3.1 DaliControl gc16 > G1, colour temperature > General

GENERAL Group 1 colour temperature

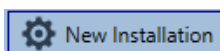
Having user-friendly names makes it much easier for the system integrator to link group addresses with communication objects.

G1, Office 102

- 39: G1, Switching, Office 102 - On/Off
- 40: G1, Dimming, Office 102 - Brighter/Darker
- 41: G1, Set Value, Office 102 - Value
- 44: G1, Status, Office 102 - On/Off
- 45: G1, Status, Office 102 - Value
- 46: G1, Failure Status, Office 102 - Yes/No
- 49: G1, Colour Temperature, Office 102 - Value
- 50: G1, Colour Temperature relative, Office 102 - Value
- 54: G1, Colour Control Fading, Office 102 - Warmer/Cooler
- 58: G1, Colour Temperature, Office 102 - Status

Once the planning, parameter setting and linking of group addresses have all been completed the DALI segment can be commissioned. To do so, please connect the commissioning PC with the ETS to the KNX system via an interface (RS-232, USB or IP). Once the connection is active, you need to program the physical address of the gateway. The communication between the plug-in and the gateway is based on the physical address.

Use the 'commissioning' page and the 'new installation' button to start the teach-in process of the connected DALI segment.



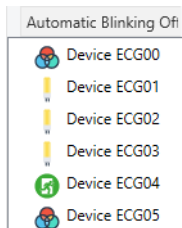
During the teach-in process all ECGs are automatically recognised and each ECG is assigned a short address from 0 - 63. Depending on the size of the connected DALI segment the process can take up to 3 minutes.

A bar in the bottom right hand corner indicates how far this process has progressed. At the same time a display also informs about the current process and the number of ECGs that have so far been found.

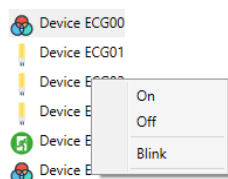
Found ECGs...(4)

Once the teach-in process is complete, all ECGs that have been found are displayed in the list of non-identified devices on the right-hand side.

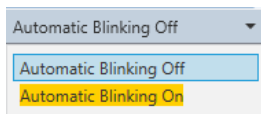
DaliControl gc16-01-0110



To identify the devices switch the corresponding lamp on and off. If you select an ECG and press the right mouse button, a context menu appears from which you can select the required function.



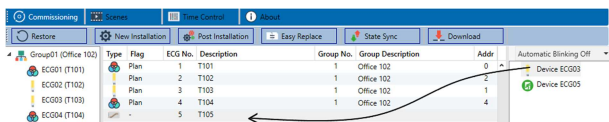
Alternatively, you can also tick 'on' in the box 'Flash automatically'.



In this case, the flash mode of an ECG starts by itself when a device is selected.

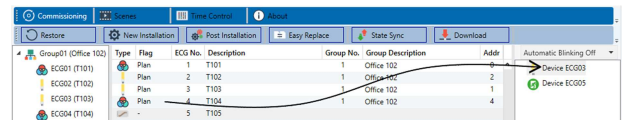
The context menu is also available at group level. During the identification process it might be useful to switch certain groups or all connected lamps on or off. You can also send broadcast commands via the context menu, in order to, for example, switch all lights on or off.

Once an ECG has been identified, you can drag and drop it onto the previously planned element in the ECG configuration table.



Once an ECG has been dragged into the ECG configuration table, it disappears from the list of non-identified ECGs. At the same time the 'PLAN' flag in the configuration table shows that the ECG has been assigned to the planned element. The last column in the table shows the real ECG short address. Please make sure that the short address is between 0 and 63.

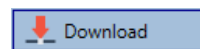
If an ECG has been wrongly assigned, it can be moved back to the list of non-identified devices using the same drag& drop mechanism.



The element in the configuration table is now available again (Flag: 'PLAN (E)' → Empty) and the ECG reappears in the list of non-identified devices from where it can now be moved to a different element if required.

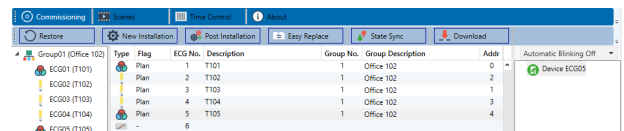
Please remember that at this point all operations that have been performed are only displayed in the work space. They are not immediately loaded onto the DALI gateway.

To start the process of downloading the settings onto the gateway and the ECGs, you must press the 'Download' button.



The download can take up to 1 minute. The progress bar informs about the current status.

Once the download is complete, all previously planned ECGs are programmed in the system with the DALI configuration. The respective devices are marked with an 'OK' flag in the ECG configuration table.

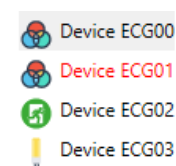


Attention: Please remember that the download on the 'commissioning page' only programmes the DALI configuration data onto the gateway and ECGs. The actual ETS application with parameter settings and group addresses still has to be downloaded onto the device.

This is done, as usual, via the normal download process in the ETS.




ECG info and errors

During the commissioning lamps/ECGs are identified visually (ON, OFF, flashing). It is therefore crucial that all lamps and ECGs operate correctly. If the gateway identifies a lamp or ECG fault during the installation process, the ECG concerned is highlighted in red.



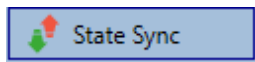
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Faults are displayed both for non-identified devices (right tree) and for ECGs that have already been assigned (middle table).

Type	Flag	ECG No.	Description
	OK	1	T101
	OK	2	T102
	OK	3	T103

Errors are marked with a red dot. Detailed information is available via double-click (see next chapter).

As the view is not automatically updated and as it may take a few minutes for the DALI gateway to recognise a fault, we recommend that you press the 'State Sync' button a short while after the installation.



This ensures that the displayed status is updated with the actual status and any faults that may have been detected in the meantime are displayed correctly.

Attention: If an ECG fault already exists during the search process of the initial installation, the device is usually not detected. This means that the number of ECGs found does not correspond to the number that was expected. ECG faults are only displayed in the manner described above if the ECG concerned has been previously programmed and is known to the gateway.

ECG and group detail info

In addition to the ECG faults, further ECG info is exported or displayed.

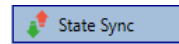
This information includes:

- Long address
- Short address
- Device type
- Device subtype (important for colour ECGs DT-8)
 - TC: Temperature Colour
 - XY: XY Colour
 - RGBW: RGB or HSV Colour
- Device subtype (important for emergency ECGs DT-1)
 - SW: switchable emergency lights
 - NSW: non switchable emergency lights
- Error status

For DT-8 ECGs with colour temperature control the following are also displayed:

- Min. temperature
- Max. temperature

Press the "State Sync" button to export and update the information.

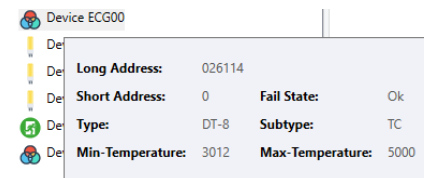


The process can take a few seconds:



ECG info in the right-hand side tree

Additional information for the ECGs is displayed via tooltip in the tree on the right-hand side:



To activate the tooltip, hover over the position with the mouse.


ECG info in the ECG table

Double-click to open another window with further details.

Plan	1	T101	1	Office 102	1
	Long Address:	4ED2B3	Fail State:	Ok	
	Short Address:	1	Subtype:	TC	
	Type:	DT-8	Min-Temperature:	3012	Max-Temperature: 5000

Group info in the group tree

Additional information for the group is displayed via tooltip in the group tree.

Value:	0%	ECG Count (Failed):	0 (0)
Operation Hours:	0	Converter Count (Failed):	0 (0)
Lifetime:		Fail Rate:	0%

Operating DALI devices

The DALI devices can be controlled in four different ways.

Broadcast:

In this case telegrams that all participating devices react to are sent to the DALI bus.

The commands are executed by all ECGs even if they have not yet been commissioned. Therefore these com-

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mands work independently of the status of the DALI system.

Group control:

In this case group telegrams are sent so that a particular group can be controlled. For this process to work correctly, the ECGs have to have been assigned to groups and the configuration has to be downloaded onto the gateway.

ECG control:

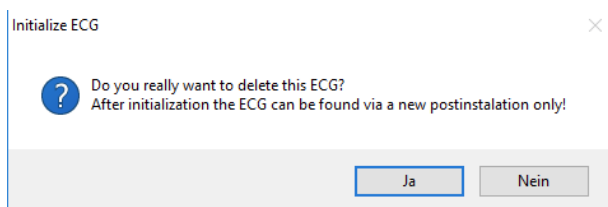
In this case, ECGs can be individually controlled.

Emergency (Converter)

The emergency converter can be set into inhibit mode. If the power supply for the connected emergency lights is turned off within 15 minutes after activating the converter inhibit mode, the lights are turned off instead of changing into emergency mode. This operating mode may be necessary during the commissioning and installation process to prevent constant emergency lighting and battery discharge.

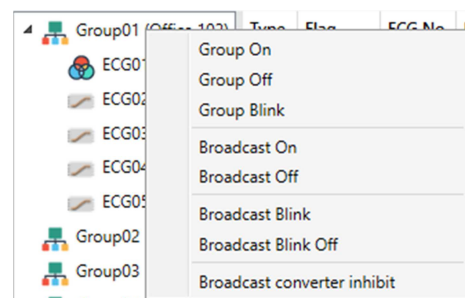
Initialize ECG

This function is only available in the right tree. This can be used to completely delete an ECG. After this action, it is no longer present and can only be found by a post installation. Therefore, this action must be confirmed by the operator:



The DCA offers different options to activate these commands. The gateway must be commissioned and a connection to the gateway must be available for all of the options.

Group menu in the left-hand side tree:

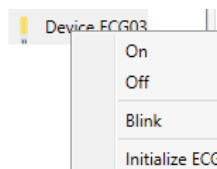


Context menu in the ECG table:

ECG No.	Description	Group No.	Grou
1	T101		
2	T102		
3	T103		
4	T104		
5	T105		
6			



ECG menu in the right-hand side tree:



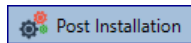
The following commands are available:

- On
- Off
- Blink
- Initialize ECG

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Post Installation

If you would like to enlarge an already commissioned DALI segment with new ECGs or would like to replace several faulty ones in the segment, please use the „post installation“ function.



When you start the post installation in the ETS, the gateway first checks if all previously configured ECGs are still available in the segment. ECGs that no longer exist or cannot be found are deleted from the gateway's internal memory.

Important instruction:

Please ensure that all ECGs are powered at the time of post installation to avoid that those ECGs are deleted from the gateway memory.

In case of the special parameter setting 'Control ECG Power Line via Object' the object to power on the ECGs is sent automatically.

Then the segment is searched for new ECGs. Newly found devices are inserted into any existing gaps or added on at the end.

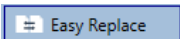
(Attention: Please remember that the maximum number of ECGs within a segment is 64!)

As the position (short address) of a newly found device is allocated randomly, you need to identify the lights and if required assign them to groups.

Afterwards the ECGs can be assigned to a group.

ECG Easy Replacement

When a DALI segment is commissioned, the short address, group assignment (if applicable) and other configuration data are programmed onto the ECG's internal memory. If you need to replace an ECG because of a fault, you need to program this data onto the new device. The DaliControl gc16 offers a function that makes it possible to quickly and easily replace individual ECGs. The "ECG quick exchange" can be started in the ETS.



The gateway first checks if any of the configured ECGs that are known to it have been reported as faulty. Then the segment is searched for new, unknown devices. If a new device is found, all configuration details of the old ECG are automatically programmed onto the new one and the installation is immediately ready again for operation.

However, the ECG quick exchange only works if just one ECG within a segment is faulty and replaced by a new

one. If several devices are faulty, the ECGs have to be identified and you must use the post installation function. Please also remember that the quick exchange is only possible for devices of the same type. You cannot, for example, replace an ECG for self-contained battery emergency lamps with a device for LEDs.

If a quick exchange is not possible because of any of the conditions above, the gateway terminates the process with an error code. The different error codes have the following meaning:

Error type 7: No ECG fault

Error type 8: More than one ECG faulty

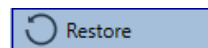
Error type 9: No new ECG can be found

Error type 10: ECG has wrong device type

Error type 11: More than one new ECG

Data backup and DALI configuration

This command is used to completely restore a DaliControl gc16, for example, by replacing it with a completely unprogrammed device.



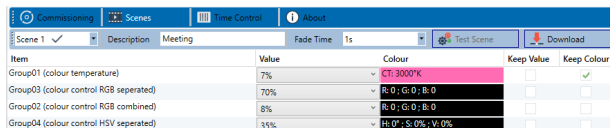
In this case all Dali relevant data from the ETS are written onto the device. Once this process is complete, the device is restarted automatically. This function only applies to the DALI configuration. It is therefore essential to carry out a normal ETS download for the ETS parameters and communication objects.

We recommend you do an ETS back-up after you have completed the configuration.

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Scenes

Scenes can be programmed in the DCA.

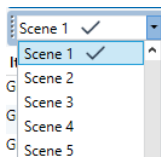


Configuration

You can enter a user-friendly name for each scene in the description field. The name can be up to 20 characters long. If you do not want a scene to start immediately but would prefer dimming it up to its final value, you can set the dimming time individually for each scene.

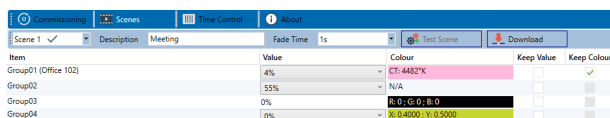
Please remember that the dimming time always refers to the complete value range. A time of 30s therefore means a value change of 100% within 30s. If the value within a scene only changes by 50%, the change will only take 15s.

Select the required scene from the drop down on the left-hand side.



A "tick" means that the scene has already been defined.

Use drag and drop to pull the groups that are part of the scene into the scene window in the middle.

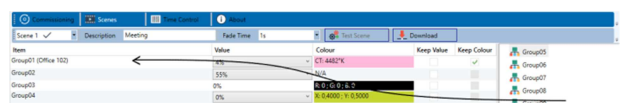


Enter the values required for the scene into each field.

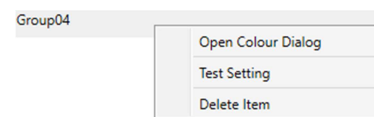
- Value**
A brightness level between 0 and 100% can be selected via a drop down field.
- Colour**
Shows the colour according to type of colour control for this group. Use the context menu or simply double-click to open a window to select the colour.

- Keep value**
In this case the current value remains unchanged when the scene is invoked. The entry field for the value is disabled. Any entry in the value field is ignored.
- Keep colour**
In this case the current colour remains unchanged when the scene is invoked. The entry field for the colour is disabled. Any entry in the colour field is ignored.

To delete an entry, select a group and use drag and drop to move it back to the tree on the right-hand side.

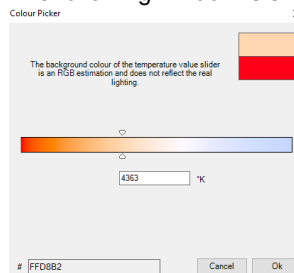


Alternatively, use the context menu (right click with the mouse) to delete an entry:

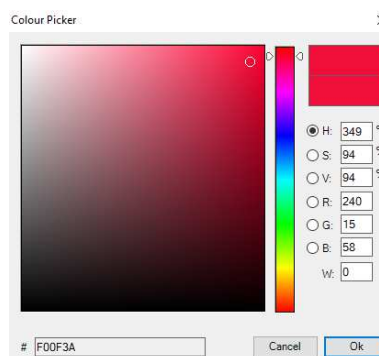


Colour entries

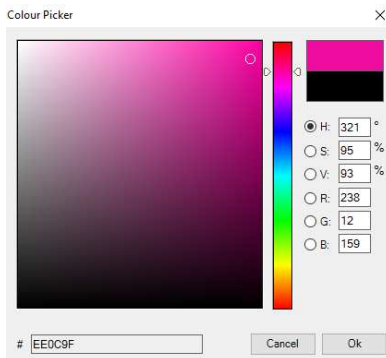
Each group can only support one type of colour control. The following window is shown for "colour temperature".



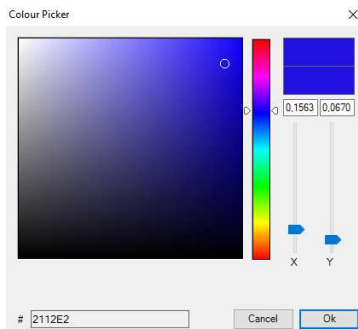
For RGB (RGBW) or HSV the window is as follows:



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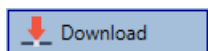


For the XY option, the following window appears:



Programming scenes

Once all scene values have been set, you need to download the scene onto the DALI ECGs. For this purpose, please press the download button in the top right-hand corner.

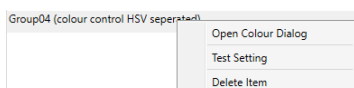


A connection to the DaliControl gc16 is required.

In principle, you can also plan individual scenes in the ETS 'offline', independently of the DALI system. The DCA only has to be connected to the gateway for the duration of the programming.

Testing a scene event

One way to test the settings for an event is via the context menu (right click with the mouse).

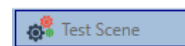


A connection to the DaliControl gc16 is required.

The command setting the value and colour of the group is executed. This means you can check the correct properties before programming the whole scene. If „Keep Value“ or „Keep colour“ have been selected, the current values are kept and the new values are not activated.

Testing the whole scene

After a scene has been programmed, the



button becomes active. Press the button to activate and execute the selected scene. A connection to the DaliControl gc16 is required for this purpose.

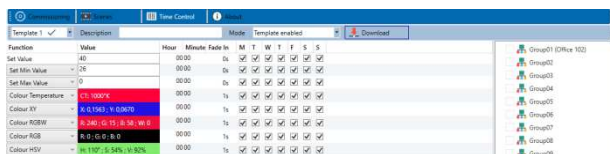
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Time Control

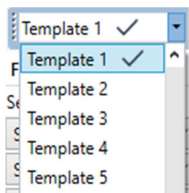
In order to use the colour setting options of DT-8 devices, DaliControl gc16 offers an integrated colour control module. With this module, users can automatically set a defined light colour for a certain time or date. This function is particularly interesting for white light control. Changes in colour temperature over the course of a day have a positive effect on well-being and efficiency in the work place. Educational institutions, hospitals and many other settings use daytime dependent white light control. However, the colour control module can also be used for general time-based colour changes. For example, a building could be lit up in red for the first half of the night and in blue for the second half.

Configuration

To create a sequence of different colour settings, up to 16 different templates can be created. A template combines different actions which perform a value or colour control event at a configurable time. Select the required template via the drop down template list.



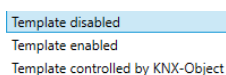
Use the drop down on the left hand side to select a template.



A "tick" means that the template has already been defined.

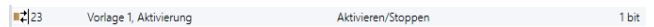
Use the description field to enter a user friendly name for the template. The name can be up to 20 characters long and is displayed in brackets in the dropdown list for information purposes.

You can also define the behaviour of the template:



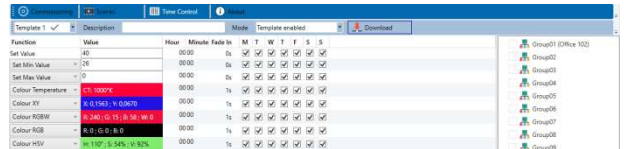
The template can be defined but disabled. By default all templates are enabled.

It is also possible to enable or disable the template via a communication object. If you choose the option "control template via object" the corresponding objects are displayed. See chapter "objects for time control module".

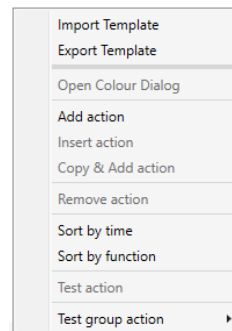


For more information, see chapter *Disabling/Enabling*.

Use the tree on the right hand side to tick the DALI groups that you want to include in the template.



The middle part of the page is used to create an action list. All groups that have been selected, automatically perform an action at the configured time. Altogether a maximum of 300 actions can be stored on a DALI gateway if all templates are used. A context menu is available to control and create action lists.



To open the context menu, move the mouse pointer onto an action and press the right mouse button.

The following functions are available to create and edit an action list:

Add action

Creates a new action and adds it to the end of the list.

Insert action

Creates a new action and inserts it between two existing list entries.

Copy and add action

Copies a selected action and adds it to the end of the list.

Delete action

Deletes a selected action.

Sort by time

Sorts the action list into ascending chronological order.

Sort by function

Sorts the action list according to function entries.

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Test action

Immediately executes the chosen action (without regard for any potentially configured transition time) for all selected groups within a template. A connection to the DaliControl gc16 is required.

Test action of the group

Immediately executes the chosen action (without regard for any potentially configured transition time) for a certain group within a template. You can also select the group via the context menu. A connection to the DaliControl gc16 is required.

Action types

Once you have created an action, the corresponding function can be set via the selection box. For each function, you can select a value, the time of the action and (if you would like the value to slowly cross-fade) a transition time. If you do not want the action to be performed every day, please enter the days of the week when you want to schedule the action. Please remember that only certain value ranges make sense for each function. In principle any value can be entered in the value field. However, if this value exceeds the possible value range, it is automatically limited to the maximum value. (For example, if you enter 200 for the function "Set value", the maximum value 100% is automatically entered.) The following functions are possible for an action:

Set value

This function sets the brightness level of a group. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

MinValue

This function sets the minimum dim value of the selected group for relative (4 Bit) and absolute (8 Bit) dimming. When using this action, any minimum dim value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

MaxValue

This function sets the maximum dim value of the selected group for relative (4 Bit) and absolute (8 Bit) dimming. When using this action, any maximum dim value set in the ETS parameters is automatically overwritten. The permitted value range is between 0 and 100%.

Colour temperature

This function sets the colour temperature of DT-8 devices that support the colour temperature setting (TC).

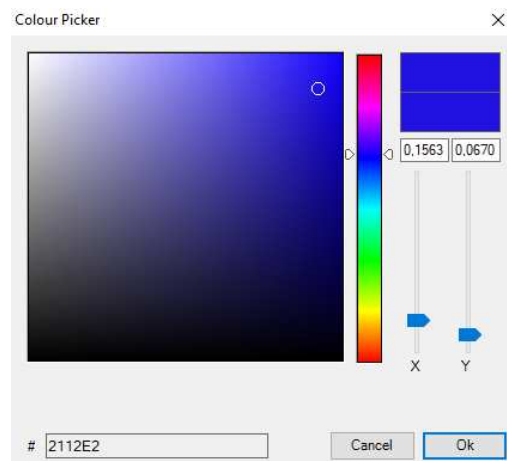
On the ECG the colour is also changed if the light is turned off at the time of the action.

You can enter the colour temperature range. The value range permitted is between 1000 and 10000 K but please remember the physical limits of the connected ECGs and lights.

Colour XY

This function sets the colour temperature of DT-8 devices that support the XY colour space display (XY).

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the light is turned off at the time of the action. The X and Y coordinates of the colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for X and Y is from 0.0 to 1.0. Please remember the physical limits of the connected ECGs/lights. Not every colour from the colour spectrum can be set.

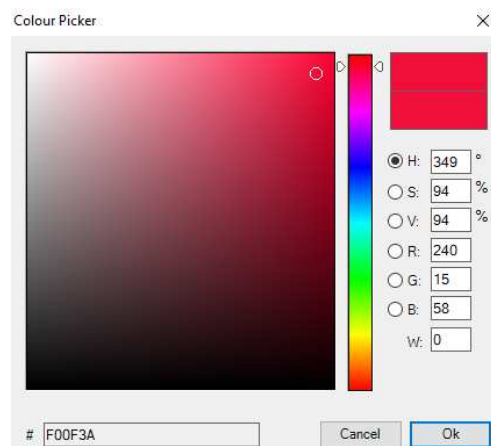


Colour RGBW

This function sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the primary colours RGB or RGBW.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the light is turned off at the time of the action.

The values for each primary colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for R,G,B and W is between 0 and 100%. The final colour is a mixture of the different primary colours according to their percentage.



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Colour RGB

This function sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the primary colours RGB.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the light is turned off at the time of the action. The values for each primary colour can be entered separately. The permitted value range for R,G and B is between 0 and 100%. The final colour is a mixture of the different primary colours according to their percentage.

Colour HSV

This function sets the colour values of DT-8 devices that support the primary colours RGB.

In this case, however, the value is entered by means of saturation, hue and brightness levels.

On the ECG the colour is also changed if the light is turned off at the time of the action.

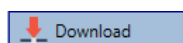
The permitted value range for the hue is between 0 and 360°, the value range for saturation and brightness is between 0 and 100%.

In principle, every group can be added to a template independently of the device types used in the group. Whilst the functions "Set Value", "MinValue" and "MaxValue" work for all device types, (including, for example, fluorescent lights DT-0 and LED modules DT-6), the colour control functions "Colour Temperature", "Colour XY", "Colour RGBW", "Colour RGB" and "Colour HSV" can, of course, only be executed by the connected DT-8 devices. Other device types will ignore these actions. This also applies to the selected method. A DT-8 device with XY control, for example, will ignore an RGBW action and vice versa.

If the DT-8 devices within a group or template use different methods but you want them all to perform a colour change at the same time, you need to set up two actions with different functions for the same point in time:

Colour HSV	H: 346° ; S: 100% ; V: 100%	15:00	1s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Colour XY	X: 0,5502 ; Y: 0,2870	15:00	1s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Set Value	0	15:00	0s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Once an action table within a template is complete, you need to save the template onto the DALI gateway. Please press the download button to do so.



Please remember that time-dependent actions can only be performed if they have previously been saved on the gateway. You can, however, test individual actions via the test button without saving them on the gateway. This does not change the data on the device.

Disabling/Enabling

A template can be enabled or disabled in the header of the editor.

This makes it possible to fully prepare a template whilst disabling its execution. This way you can, for example, create two templates: one for a building in normal mode and one for the holiday period. You can now simply enable the required template without having to modify any of the actions. It is even easier to control time-dependencies externally via external objects. If you select this setting for a template, you can control it via the external objects 23ff.



The value on receipt of the object determines whether a template is disabled or enabled.

Timer

To ensure the safe operation of the colour control mode the exact time and date are required on the device. This has to be provided by the KNX in form of 3 Byte communication objects. The precision of the DALI gateway's internal time calculation is limited. It is therefore essential to update the time at least once a day. When the application is started the device automatically sends a read request for time and date to the KNX bus. The colour control module remains completely disabled until an updated time has been received. Actions are only performed after receipt of a valid time. Please remember that the 3 Byte time object also transmits information about the current weekday (Monday – Sunday). (For some KNX timers this is configurable). If a 3 Byte object is received without this information, the weekday is not checked. This means that an action which has, in fact, only been enabled for Saturday and Sunday would also be performed on a Monday.

As the date is not calculated internally, the DALI gateway automatically sends a read request to the date object at 00:01 and at 00:04. At the same time, the time object is also automatically queried. A further read request is sent at 3:01. This avoids any potential errors when clocks change from summer to winter time and vice versa.

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Export/Import

To reuse a previously created template it is possible to export the template. The resulting xml file can be saved separately so that it can be reused in another project or template.

The export and import commands can be found in the context menu.

