



KLIC-DI SKY

KNX Interface

Commercial A/C Units

ZN1CL-KLIC-DI



Program version: 1.10

Manual edition: b

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DOCUMENT UPDATES

Version	Modifications	Page(s)
1.10_b	Revision of texts and style	-
1.10_a	Changes since version 1.9 of the application program: <ul style="list-style-type: none">Improvement in the communications during the start-up.	-
	Revision of the explanation about the activation of the Temperature Limitation feature.	17
	New section 3.2.6 <u>Indoor temperature sending time</u> , for further detail about this feature.	19
	Explanation on the non-cyclic behaviour of the step control.	23
	General revision and update of the table of correspondences between the error codes sent to the bus and the specific error codes of the machine.	27
	General improvement of this English version of the manual – texts and minor issues.	-

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. KLIC-DI

KLIC-DI is an interface that allows a bidirectional communication between a KNX domotic system and **commercial and industrial** air-conditioning units, through two possible application programs:

- 🌐 KLIC-DI VRV, for industrial A/C systems with variable refrigerant volume.
- 🌐 KLIC-DI SKY, for other comercial A/C systems.

Because of this **bidirectional** communication, the air conditioning unit can be controlled in the same manner as through its own controls, while the real status of the air-conditioning unit is monitored and periodically sent to the KNX bus to inform other devices.



Figure 1.1. KLIC-DI Interface

Important: In case of having a wired remote control also connected to the same communication bus of the unit, KLIC-DI will communicate with this remote control in a bidirectional manner, one acting as a **master control** and the other one as a **slave control**. It is important to verify that KLIC-DI and the wired remote control are configured as different types of control. This way, the control acting as a slave will update its status when it is ordered by the master, and will notify the master whenever there are status changes in the slave control itself.

KLIC-DI includes the following features, among others:

- Bidirectional control over industrial and commercial A/C units.
- Control of the main features of the A/C units: On/Off, Temperature, Mode of operation, Fan speed, Swing, etc.
- Error management handles the specific A/C unit error codes as well as any communication errors that may arise.
- LED indicator that allows monitoring the bidirectional traffic flow.

1.2. INSTALLATION

Figure 1.2 shows the element scheme of KLIC-DI.

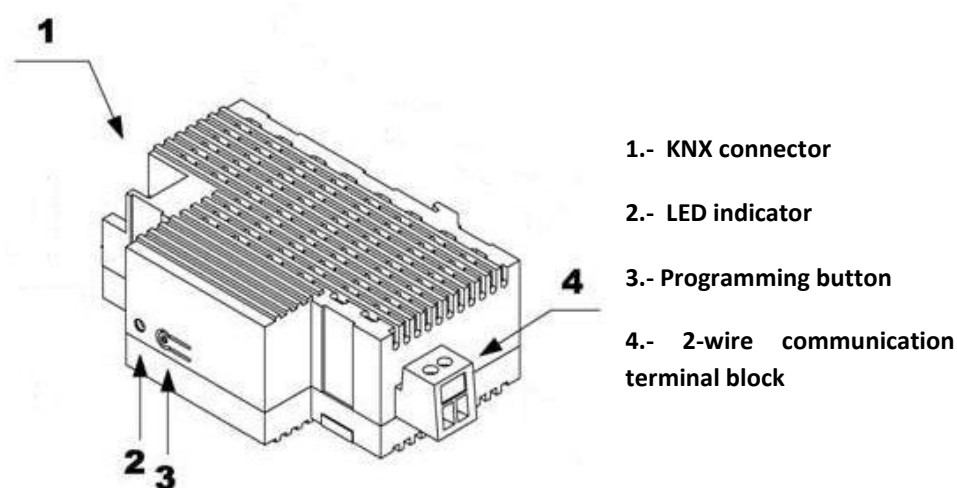


Figure 1.2. KLIC-DI. Element scheme


The KLIC-DI interface connects to the KNX bus via the corresponding terminals (1). On the other hand, this device is connected to the internal PCB of the A/C unit (P1/P2 connectors), using a 2-wire cable. See figure 1.3.


Note: If the wired remote control is also being used, it is necessary to make sure that the wired remote control is under the Slave mode if KLIC-DI is going to be configured as a Master control. And vice versa: if KLIC-DI is configured as a Slave, the wired remote control should be the Master.

Once the device is provided with power supply from the KNX bus, both the physical address and the KLIC-DI SKY application program can be downloaded.


This device does not need any additional external power since it is powered through the KNX bus.

The functionality of the main elements of the interface is explained below:

 **Programming button (3):** a short press on this button sets the device in programming mode, and the associated LED (2) lights red. If this button is held while plugging the device into the KNX bus, KLIC-DI goes into secure mode.

 **LED indicator (2):** light indicator that shows the status of KLIC-DI. Besides lighting in red when the device is under the programming mode, this LED may also light in blue and green, indicating the status of the bidirectional communication between the KNX bus and the A/C unit, resulting to be useful during the installation process. Next, the meaning of every LED color:

- **Red (still):** KLIC-DI is under programming mode.
- **Red (blinking):** KLIC-DI is under secure mode (the LED blinks red every 0.5 seconds).
- **Green (still):** failure in the external power supply of KLIC-DI (KLIC-DI is not connected to the A/C unit, and/or the A/C unit is not connected to the power line).
- **Green (blinking):** communication from the A/C unit to KLIC-DI.
- **Blue (blinking):** communication from KLIC-DI to the A/C unit.

 **Communication cable:** a 2-wire cable that will connect to KLIC-DI (through the provided terminal block (4)) at one end, and directly to the P1/P2 connectors of the PCB of the internal unit (or of the wired remote control) at the other end.

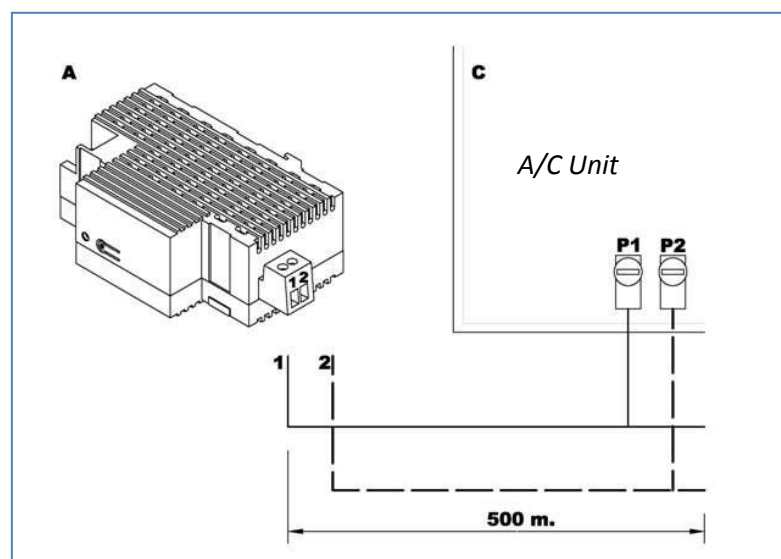


Figure 1.3. Connecting KLIC-DI to the P1/P2 bus

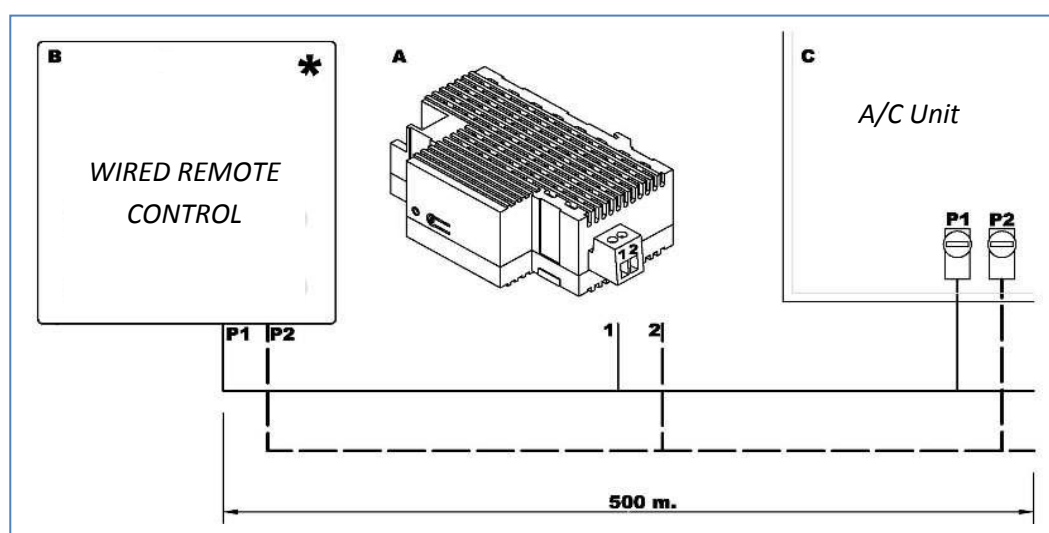


Figure 1.4. Connecting KLIC-DI to the P1/P2 bus with wired remote control

Diagram legend	
A	KLIC-DI
B	A/C Wired Remote control
C	A/C Unit
P1-P2	Connection base to A/C unit
1-2	Zennio connection terminal block
*	The wired remote control must operate in the opposite mode to that of KLIC-DI

To obtain detailed information about the technical features of KLIC-DI, as well as security and installation information, please read the interface **Datasheet**, included in the original package of the device and also available at <http://www.zennio.com>.





Referring to the KLIC-DI **Installation Note**, available at the same website, is also recommended.

2. CONFIGURATION

2.1. BASIC CONTROL

With KLIC-DI, an air-conditioning unit can be monitored and controlled the same way it would be with the infrared remote control provided with it.


Through the KNX bus, the following basic functionalities of the air conditioning unit can be controlled:


-  **ON/OFF** switch of the air-conditioning unit
-  **Setpoint Temperature.** Between 16 and 32°C.
-  **Operating mode:** Heat, Cool, Fan and Dry.
-  **Fan speed:** 2 or 3 levels available (depending on the available levels of the A/C unit).


These functionalities have a machine status associated, which is periodically sent to KLIC-DI. When KLIC-DI receives from the machine a status different to the previous one, it updates the status of the corresponding parameter in the KNX bus.


2.2. ADVANCED FUNCTIONALITIES

Apart from basic control functions over the air-conditioning system, KLIC-DI offers other advanced functionalities that provide added value to the wired remote control.

 **Scene configuration:** allows establishing a specific parameter combination in order to generate a determined climate ambient in the room. KLIC-DI allows configuring up to 4 different scenes.

 **Auto OFF:** allows an automatic and temporary switch-off of the machine (after a pre-established delay, if parameterized) if a status change in the communication object associated to it takes place. A typical application of this functionality is linking a window sensor to the auto switch-off object, which will allow switching the machine off while the window is open.

 **Temperature limitation:** setpoint temperatures of commercial air conditioning systems are by default limited to the range 16-32°C. This parameter allows configuring custom temperature ranges in ETS for modes Heat and Cool, provided that the custom values stay within the original range. In case of receiving a temperature command from the KNX bus with a value exceeding the configured range, the temperature value sent to the machine will be the corresponding limit value.

 **Indoor temperature and Reference temperature:** commercial a/c units include several sensors for measuring the temperature at different internal points.

The **Indoor temperature** is the internally measured value that, together with the **Reference temperature**, is used for controlling the modes Auto-Cool and Auto-Heat of the A/C machine.

The **Reference temperature** is the actual ambient temperature of the room to be acclimatized. It is necessary to provide the machine with this value through the corresponding communication object, which is highly recommended to be linked to a temperature sensor (installed in the room) that periodically updates the temperature value.


Modes Auto-Heat and Auto-Cool can be controlled in three different manners from A/C units:

1. The machine receives the Reference Temperature and, basing on a pre-configured hysteresis, it determines the corresponding auto mode.
2. The machine receives the Indoor Temperature and, basing on a pre-configured hysteresis, it determines the corresponding auto mode.

3. The machine establishes the auto mode according to the average between the Reference Temperature and the Indoor Temperature.

The temperature value used by the machine to switch between modes Auto-Cool and Auto-Heat depends on the configuration established in the A/C unit itself. In all the above cases, this value is compared to the setpoint temperature so that if the setpoint temperature is higher, the Auto-Heat mode is established; and if the setpoint temperature is lower than this value, the Auto-Cool mode is established.

Take into account: *It is highly recommended to link the Reference Temperature to a temperature sensor that periodically monitors the real temperature of the room, because it may happen that the pre-configuration of the unit is unknown, causing a wrong behaviour of the Auto mode. The Reference Temperature has a default value of 25°C.*


 **Error management:** this functionality allows sending messages to the KNX bus informing about errors. Error management handles both external errors from the A/C unit itself and those that may arise in the KLIC-DI – A/C unit communication process.

Apart from informing about the occurrence of possible errors it is also possible to configure the sending of the error type. In case of internal errors, the numerical code associated to the error type is shown in Table 2.1.


Error Number	Type of Internal Error
1	Data reception failed (inadequate speed, parity, etc.)
2	Communication time exceeded (Time Out)
3	Incorrect checksum
4	Incorrect response from the machine

Table 2.1. Internal Error Types

Regarding the numerical code that is sent in the event of external errors, it should be looked up in the user manual of the installed air-conditioning system, according to Annex II. Correspondence with A/C Unit Error Codes.

 **Initial configuration:** this functionality allows establishing initial values for the A/C unit statuses after installing the system or after recovering from a power failure. The statuses that may be configured are: ON/OFF, temperature, mode, fan and swing of the machine.

It is also possible to send the initial values to the KNX bus after the start-up.

 **Type of control:** it is important to consider the type of control (Master or Slave) with which KLIC-DI is going to be configured.

The Master control in the installation will be in charge of the communication with the machine and it will retransmit the instructions and the status from the machine to the slave control, in case it exists. However, both controls will be able to configure all the functionality of the machine.

This feature allows connecting to the same installation both the KLIC-DI interface and the wired remote control of the A/C unit, after selecting the desired master/slave configuration (avoiding that both are configured with the same type of control: it is not possible to have two masters and two slaves).

In case of having both controls configured as Masters, the screen of the A/C unit control will show the error code "88" and the error code "U5" will be as well sent to the bus.

Note: *When the wired control is switched from one mode to another (M / S), it is necessary to force a power interruption, so the wired control reboots under the new mode.*

Important: *The **BRC1E51A7** wired control can only operate as a Master control. In case of using this model in the installation, it is necessary to configure KLIC-DI as a Slave control.*

2.3. CONTROL FROM THE IR REMOTE

KLIC-DI incorporates by design an infrared receiver, located next to the LED indicator. This makes the installation process of the device easier, since it is possible to use the Zennio IR remote control (see Figure 2.1) to check that the control over the A/C machine is carried out properly.

Note: *In order to send the corresponding orders from the IR remote control to the interface, **it is necessary to have the LED indicator lighting (in red).***

The action that each button of the remote control performs is shown in Figure 2.1.

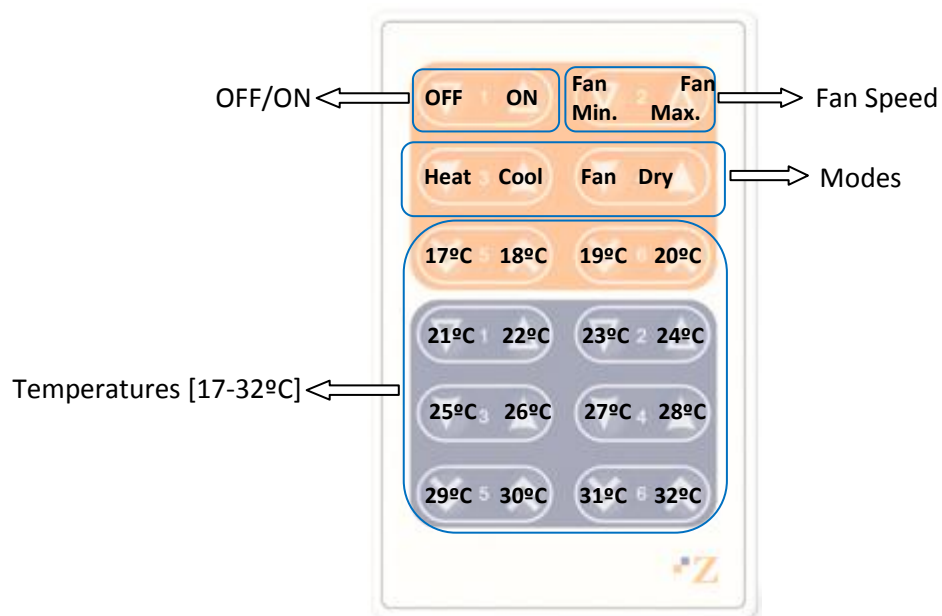


Figure 2.1. Pressing zones in the IR remote

3. ETS PARAMETERIZATION

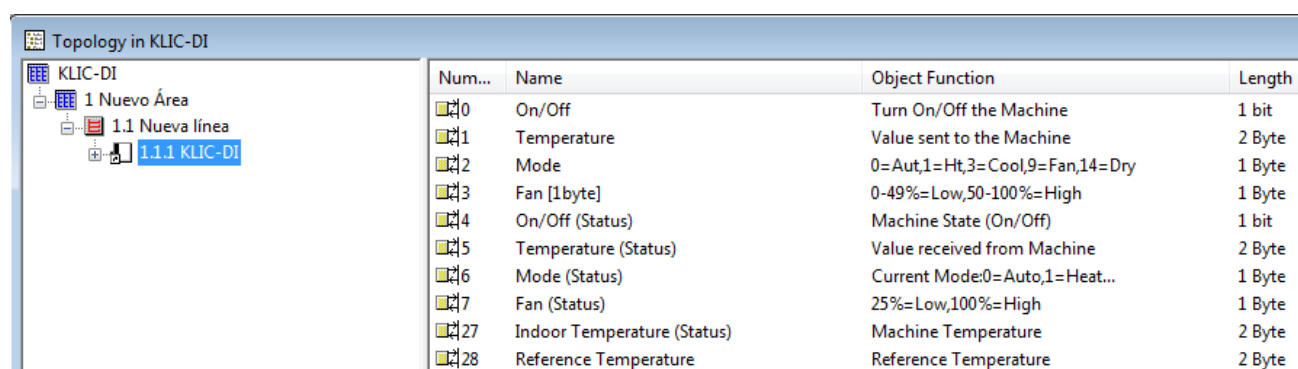
To begin with the parameterization process of the KLIC-DI interface it is necessary, once the ETS program has been opened, to import the database of the product (**KLIC-DI SKY** application program).

Next, the device should be added to the project where desired. And then, one right-click on the device will permit selecting "Edit parameters", in order to start the configuration.

In the following sections a detailed explanation is provided about each of the different functionalities of the device in ETS.

3.1. DEFAULT CONFIGURATION

This section shows the default configuration the device parameterization starts from.



Num...	Name	Object Function	Length
0	On/Off	Turn On/Off the Machine	1 bit
1	Temperature	Value sent to the Machine	2 Byte
2	Mode	0=Aut,1=Ht,3=Cool,9=Fan,14=Dry	1 Byte
3	Fan [1byte]	0-49%=Low,50-100%=High	1 Byte
4	On/Off (Status)	Machine State (On/Off)	1 bit
5	Temperature (Status)	Value received from Machine	2 Byte
6	Mode (Status)	Current Mode:0=Auto,1=Heat...	1 Byte
7	Fan (Status)	25%=Low,100%=High	1 Byte
27	Indoor Temperature (Status)	Machine Temperature	2 Byte
28	Reference Temperature	Reference Temperature	2 Byte

Figure 3.1. Default topology

The default topology window (see Figure 3.1) contains the communication objects associated to the sending and reception of the orders for basic control of the A/C unit: ON/OFF, Temperature, Mode and Fan.

When entering the parameter edition for the first time, the following window will be shown.

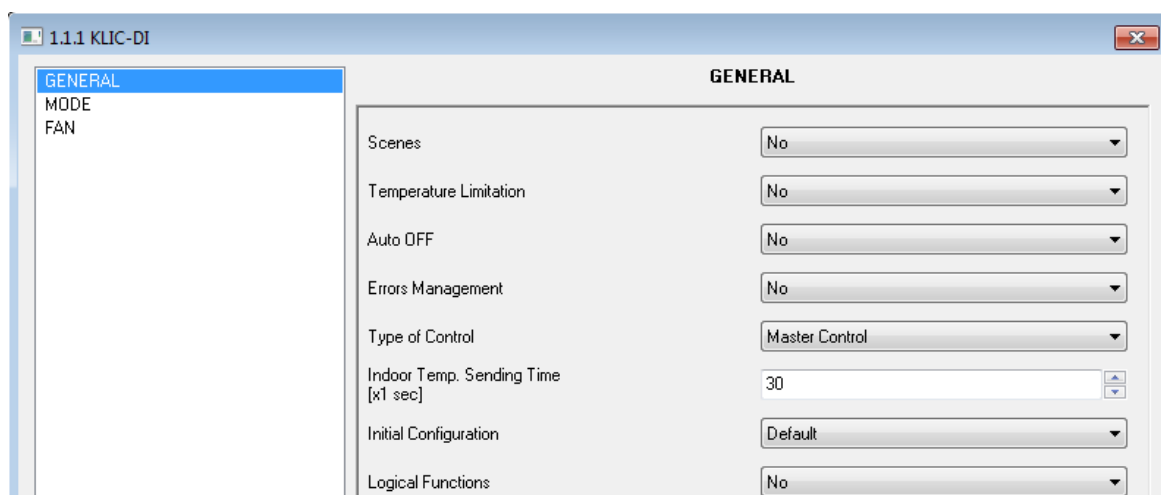





Figure 3.2. Default general screen

As seen in figure 3.2, the configuration screen shows three main windows:

-  **General:** to individually enable each of the advanced functionalities of the A/C machine.
-  **Mode:** to configure features related to the operating mode of the A/C machine.
-  **Fan:** to configure features related to the fan speed of the A/C machine.

3.2. GENERAL WINDOW

From the General parameter window it is possible to enable the advanced functionalities (Scenes, Temperature limitation, Auto OFF, Error management and Initial configuration), which are disabled by default. All these advanced functionalities are explained in detail in the following sections.

When the desired functionalities are enabled through their drop-down boxes, the left menu will show a new tab for the configuration window, while the related communication objects will also be enabled.

From the General window it is possible to configure the desired **type of control** for KLIC-DI (Master or Slave remote control) and the **Indoor Temperature sending time**, which allows carrying out a periodical sending of the indoor temperature measured by the machine, unless the value does not change.

All these advanced functionalities are explained in detail in the following sections.

3.2.1. SCENES

After enabling this functionality, the left menu will include the option Scenes, where to enable and parametrize each of the 4 available scenes. The scene number to be run will be sent (decreased by 1) to the KNX bus through the “Scenes” object, enabled for this purpose.

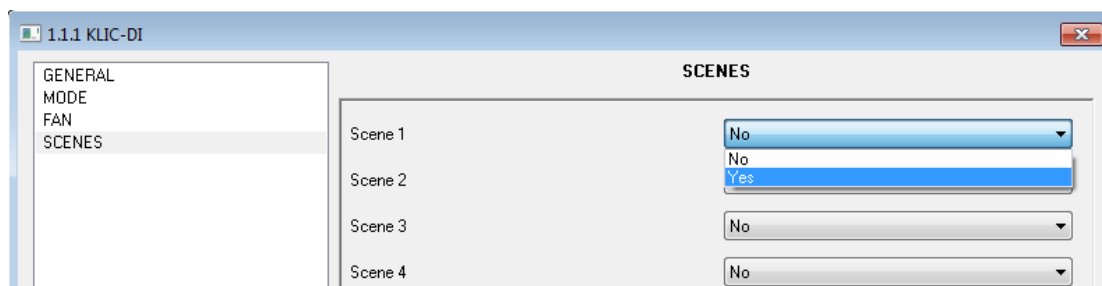



Figure 3.3. Scenes configuration

For every enabled scene, the parameters that may be configured are the following:

 **Scene number.** Indicates the scene number (from 1 to 64) on whose reception (through the “Scenes” object, decreased by one) the corresponding configured orders will be sent to the A/C machine. The available orders are:

- **ON/OFF.** Possibility to set the A/C machine status: No change, OFF or ON.
- **Temperature.** No change, or new temperature value (from 16°C to 32°C).
- **Mode.** No change, Heat, Dry, Fan or Cool.
- **Fan.** No change, minimum or maximum.

An example of scene configuration is shown in figure 3.4.

Scene	Scene Number	On/Off	Temperature	New Temperature	Mode	Fan
Scene 1	1	ON	New Temperature	25	Heat	Minimum
Scene 2		No				
Scene 3		No				
Scene 4		No				

Figure 3.4. Scene configuration example (Scene 1)

3.2.2. TEMPERATURE LIMITATION

The A/C unit limits setpoint temperatures to the 16°C-32°C range, causing that other values are ignored. Nevertheless, KLIC-DI offers the possibility of establishing new temperature limits if they are within the A/C unit predefined limits (please, check the A/C unit manual).

Temperature limits can be customized for the two modes with associated temperatures: Cool and Heat).

Mode	Minimum	Maximum
COOL MODE	23	28
HEAT MODE	19	26

Figure 3.5. Temperature limitation configuration

To make KLIC-DI aware of these customized limits, the specific communication object "Temperature Limitation" must be set to "1". To control the machine back with the predefined temperature limitations, the mentioned object needs to have value "0".

Once established the new temperature limits for every mode and enabled the functionality, when an out-of-range value is received from the KNX bus, the A/C machine will actually be sent a value equal to the corresponding temperature limit, while this new temperature will also be notified through the "Temperature sending" object.

Note: When custom temperature limits are configured in ETS, this functionality is automatically enabled by default ("Temperature Limitation" acquires the value "1") and it will be the personalized ranges that will control the unit behaviour when it switches on.

3.2.3. AUTO-OFF

This option allows switching the A/C machine temporarily off if a status change (from value "0" to value "1") in the associated communication object ("Auto-OFF") happens.

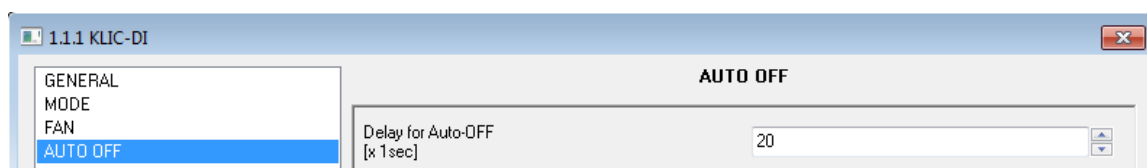



Figure 3.6. Auto-OFF configuration

The only configurable parameter is:

-  **Delay for Auto-OFF:** sets the time, in seconds, KLIC-DI waits before automatically switching the A/C machine off.

Once the A/C machine has been automatically switched off, any ON order will be ignored until the object "Auto-OFF" acquires the value "0".

3.2.4. ERROR MANAGEMENT

The “Errors management” window allows enabling the sending of messages to the KNX bus indicating any error that may arise: internal errors in the communication between KLIC-DI and the A/C unit, or external errors (errors in the A/C unit itself).

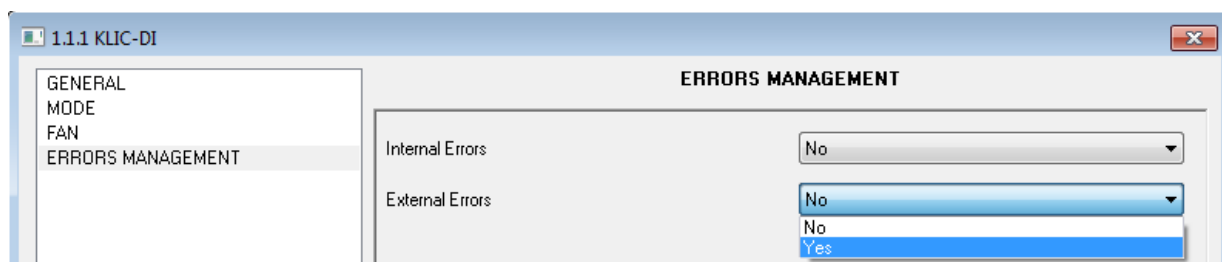




Figure 3.7. Errors management configuration window

Handling internal, external or both types of errors can be enabled:

 **Internal errors:** when enabled, two new communication objects appear: "Internal error" (1 bit), and "Type of internal error" (1 byte). The first one indicates if an internal error has occurred (value "1") or not (value "0"). The second object indicates the specific code that identifies the error (a numerical value between 1 and 4. See [Table 2.1: Internal Error Types](#)).

 **External errors:** when enabled, two new communication objects appear: "External Error" and "Type of external error". The first one indicates if an external error has occurred (value "1") or not (value "0"). The second object indicates the specific code that identifies the error (see the specific manual of the A/C unit installed as well as [Annex II. Correspondence with A/C Unit Error Codes](#)).

3.2.5. TYPE OF CONTROL

The control type of the KLIC-DI interface is also parameterized from the General window. This can be **Master Remote Control** or **Slave Remote Control**. This allows including within the same installation both a KLIC-DI interface and the original wired remote control of the A/C unit; it is important to avoid setting both devices to the same mode.

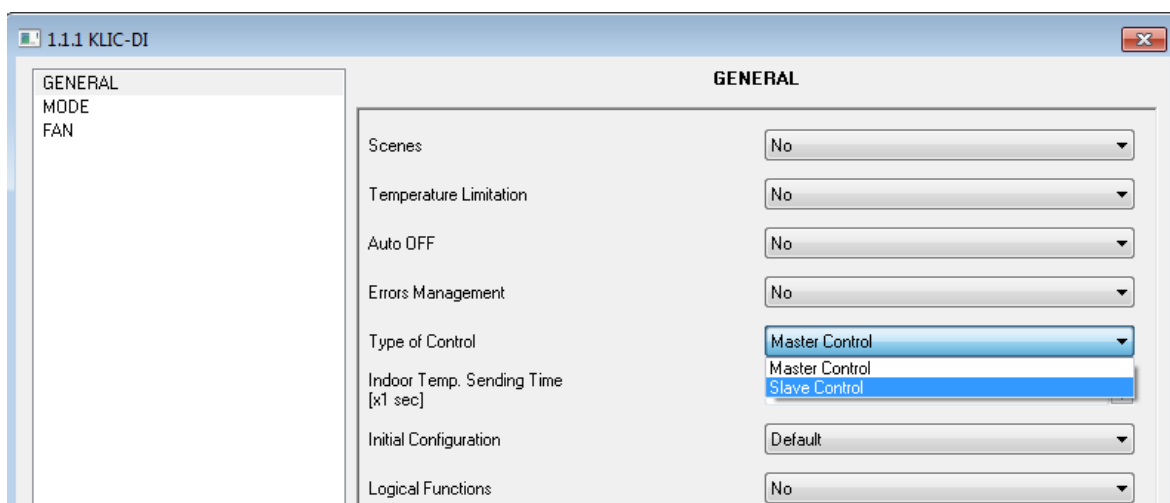


Figure 3.8. Type of control selection

3.2.6. INDOOR TEMPERATURE SENDING TIME

The “Indoor Temp. Sending Time [x1 sec]” parameter permits defining a period, between 30 and 255 seconds, for cyclically send the indoor temperatura obtained by KLIC-DI from the A/C machine itself during the internal communication process. This value will be sent to the KNX bus through the “Internal Temperature (Status)” object. Note that it will not be sent unless the value is different from the last sent, and that in the event of non having a built-in sensor in the machine for performing this measure, abnormal values may be sent.

3.2.7.INITIAL CONFIGURATION

This functionality allows setting an initial status for the very first switch-on of the A/C machine and for power interruption recoveries. This status can be the default or a custom status. If the latter is selected, the window in figure 3.8 be displayed.

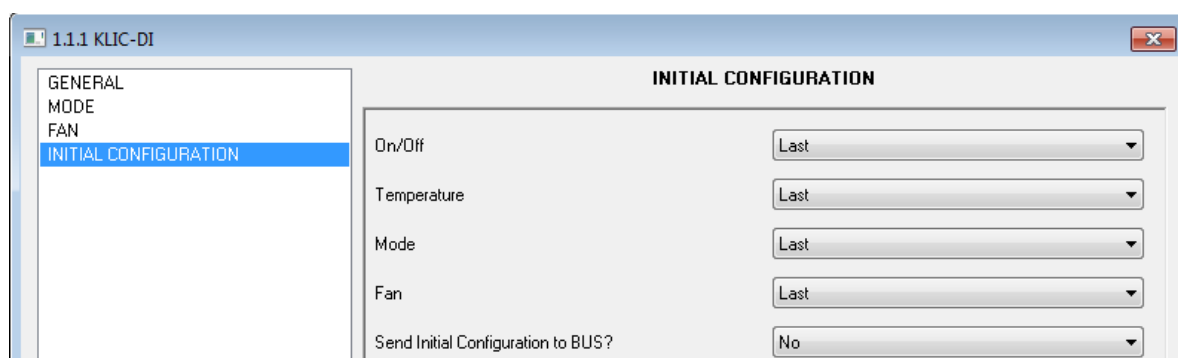







Figure 3.9. Initial configuration window

The variables that can be initialized are:

-  **ON/OFF:** last (the status the machine had before the power failure; on the very first switch-on, this will be assumed to be OFF), ON or OFF.
-  **Temperature:** Last or custom (a new field appears to set the custom initial temperature, between 16°C and 32°C).
-  **Mode:** Last, Heat, Dry, Fan or Cool.
-  **Fan:** Last, minimum or maximum.

Moreover, the initial statuses can be sent to the bus when they are applied:

-  **Send initial configuration to BUS?:** If enabled ("Yes"), a new field will appear next: "**Delay**", where to configure the time, in seconds, KLIC-DI delays the sending of the statuses to the KNX bus.

3.2.8. LOGICAL FUNCTIONS

This section in KLIC-DI SKY is meant to perform binary logic operations with incoming data from the KNX bus, and to send the result through other communication objects specifically enabled in the actuator for this operation.

Up to 5 different (and independent of each other) logical functions can be enabled, which can carry out **up to 4 operations** each. To use any of them, it is necessary to enable it in the following ETS window, which appears when selecting "Yes" in the Logical Functions box of the MAXinBOX 16 General window.

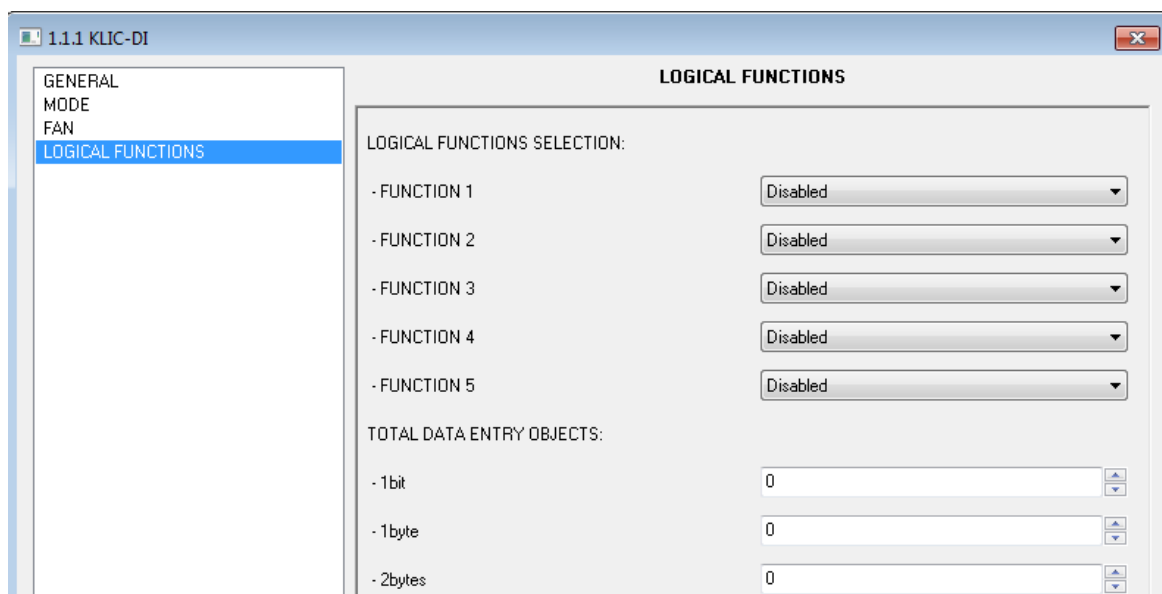


Figure 3.10. Logical functions module configuration

To obtain detailed information about the use and the ETS parameterization of the logical functions, please consult the specific document "**Logical Functions X5**", available at: <http://www.zennio.com>.

3.3. MODE WINDOW

As seen in *Section 3.1. Default Configuration*, the Mode specific window allows configuring some features related to the operating mode of the A/C machine.

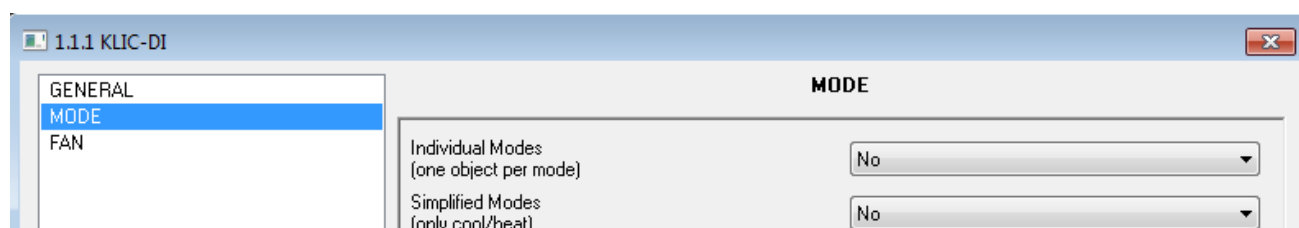



Figure 3.11. Mode window


 **Individual modes:** when this option is selected, 8 new 1-bit communication objects will be deployed. Four of them are associated to sending each of the available modes (Cool, Fan, Heat and Dry) while the other 4 objects refer to the reception from the A/C machine of the status of every mode.

The objects associated to the sending are: "Cool Mode Sending", "Fan Mode Sending", "Heat Mode Sending" and "Dry Mode Sending".

The objects associated to the reception are: "Cool Mode Reception", "Fan Mode Reception", "Heat Mode Reception" and "Dry Mode Reception".

Moreover, objects "Mode Sending" and "Mode Reception" (1 byte each) are available for use by default.

If the **Individual modes** option is activated, the operating mode of the A/C machine will be modifiable by writing the value "1" through the communication object associated to the desired individual mode. Moreover, the KNX bus will also be informed about the currently active mode, through the "Mode Reception" object and through the 1-bit reception object of the specific mode currently active.

 **Simplified modes:** enabling this option activates the "Simplified Mode" 1-bit object. This object allows switching from the Cool and the Heat modes by respectively sending the value "0" or "1" through the object. There is no status object associated to this control object.

3.4. FAN WINDOW

This window configures several features related to the fan speed (or the volume of the air flow) of the A/C machine.

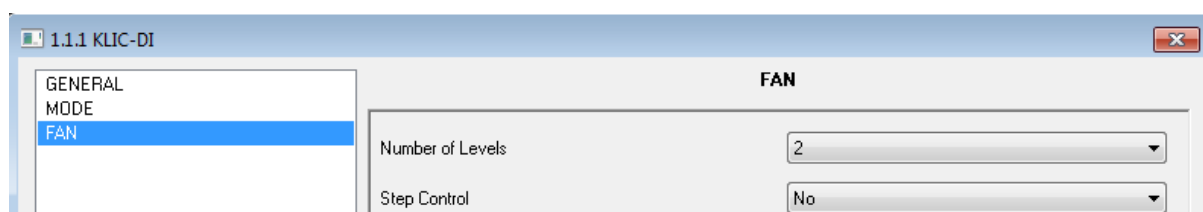



Figure 3.12. Fan window

 **Number of levels:** allows specifying the number of fan levels permitted by the A/C unit, which may be **2 or 3 levels**. The air speed is related to two 1-byte objects: "Fan [1 Byte] Sending" and "Fan Reception", for controlling and showing the fan speed, respectively. The control object ("Fan Sending") reflects this speed in percentage. This value will be interpolated so that it fits the available amount of levels, as it can be seen next. The status object ("Fan Reception") will show the current fan speed, according to the interpolated percentages.

- **2 levels:** The fan speed percentages will be interpolated as shown in Table 3.1.


Initial Speed Percentage	Interpolated Speed Percentage	Level
0-49%	25%	Low
50-100%	100%	High

Table 3.1. Fan speed percentages for 2 levels

- **3 levels:** The fan speed percentages will be interpolated as shown in Table 3.2.

Initial Speed Percentage	Interpolated Speed Percentage	Level
0-32%	25%	Minimum
33-65%	50%	Medium
66-100%	100%	Maximum

Table 3.2. Fan speed percentages for 3 levels

 **Step control:** enabling of this feature ("Yes") enables the 1-bit object "Fan [1 bit] Sending", which allows increasing (by sending the value "1") or decreasing (value "0") the fan speed in one level (for example, under a three-level parameterization and in the minimum level of fan speed, the value "1" sent via the "Fan [1 bit] Sending" object will cause that the fan speed level changes to "medium").

The step control is **non-cyclical**. This means that, being in the Minimum level (0%), any order to decrease the level will be ignored by the unit, which will maintain the same air level unless an order to increase it is received. Analogously, when the speed level is at its maximum (100%), it will not change until a decrease order is received.

ANNEX I. COMMUNICATION OBJECTS

SECTION	NUMBER	LENGTH	IN/OUT	FLAGS	VALUES			NAME	OBJECT FUNCTION
					RANGE	1st TIME	RESET		
GENERAL	0	1 bit	I	W	0/1	0	Last	ON/OFF	Turn ON/OFF the machine
	1	2 bytes	I	W	16-32°C	25°C	Last	Temperature	Value sent to the machine
	2	1 byte	I	W	0-255	Cool (3)	Last	Mode	0=Auto,1=Ht,3=Cool,9=Fan,14=Dry
	3	1 byte	I	W	0-100%	0	Last	Fan [1 byte]	2 levels: 0-49%=Low;50-100%=High 3 levels: 0-32%=Min;33-65%=Med;66-100%=Max
	4	1 bit	O	R-T	0/1	Status dependant	Last	ON/OFF (Status)	Machine state (ON/OFF)
	5	2 bytes	O	R-T	16-32	Status dependant	Last	Temperature (Status)	Value received from the machine
	6	1 byte	O	R-T	0-255	Status dependant	Last	Mode (Status)	Actual mode: 0=Auto,1=Heat,etc.
	7	1 byte	O	R-T	0-255	Status dependant	Last	Fan (Status)	2 levels: 25%=Low;100%=High 3 levels: 25%=Min;50%=Med;100%=Max
	20	1 byte	I	W	0-63	Indif.	Last	Scenes	Set Scene "value"
	21	1 bit	I	W	0/1	0	Last	Temperature limitation	0=Disable; 1=Enable
	22	1 bit	I	W	0/1	0	Last	Auto-OFF	0=Disable; 1=Enable

SECTION	NUMBER	LENGTH	IN/OUT	FLAGS	VALUES			NAME	OBJECT FUNCTION
					RANGE	1st TIME	RESET		
MODE	27	2 bytes	○	R-T	0-255	Machine type dependant	Last	Indoor Temperature (Status)	Machine temperature
	28	2 bytes	○	W	0-255	25°C	Last	Reference temperature:	Reference temperature:
	8	1 bit	I	W-T	0/1	0	Last	Auto mode	1=Set Auto Mode; 0=Nothing
	9	1 bit	I	W-T	0/1	0	Last	Cool mode	1=Set Cool Mode; 0=Nothing
	10	1 bit	I	W-T	0/1	0	Last	Heat mode	1=Set Heat Mode; 0=Nothing
	11	1 bit	I	W-T	0/1	0	Last	Fan mode	1=Set Fan Mode; 0=Nothing
	12	1 bit	I	W-T	0/1	0	Last	Dry mode	1=Set Dry Mode; 0=Nothing
	13	1 bit	I	W-T	0/1	0	Last	Simplified Mode	0=Cool; 1=Heat
	14	1 bit	○	R-T	0/1	0	Last	Auto mode (Status)	1=Auto mode enabled; 0=Disabled
	15	1 bit	○	R-T	0/1	0	Last	Cool mode (Status)	1=Cool mode enabled; 0=Disabled
	16	1 bit	○	R-T	0/1	0	Last	Heat mode (Status)	1=Heat mode enabled; 0=Disabled
	17	1 bit	○	R-T	0/1	0	Last	Fan mode (Status)	1=Fan mode enabled; 0=Disabled
	18	1 bit	○	R-T	0/1	0	Last	Dry mode (Status)	1=Dry mode enabled; 0=Disabled
FAN	19	1 bit	I	W	1	0	Indif.	Fan [1bit]	0=Down; 1=Up
ERRORS MANAGEMENT	23	1 bit	○	R-T	0/1	Connec. status depend.	Connev. status depend.	Internal Error (Status)	0=No Error; 1=Error
	24	1 byte	○	R-T	1-4	Error type depend.	Error type depend.	Type of Internal Error (Status)	1=Recep.error,2=Timeout,3=CRC...

SECTION	NUMBER	LENGTH	IN/OUT	FLAGS	VALUES			NAME	OBJECT FUNCTION
					RANGE	1st TIME	RESET		
	25	1 bit	○	R-T	0/1	Machine status depend.	Machine status depend.	External Error (Status)	0=No Error; 1=Error
	26	1-byte	○	R-T	0-255	Error type depend.	Error type depend.	Type of External Error (Status)	Check errors table
LOGICAL FUNCTIONS	29-44	1 bit	I	W	0/1	0	Last	[LF] (1 bit) Data Entry 1 ... [LF] (1 bit) Data Entry 16	Binary data entry (0/1) ... Binary data entry (0/1)
	45-52	1 byte	I	W	0-255	0	Last	[LF] (1 byte) Data Entry 1 ... [LF] (1 byte) Data Entry 8	1 byte data entry (0-255) ... 1 byte data entry (0-255)
	53-60	2 bytes	I	W	0-FFFF	0	Last	[LF] (2 bytes) Data Entry 1 ... [LF] (2 bytes) Data Entry 8	2 byte data entry (0-FFFF) ... 2 byte data entry (0-FFFF)
	61-65	1 bit	O	RT	0/1	0	Last	[LF] Function 1 RESULT (1 bit) ... [LF] Function 5 RESULT (1 bit)	Function 1 RESULT ... Function 5 RESULT
	66-70	1 byte	O	RT	0-255	0	Last	[LF] Function 1 RESULT (1 byte) ... [LF] Function 5 RESULT (1 byte)	Function 1 RESULT ... Function 5 RESULT
	71-75	2 bytes	O	RT	0-FFFF	0	Last	[LF] Function 1 RESULT (2 bytes) ... [LF] Function 5 RESULT (2 bytes)	Function 1 RESULT ... Function 5 RESULT
					0°C-120°C	25°C	Last	[LF] Function 1 RESULT (2 bytes) ... [LF] Function 5 RESULT (2 bytes)	Function 1 RESULT ... Function 5 RESULT

ANNEX II. CORRESPONDENCE WITH A/C UNIT ERROR CODES

Correspondence between the error codes sent to the KNX bus by KLIC-DI and the error codes of the A/C units themselves:

Bus	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code	PV	Code
1	1	26	AA	51	E3	76	HC	101	J5	126	LE	151	U7	176	30	201	49	226	62						
2	2	27	AH	52	E4	77	HJ	102	J6	127	LF	152	U8	177	31	202	4A	227	63						
3	3	28	AC	53	E5	78	HE	103	J7	128	P0	153	U9	178	32	203	4H	228	64						
4	4	29	AJ	54	E6	79	HF	104	J8	129	P1	154	UA	179	33	204	4C	229	65						
5	5	30	AE	55	E7	80	F0	105	J9	130	P2	155	UH	180	34	205	4J	230	66						
6	6	31	AF	56	E8	81	F1	106	JA	131	P3	156	UC	181	35	206	4E	231	67						
7	7	32	C0	57	E9	82	F2	107	JH	132	P4	157	UJ	182	36	207	4F	232	68						
8	8	33	C1	58	EA	83	F3	108	JC	133	P5	158	UE	183	37	208	50	233	69						
9	9	34	C2	59	EH	84	F4	109	JJ	134	P6	159	UF	184	38	209	51	234	6A						
10	0A	35	C3	60	EC	85	F5	110	JE	135	P7	160	M0	185	39	210	52	235	6H						
11	0H	36	C4	61	EJ	86	F6	111	JF	136	P8	161	M1	186	3A	211	53	236	6C						
12	0C	37	C5	62	EE	87	F7	112	L0	137	P9	162	M2	187	3H	212	54	237	6J						
13	0J	38	C6	63	EF	88	F8	113	L1	138	PA	163	M3	188	3C	213	55	238	6E						
14	0E	39	C7	64	H0	89	F9	114	L2	139	PH	164	M4	189	3J	214	56	239	6F						
15	0F	40	C8	65	H1	90	FA	115	L3	140	PC	165	M5	190	3E	215	57								
16	A0	41	C9	66	H2	91	FH	116	L4	141	PJ	166	M6	191	3F	216	58								
17	A1	42	CA	67	H3	92	FC	117	L5	142	PE	167	M7	192	40	217	59								
18	A2	43	CH	68	H4	93	FJ	118	L6	143	PF	168	M8	193	41	218	5A								
19	A3	44	CC	69	H5	94	FE	119	L7	144	U0	169	M9	194	42	219	5H								
20	A4	45	CJ	70	H6	95	FF	120	L8	145	U1	170	MA	195	43	220	5C								
21	A5	46	CE	71	H7	96	J0	121	L9	146	U2	171	MH	196	44	221	5J								
22	A6	47	CF	72	H8	97	J1	122	LA	147	U3	172	MC	197	45	222	5E								
23	A7	48	E0	73	H9	98	J2	123	LH	148	U4	173	MJ	198	46	223	5F								
24	A8	49	E1	74	HA	99	J3	124	LC	149	U5	174	ME	199	47	224	60								
25	A9	50	E2	75	HH	100	J4	125	LJ	150	U6	175	MF	200	48	225	61								



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